

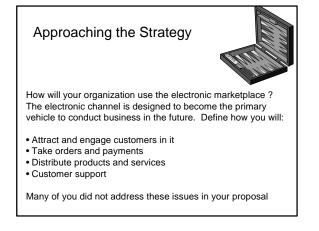
• It is hard to change certain peoples buying patterns, or those that may not be well informed about the benefits of the internet. Lower barriers to entry to certain demographics

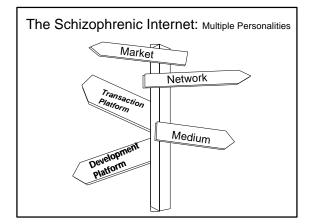
• Trust, need to trust organizations that you are dealing with over the internet.

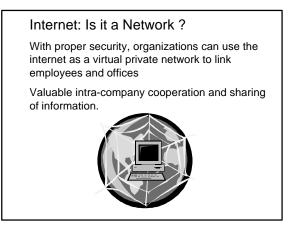
• Fraud, it can happen in several ways (a) fictitious company, (b) company with no product, or (c) consumer with stolen credit card number.

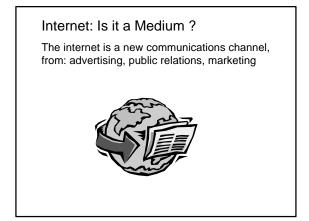
• E-money laundering, can it happen ? Can internet gambling draw potential e-money laundering that same way that a casino might ?









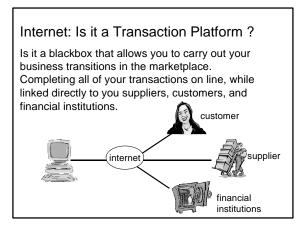


#### Internet: Is it a Market ?

Does the internet new and additional revenue for your business (market) or does it just provide leads and referrals (medium).

The internet has been linked to opening up a vast, open marketplace.





# Internet: Is it an Applications Development Platform ? Organizations are running existing client/server applications on it an developing new network based applications - a new internet centric computing paradigm.

Mapping Traditional Selling to Internet Commerce Selling	
Traditional Selling Steps	Internet Commerce Selling
Distribution	Treat the Internet as a distribution channel where you directly reach either the end user or your resellers.
Promotion	Advertise both on the Internet and outside the Internet about the specific products or the organization. Also, become present in the other forms of electronic distribution channels on the Internet, including search engines, directories, and other communities of interests.
Display	Focus on the visual interface that your customers will interact with. Think of how 3-D and multimedia will enhance the buying experience of your customers.

Commerce Selling continued	
Traditional Selling Steps	Internet Commerce Selling
Pricing Policy	No major changes except that customers can be notified more immediately.
Receipt of Order	This can happen in two ways: (1) by receiving the order electronically or (2) by interfacing the receipt of the order to the order entry system, therefore automating this function.
Authorize payment	Payment can be authorized by enabling a back-end interface to the financial institution's authorization processes, or to your own credit-granting policies.

#### Mapping Traditional Selling to Internet Commerce Selling continued

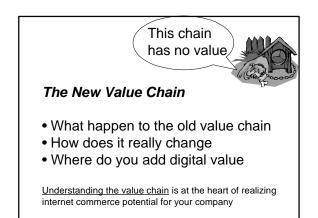
Mapping Traditional Selling to Internet Commerce Selling continued	
Traditional Selling Steps	Internet Commerce Selling
Schedule order	This requires a business-to-business process integration, where the receipt of the order can trigger the scheduling of the order.
Build/retrieve from inventory	If the product has to be built or retrieved from inventory, the same order can trigger a bill-of-materials order or an inventory retrieval order.
Ship product	Integrating the shipping logistics or fulfillment process is an important part that sometimes gets ignored. If the product is "soft", the appropriate online distribution has taken place.

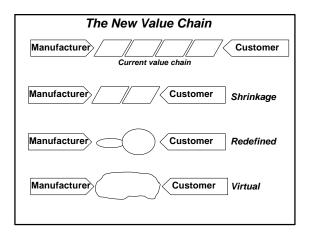
Mapping Traditional Selling to Internet Commerce Selling continued	
Traditional Selling Steps	Internet Commerce Selling
Receive payment	Ideally, payment receipt is integrated to reach your financial institution in a seamless way.
Provide Support	This is an easy area to begin with, because support does not require you to sell electronically as a prerequisite. You can start supporting customers immediately for your existing products.
Perform market research	Once you have customers electronically engaged in a relationship with you, you can continue to obtain feedback from them about their needs. This information produces real-time market research benefits.

