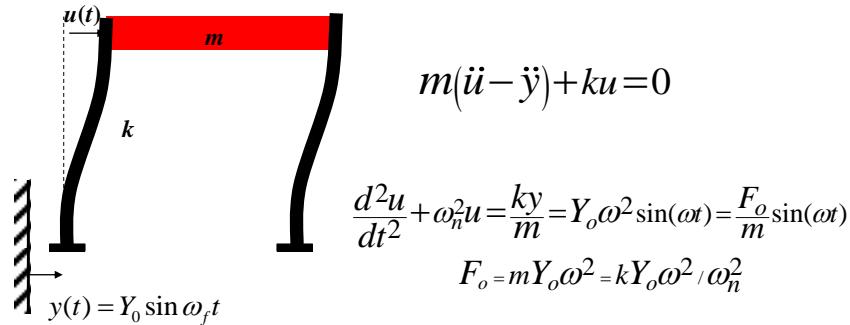
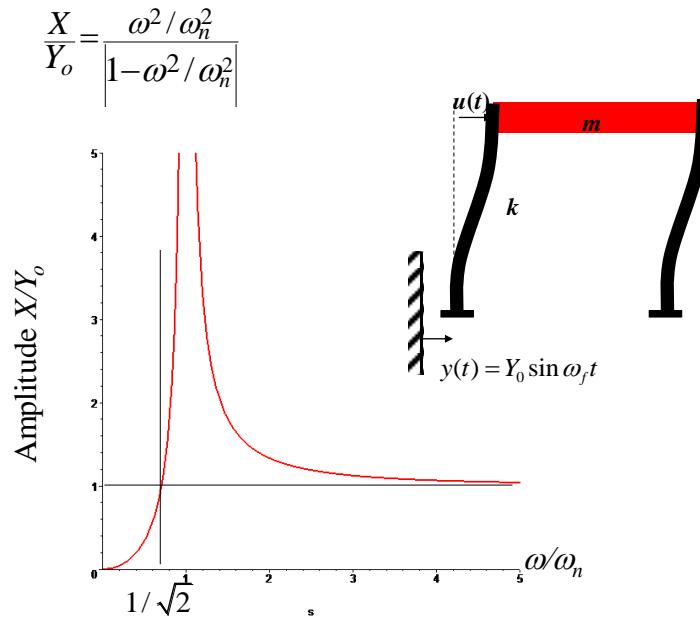


Base Excitation: Undamped



$$X = \frac{F_0/k}{\left|1 - \omega^2/\omega_n^2\right|} = \frac{Y_o \omega^2 / \omega_n^2}{\left|1 - \omega^2 / \omega_n^2\right|}$$

Amplitude of the steady state response



The absolute motion of the mass

$x(t) = u(t) + y(t)$

$u(t)$

m

k

$y(t) = Y_0 \sin \omega_f t$

$m \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + k(x - y) = 0$

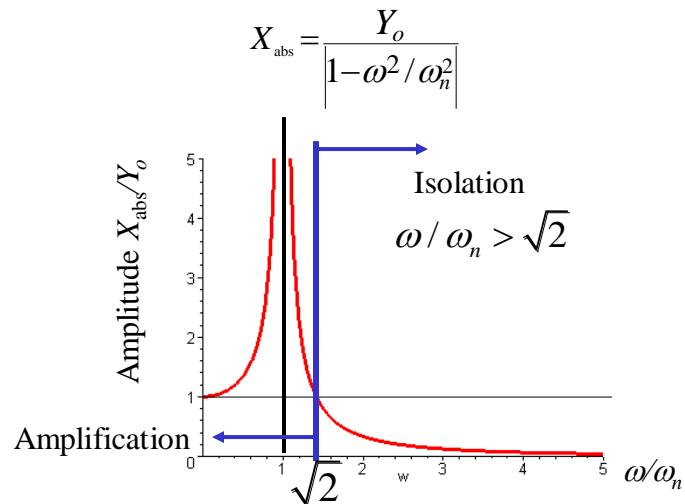
$\frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + \omega_n^2 x = \frac{ky}{m} = \frac{ky}{m} = Y_0 \omega_n^2 \sin(\omega t) = \frac{F_0}{m} \sin(\omega t)$

