



EN1740 Computer Aided Visualization and Design

Spring 2012

3/15/2012

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Last Time:

- Assembly drawings
 - X-sec
 - Exploded
 - Tables
 - BOM
 - Inclusions
- Simplified Reps
- Notes on Critical to Function Drawings
- Modeling text
- Color and Appearance Texture

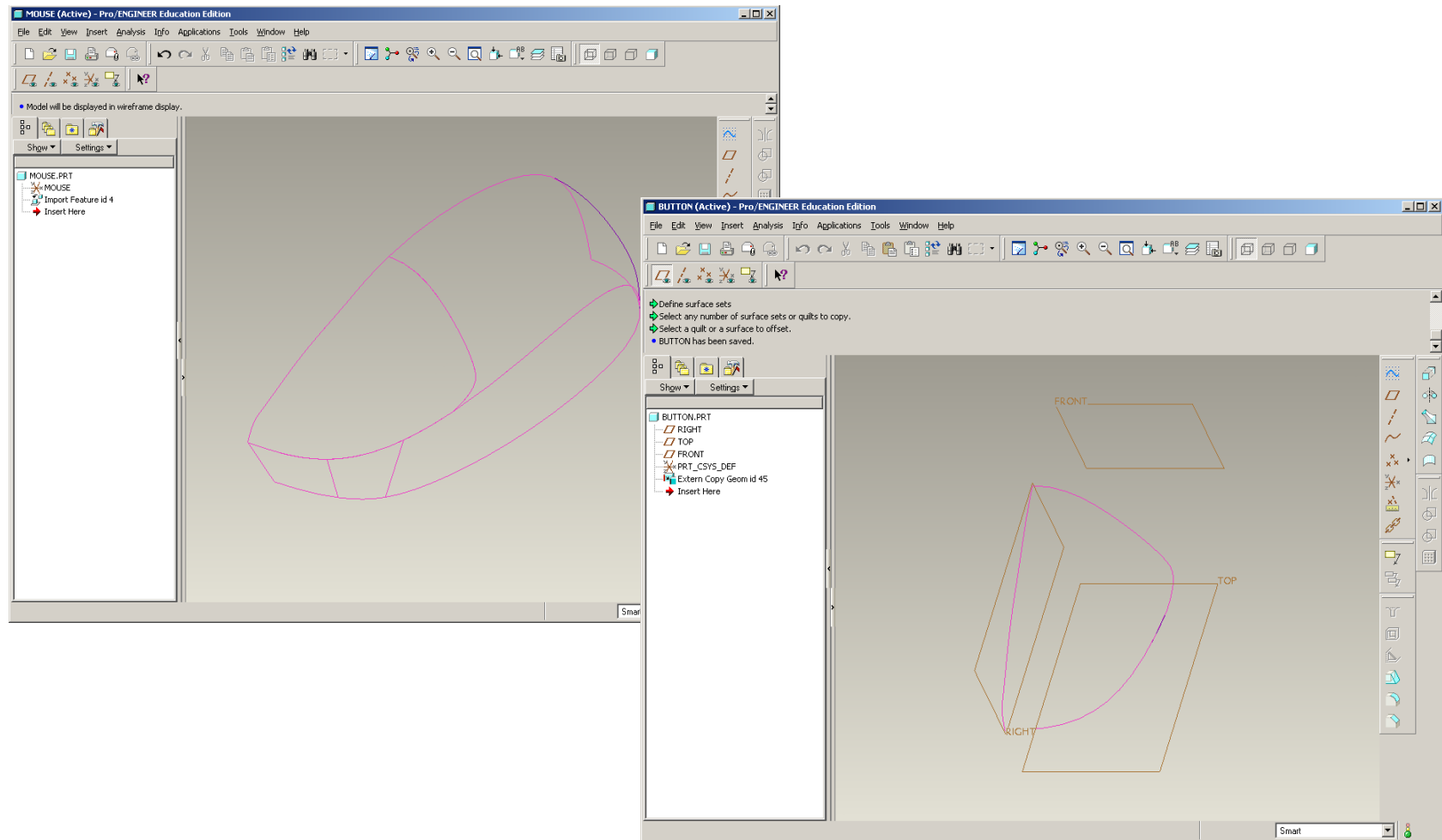
Tonight:

- Shared data
 - Copied Geometry
 - Component Operations
- Family Tables



Shared Data - Copied Geometry

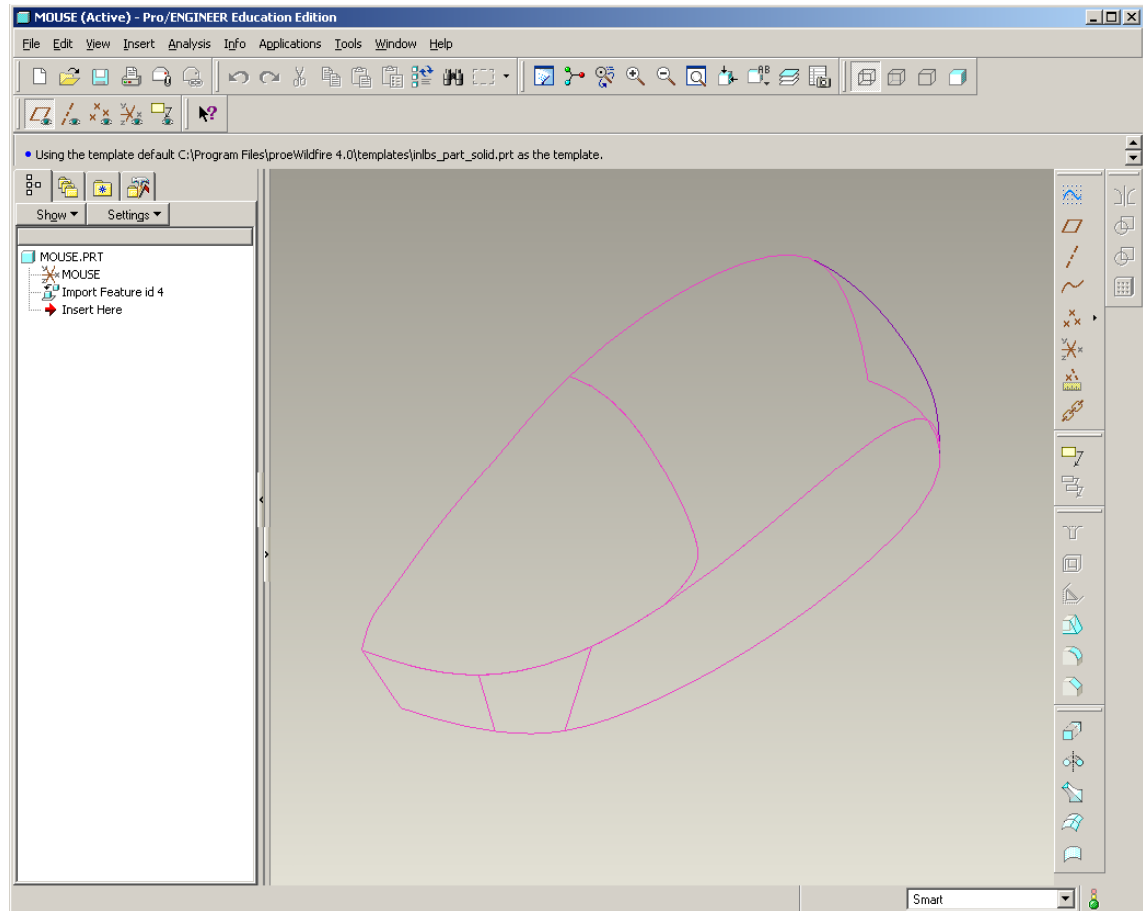
Component and assembly data can be shared among various files