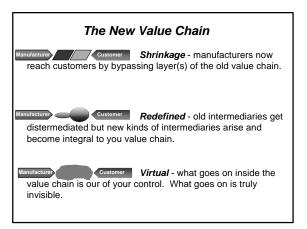
Traditional Buying versus Internet Commerce Buying	
Traditional Buying Steps	Internet Commerce Buying
Search/inquire for products	Aided by intelligent agents and interactive directories, buyers can search or inquire for products across various sources without really visiting their Web sites.
Discover products	A search would have yielded the targeted product, or an agent would have brought to your attention the availability of a product you were waiting for.
Compare products	The same directories which you have consulted with allow you to compare competitive products.
Negotiate Terms	You can negotiate either by interacting with the vendor or by calling.

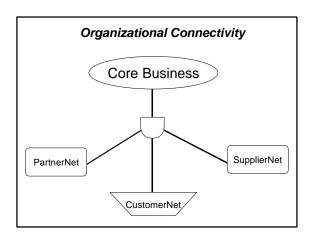
Traditional Buying versus Internet Commerce Buying <sub>continued</sub>	
Traditional Buying Steps	Internet Commerce Buying
Place Order	The order is placed directly on the web.
Receive acknowledgement	Through the Web, acknowledgement is received directly from the seller's Web site or from the Internet.
Initiate payment	The user chooses from one of several Internet payment instruments. These may vary depending on whether the user is a business or consumer.
Receive product	If the product is soft, it is received on-line. If it is hard, shipping logistics information is expected.

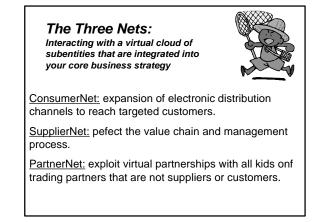
Traditional Buying versus Internet Commerce Buying continued	
Traditional Buying Steps	Internet Commerce Buying
Request Support	Support starts on-line, since that is more efficient. This could include live video or audio links to a customer representative. Support should include the ability to review a detailed transaction history on-line.
Give feedback	Once the electronic relationship is established, feedback becomes ongoing.

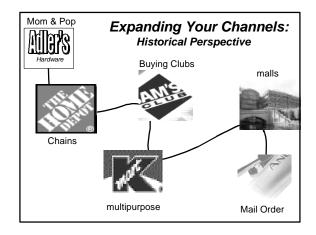


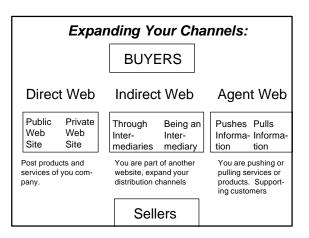


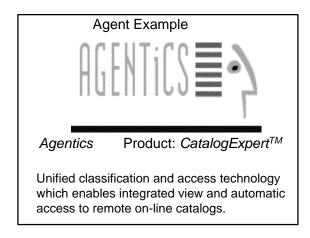


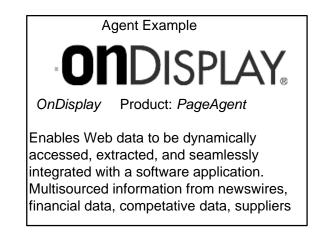


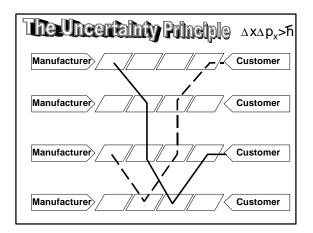


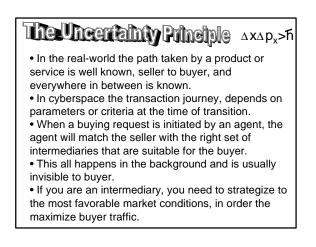










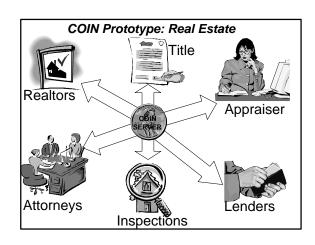


A New Type of Company Created by the Internet.

Bringing together communities of interest around a common value chain is not new.

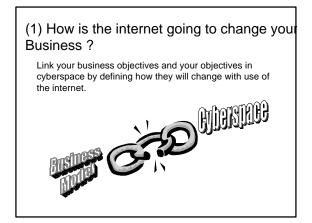
• However, now that the internet is the underlying infrastructures, it dictates the structure of the value chain.

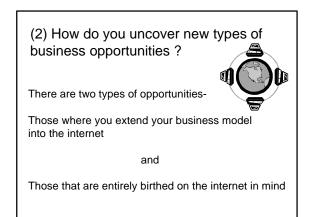
• Community of Interest Networks (COINs) leverages virtual trader/partner business models to create new companies, products, and service opportunities



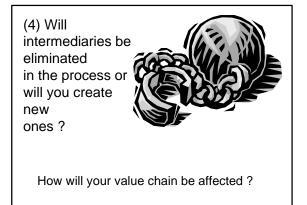














(6) How will the nature of your products change ?

You will evolve beyond hard goods, to softer goods and information based products and interactive services. How will you product change ?



(7) How does the internet affect me and other companies ?