$F_0 = m Y_0 \omega_n^2 = k Y_0$

$x(t) = u(t) + y(t) = X_{\text{abs}} \sin(\omega t)$

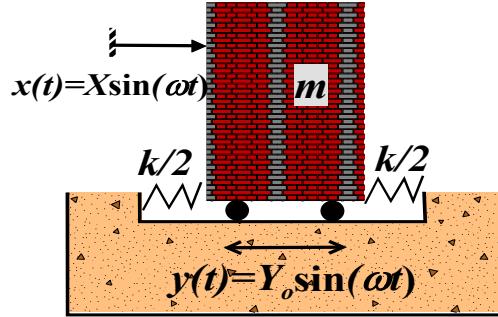
$$X_{\text{abs}} = \frac{F_0/k}{\left|1 - \omega^2/\omega_n^2\right|} = \frac{Y_0}{\left|1 - \omega^2/\omega_n^2\right|}$$

Amplitude of the steady state response



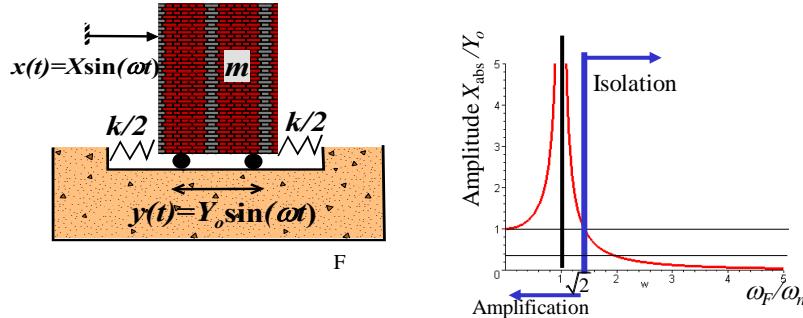
Pick a (soft) spring so that $\omega_n^2 = k/m < \omega^2/2$.

Building Base Isolation Design



- Building mass $m=10^4 \text{ kg}$
- Maximum allowable building motion $X_{\text{abs}}=2 \text{ cm}$.
- Ground Motion:
 - Max amplitude $Y_o=5 \text{ cm}$.
 - Freq range is $f=\omega/2\pi=3-5\text{hz}$

Building Base Isolation Design

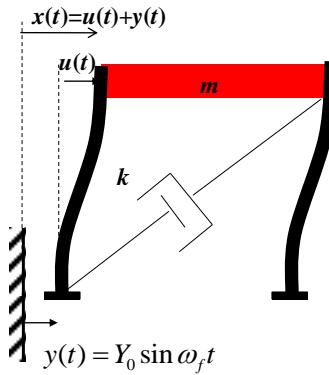


$$\frac{X_{\text{abs}}}{Y_o} = \frac{1}{|1 - \omega_F^2 / \omega_n^2|} \leq \frac{2}{5} \Rightarrow \omega_F^2 / \omega_n^2 \geq \frac{7}{2} \Rightarrow \omega_n^2 = \frac{k}{m} \leq \frac{2}{7} \omega_F^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_n^2 = \frac{k}{m} \leq \frac{2}{7} (6\pi / \text{sec})^2$$

$$k \leq 10^4 kg \frac{2}{7} (6\pi / \text{sec})^2 = 1 \text{MN/m}$$

Base Excitation: Effect of damping



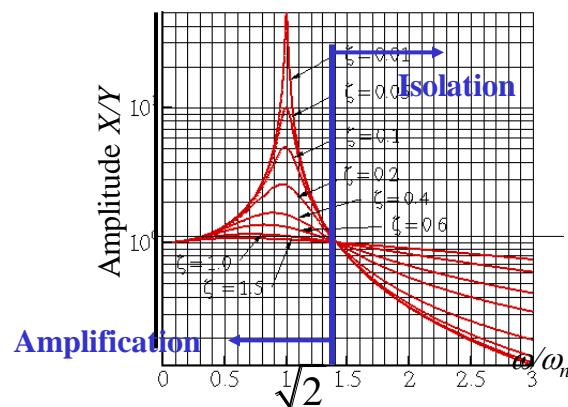
$$m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + c(\dot{x} - \dot{y}) + k(x - y) = 0$$

$$\ddot{x} + 2\zeta\omega_n\dot{x} + \omega_n^2 x = \omega_n^2 y + 2\zeta\omega_n\dot{y} = \omega_n^2 Y \sin(\omega t) + 2\zeta Y \omega_n \omega \cos(\omega t)$$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} \quad \zeta = \frac{C}{2m\omega_n} = \frac{C}{2\sqrt{mk}} < 1$$