EXERCISE - Shared Data

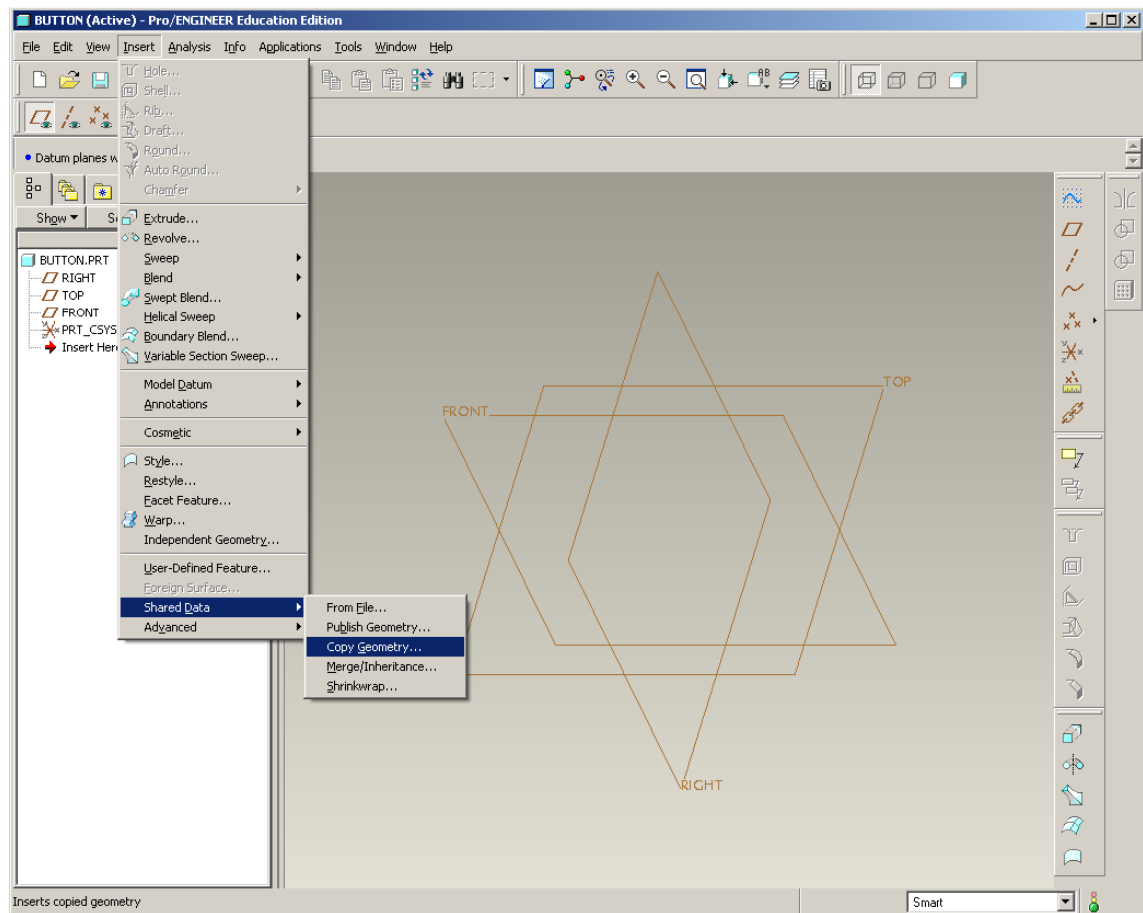
- File > Open
- Select .stp file type
- Select mouse.stp
- File > New > Part > button





