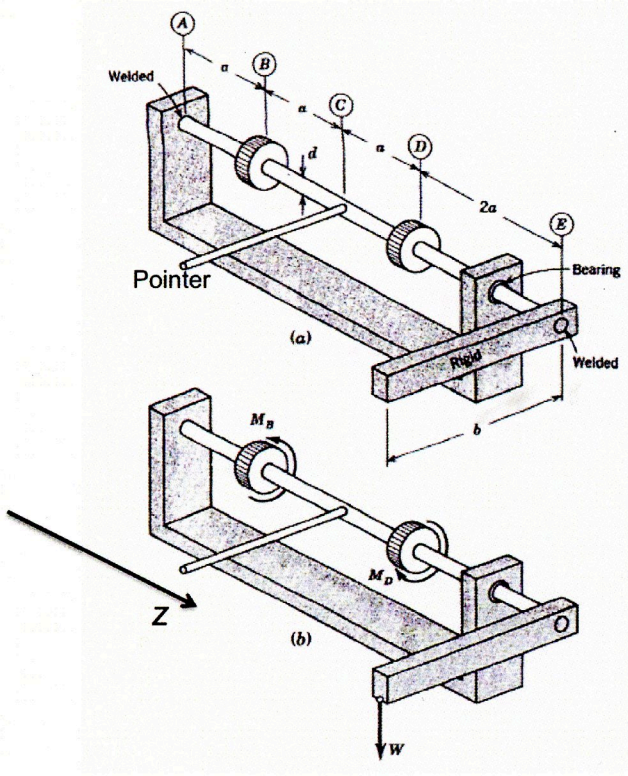


>>>>> Name:

<<<<<<

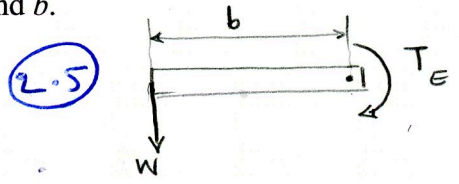
Problem 1:

A circular shaft of a weighing machine with length $5a$, diameter d and shear modulus G is welded to a support at A and has a rigid arm of length b , welded to its other end, E . A pointer is fastened to the shaft at C . When the shaft is unloaded, the pointer and the rigid arm are horizontal, as shown in (a). A weight W is now hung on the end of the rigid arm and, at the same time, moments M_D and M_B are applied to the point D and B , respectively.



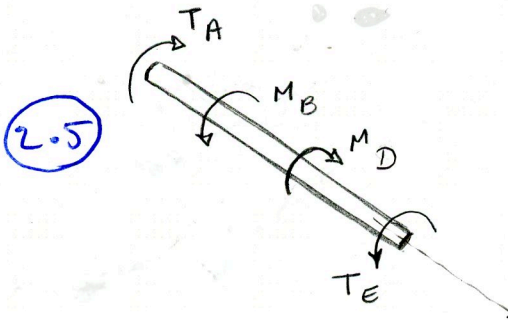
a) (10 Points) What is the reaction torque exerted by the support on the shaft at the point A ? Mark the sense clearly (+z or -z). Your answer will depend on M_D , M_B , W and b .

$$\sum M_E = 0 \Rightarrow T_E = W \cdot b \quad (2)$$



$$\sum M_z^A = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$-T_A + M_B - M_D + T_E = 0$$



$$\Rightarrow T_A = Wb + M_B - M_D \quad (3)$$

T_A is along -z direction

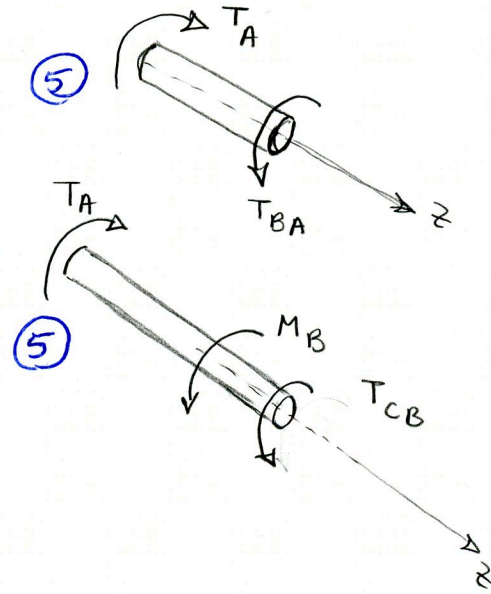
>>>>> Name:

<<<<<

b) (15 Points) What are the torques in the shafts AB and BC (indicate the sense of the torques)? Your answer will depend on M_D , M_B , W and b .

$$T_{BA} = T_A = wb + M_B - M_D \quad (2.5)$$

$$T_{CB} = T_A - M_B = wb - M_D \quad (2.5)$$



c) (25 Points) Based on your answer in b), what is the angle of rotation of the pointer? Your answer will depend on M_D , M_B , W , b , a and d . Also, clearly mark the sense of rotation.