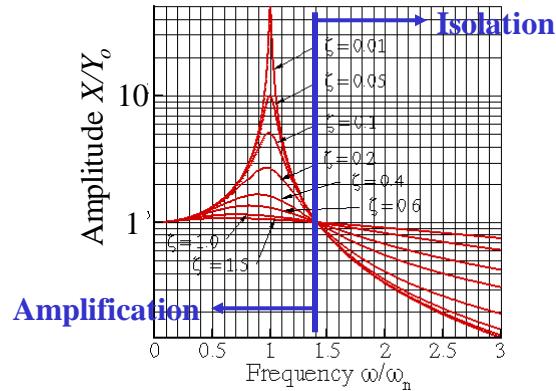
Amplitude of the steady state response

$$X_{\text{abs}} = Y \sqrt{\frac{1 + 2\zeta r^2}{(1 - r^2)^2 + (2\zeta r)^2}}, \quad r = \frac{\omega}{\omega_n}$$

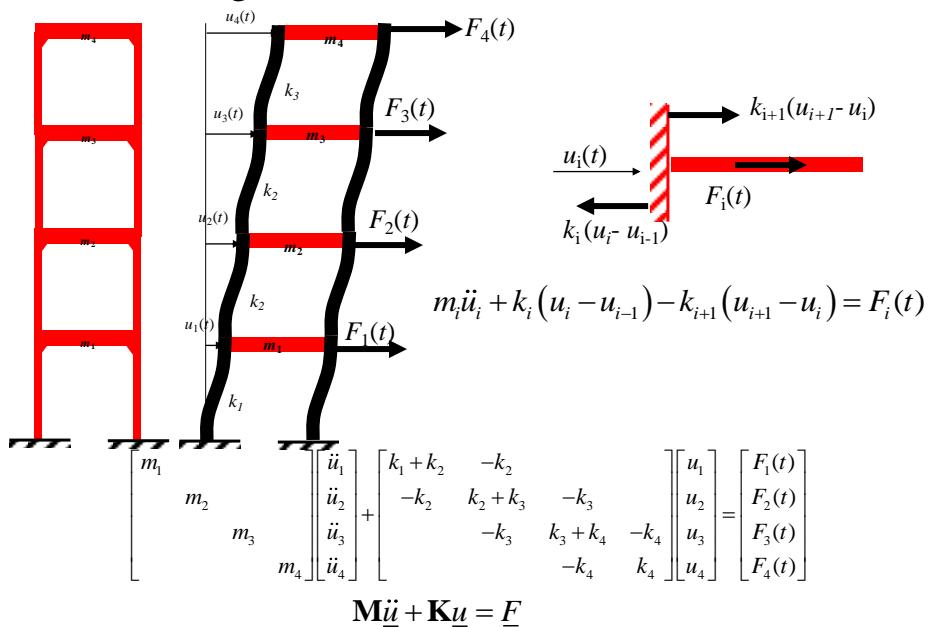


For Good Isolation: $X_{\text{abs}} > Y_o$:

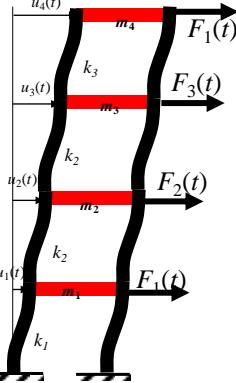
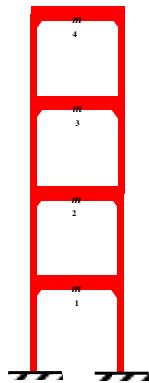
- Pick a (soft) spring so that $(\omega_n)^2 = k/m < \omega^2/2$.
- Keep damping low (with caution)