EXERCISE - Shared Data

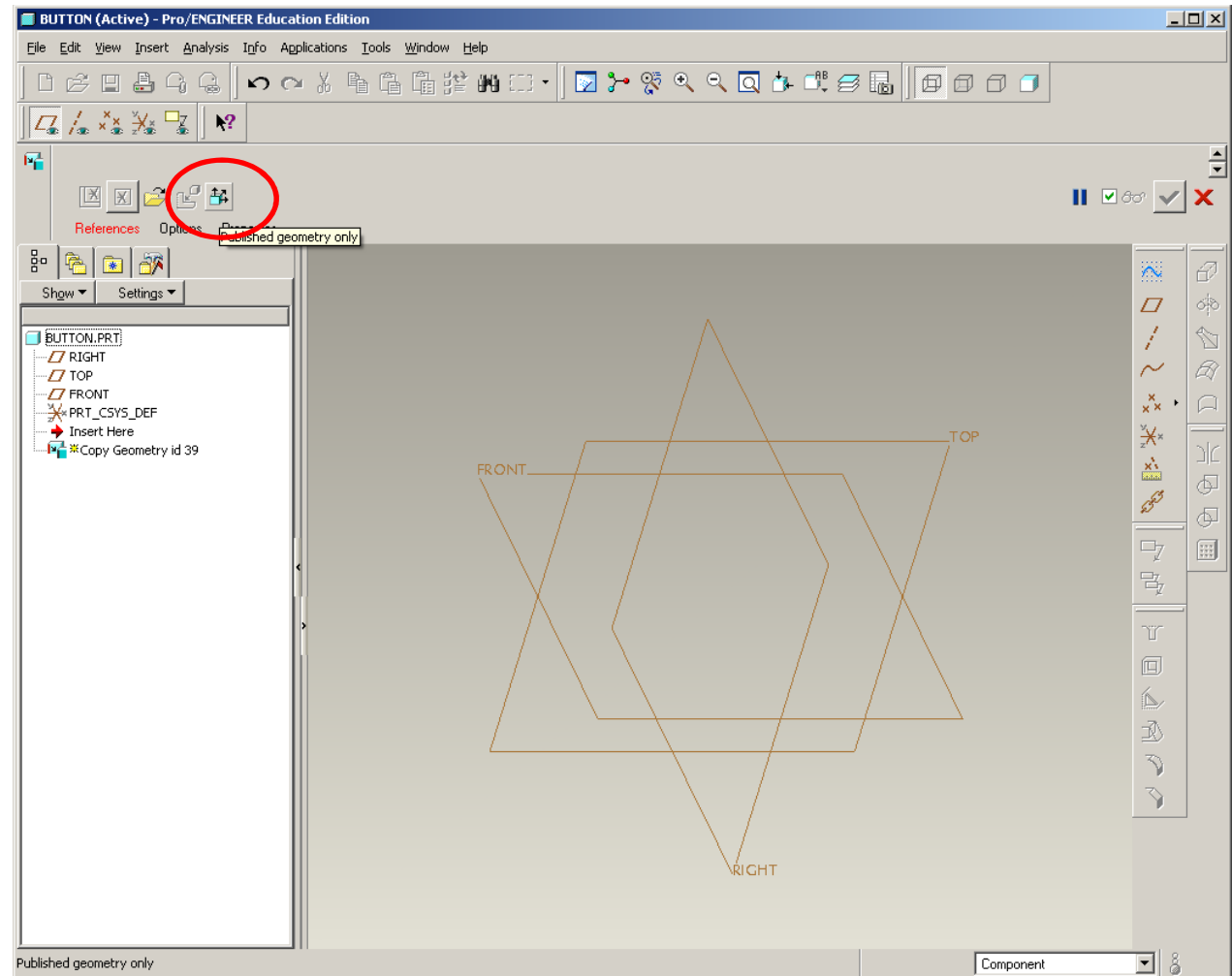
- In button.prt
 - Insert > Shared Data
 - > Copy Geometry