- Is my company immune to the internet ?
- Hard to image this is the case ?
- How does it affect my competition ?

(8) How to I measure or monitor the evolution (successes, failures) ?



How do I measure if or if not my business is utilizing the internet effectively ? How do I refine my strategy when things go wrong ?







- Understanding the new meanings of Internet commerce leads to the creation of a common framework for action.
- Informed managers and executives are able to uncover opportunities for their own business functions.
- When employees have internalized the strategy, they are better able to act on it.
- When customers know about your new capabilities, there is a better chance that they will try them.

### Review Current Distribution and Supply Chain Models

- Proactively, change the configuration of your value chain.
- Concentrate your electronic distribution strategy on the Internet as the primary electronic marketplace.
  Review and expand your entry in each one of the
- three channel segments: direct web (public/private), indirect Web (through an intermediary/being an



## Understand What Your Customers and Partners Expect from the Internet

- Take steps that reflect an accurate assessment of the sophistication level of your electronic customers and their segmentation.
- Open your Intranet to make Extranets by
- allowing customer and supplier access.
- Make your suppliers think of and depend on



### Reevaluate the Nature of Your Products and Services

- Digitize old products where applicable.
- Introduce new information-based products.
  Develop a separate strategy to take advantage c



## Give a New Role to Your Human Resources Department

- Develop and hire new positions for producing, selling, marketing, and supporting new content for the Interne marketblace.
- Establish Internet and electronic commerce knowledge within the HR department to allow it to proactively add value to your strategies.
- Copy organizational models and functions of companies entirely dependent on the Web for your Web-related initiatives (e.g., Yahool, InfoSeek, Excite Amazon.com)

# Extend Your Current Systems to the Outside

- Make your Web site functionality a back end, in addition to a façade.
- Extend and link internal systems to the Web as an intended goal, not as an afterthought.
- Find internal applications that can be Web-enabled to get a quick bang.

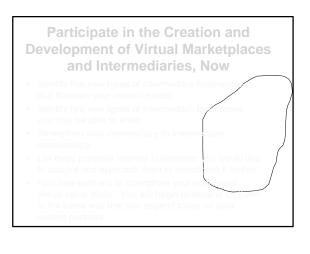


# Track New Competitors and Market Shares in the New Digital Marketplace • List new entrants, the ones you haven't thought about

- Develop competitive strategies on the basis of the dworation of digital markets
- Reevaluate your business model in relation to your competition's.







#### Participate in the Creation and Development of Virtual Marketplaces and Intermediaries, Now con't

- Stop and review what you have learned over the last year in all you Web-related activities. Have an independent third party give you an assessment, and reassess your current objectives on the basis of your findings.
- Find a model Web-based business or organization that you admire, and learn from it.
- If your partners and suppliers seem to be more advanced than you are in implementing Web-based



### Instill Electronic Markets Management Style

- Decisions for electronic markets that do not affect anything else (e.g., regarding the status of a give
- service)
   Decisions for electronic markets that affect your traditional marketalace (e.g., channel conflict)
- Decisions for traditional markets that affect electroni markets (e.g., the process for customer support delivery)
- Decisions for traditional markets that do not affect electronic markets (e.g., old products that won't make it in the electronic marketplace)

	ns and Responses for Internet Commerce
Reasons For Not Embracing Internet Commerce	Internet Commerce Buying
10. We are doing EDI.	t's not enough. Please reread Chapter 1 to understand the differences between EDI and internet commerce.
9. The Internet is a fad. We're waiting for it to go away.	If you wait long enough, you are the one who is likely to go away, because the hterhet is here to stay.
8. It smells like reengineering.	So, why are you afraid of change? If you can't allow change to happen in your organization, you have a problem.
7. The Internet is not fast enough	Nost applications do not need heavy handwidth, nor is e-commerce about surfing the we <del>b at c</del>

### Reasons For Not Embracing Internet Commerce Buying 6. There is no security Security is multifaceted and must be security

security.	understood. Please hire somebody who doesn't think it is a problem.
5. Our customers don't want it.	Ask them again Your competition may be doing it.
4. Who's going to pay for it?	nitially, there is an investment price to pay. You can begin immediately to dut costs, than later generate revenue.
3. We're looking at it.	f that is all you have to say about it, you are only involved, not committed.

Top 10 Reasons and Responses for Not Doing Internet Commerce cont.	
Reasons For Not Embracing Internet Commerce	Internet Commerce Buying
2. MIS is in charge of it.	Yes, but MIS needs to be led and given direction to help you meet your business objectives.
1. We already have a Web site.	Good for you, and so do 1.5 milion other organizations, so how are you planning on differentiating your company?

# A Final Note-

Your organization will inevitably be digital and will strongly depend on the dynamics, behaviors, and paradoxes of digital markets. Digital partnerships will be created, will be a part of your value chain, between you and your customers. Take advantage of the power of e-commerce. Proceed smartly and carefully !