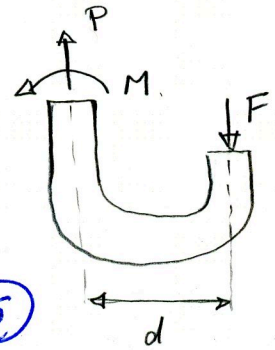
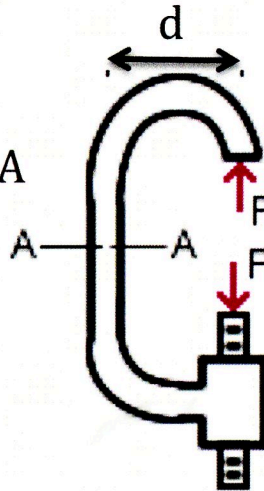
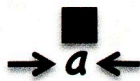
$$\left. \begin{aligned} \phi_c &= \phi_{c/B} + \phi_B \\ \phi_B &= \phi_{B/A} + \cancel{\phi_A} \Rightarrow \phi_B = \phi_{B/A} \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \phi_c = \phi_{c/B} + \phi_{B/A} \quad (5)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} (10) \quad \phi_{c/B} &= \frac{T_{CB} \cdot a}{GJ} = \frac{(wb - M_D)a}{GJ} \\ (10) \quad \phi_{B/A} &= \frac{T_{BA} a}{GJ} = \frac{(wb + M_B - M_D)a}{GJ} \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \phi_c = \frac{(2wb + M_B - 2M_D)a}{GJ}$$

Problem 2:

(25 Points) The c-clamp shown below has a solid square cross-section of side length, a . When it is adjusted the force acting on each of the grips is F . What is the maximum stress in plane A-A? Your answer will depend on a , F and d .

Cross-section at AA



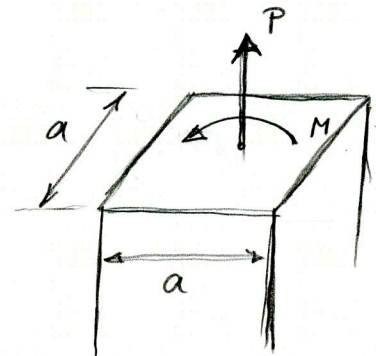
FBD

$$\sum M_{A-A} = 0 \Rightarrow M = Fd$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow P = F$$

Maximum stress would be :

$$\sigma_{max} = \frac{P}{A} + \frac{M \cdot c}{I} \quad (10)$$



where

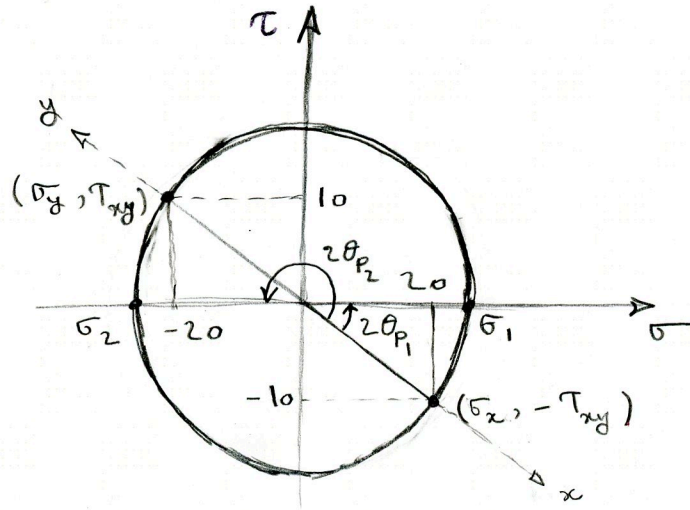
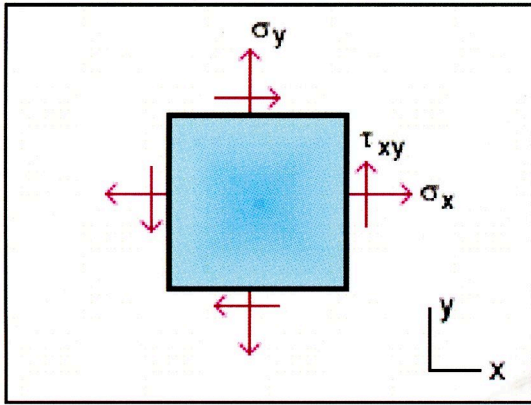
$$(5) \left[c = \frac{a}{2}, A = a^2, I = \frac{1}{12} a^3 \cdot a = \frac{1}{12} a^4 \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{max} = \frac{F}{a^2} + \frac{Fd(a/2)}{\frac{1}{12} a^4} \quad (5)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\sigma_{max} = \frac{F}{a^2} + \frac{6Fd}{a^3}}$$

Problem 3:

(25 Points) The general stress element shown is loaded such that $\sigma_x = 20$ MPa, $\sigma_y = -20$ MPa, $\tau_{xy} = 10$ MPa. What are the principal stresses and what are orientation of the principal axes with respect to the x-axis?



$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{7.5} \quad \sigma_1 &= \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2} \\ &= 0 + \sqrt{\left(\frac{40}{2}\right)^2 + 10^2} \Rightarrow \boxed{\sigma_1 = \sqrt{500} \text{ MPa}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{7.5} \quad \sigma_2 &= \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} - \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2} \\ &= 0 - \sqrt{\left(\frac{40}{2}\right)^2 + 10^2} \Rightarrow \boxed{\sigma_2 = \sqrt{500} \text{ MPa}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \tan 2\theta_{p_1} = \frac{2\tau_{xy}}{\sigma_x - \sigma_y} = \frac{20}{40} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{\theta_{p_1} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ Arctan}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad 2\theta_{p_2} = 2\theta_{p_1} + 180^\circ \Rightarrow \boxed{\theta_{p_2} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ Arctan}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 90^\circ}$$