EXERCISE - Shared Data

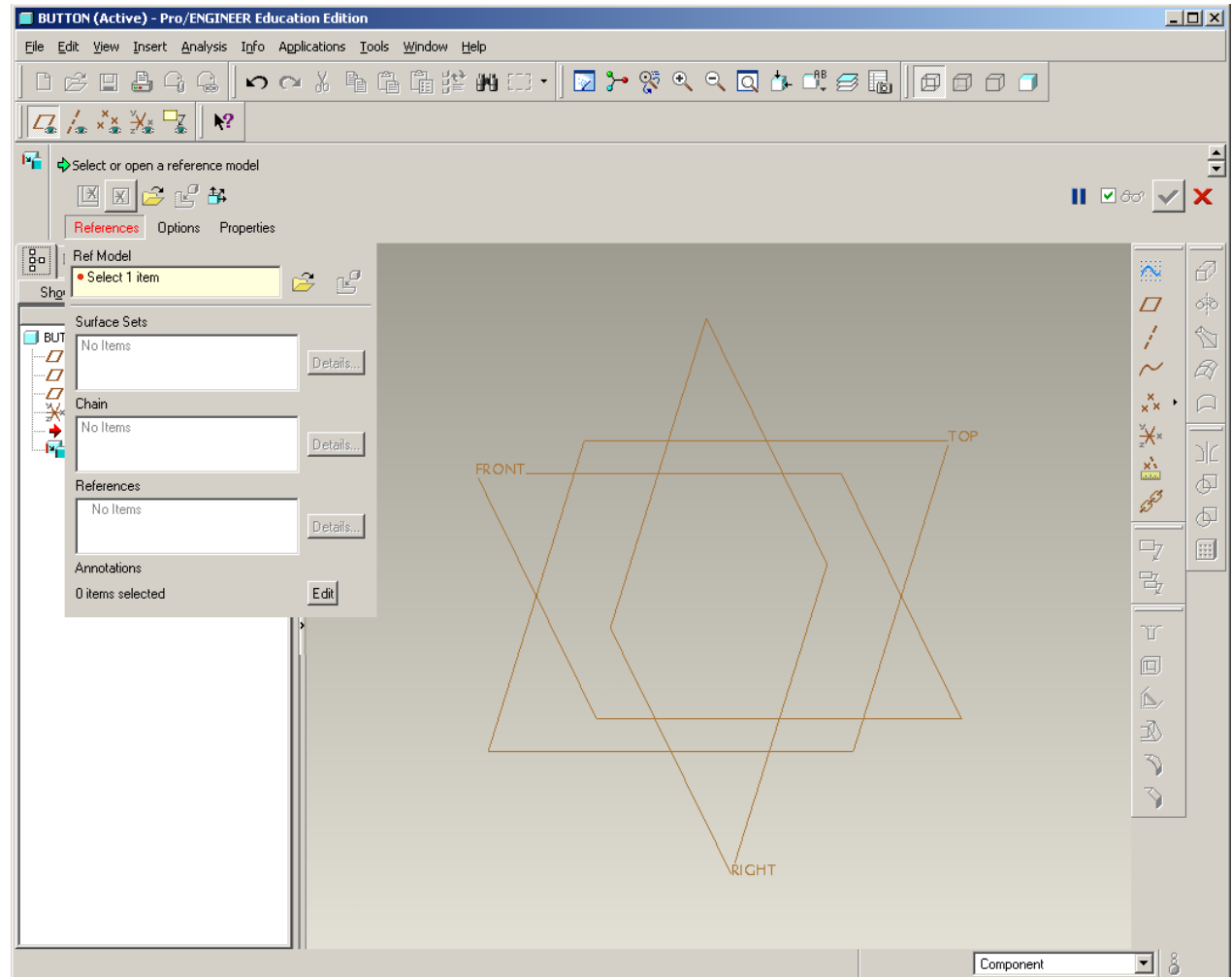
- Uncheck Published Geometry only





EXERCISE - Shared Data

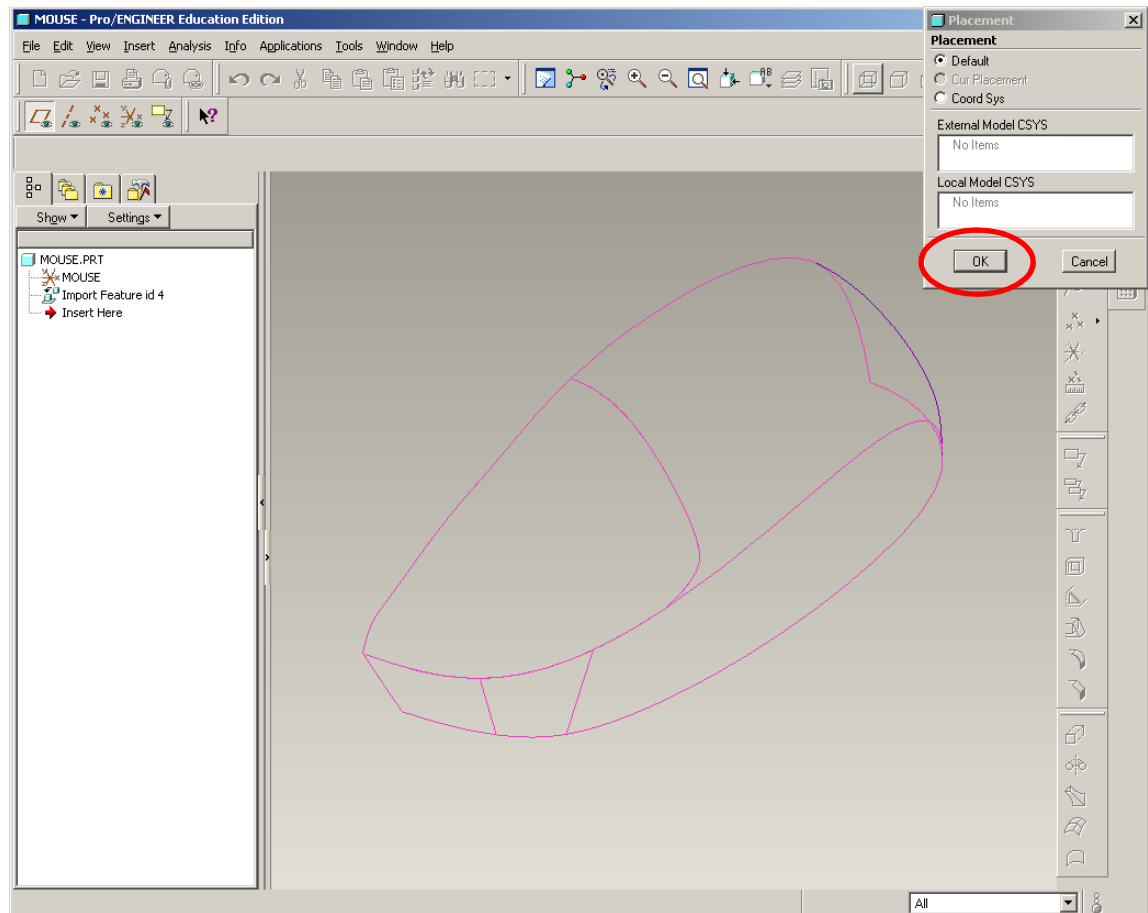
- Select Reference
- From the taskbar, select the Pro/E window with the mouse surface.....