Multi Degree of Freedom forced vibrations:



Periodic vibrations: $\underline{F}(t) = \underline{f} \sin(\omega t)$



$$\mathbf{M}\ddot{\underline{u}} + \mathbf{K}\underline{u} = \underline{f} \sin \omega t$$

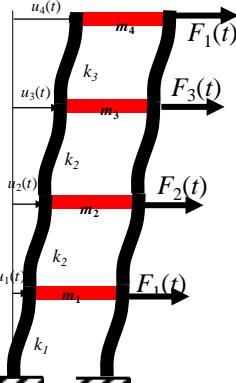
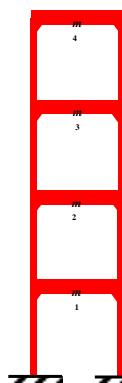
$$\underline{u}(t) = \sin(\omega t) \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \underline{A}_i$$

$$\sum X_i (-\omega^2 \mathbf{M} \underline{A}_i + \mathbf{K} \underline{A}_i) = \underline{f}$$

$$\sum X_i (-\omega^2 + \omega_i^2) \mathbf{M} \underline{A}_i = \underline{f}$$

$$\underline{A}_j \cdot \sum X_i (-\omega^2 + \omega_i^2) \mathbf{M} \underline{A}_i = \sum X_i (-\omega^2 + \omega_i^2) \underline{A}_j \cdot \mathbf{M} \underline{A}_i = \underline{A}_j \cdot \underline{f}$$

Periodic vibrations: $\underline{F}(t) = \underline{f} \sin(\omega t)$



$$\underline{u}(t) = \sin(\omega t) \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \underline{A}_i$$

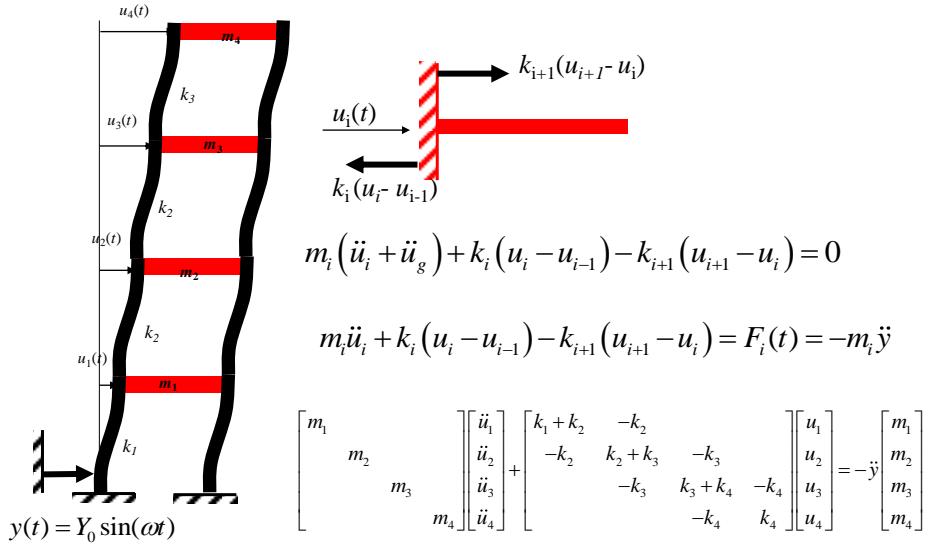
$$\sum X_i (-\omega^2 + \omega_i^2) \underline{A}_j \cdot \mathbf{M} \underline{A}_i = \underline{A}_j \cdot \underline{f}$$

$$\underline{A}_j \cdot \mathbf{M} \underline{A}_i = 0 \quad i \neq j$$

$$X_j = \frac{\underline{A}_j \cdot \underline{f}}{(-\omega^2 + \omega_i^2) \underline{A}_j \cdot \mathbf{M} \underline{A}_j}$$

Resonance in a given mode if $\omega^2 \approx \omega_i^2$

Base Motion: $y(t) = Y_0 \sin(\omega t)$



Base Motion: $y(t) = Y_0 \sin(\omega t)$