EXERCISE - Shared Data

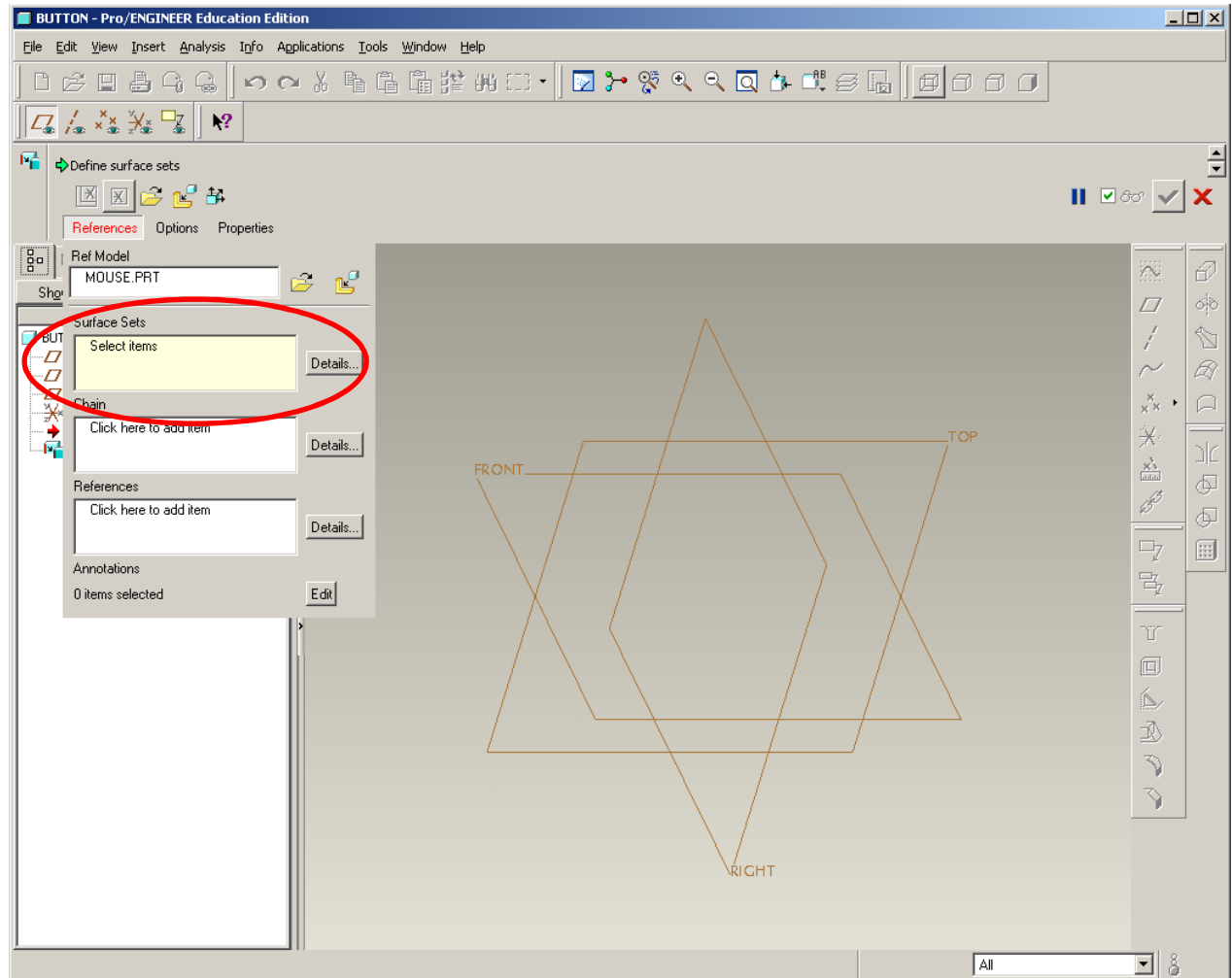
- ...Click on the outer surface
- Click OK for Default CSYS





EXERCISE - Shared Data

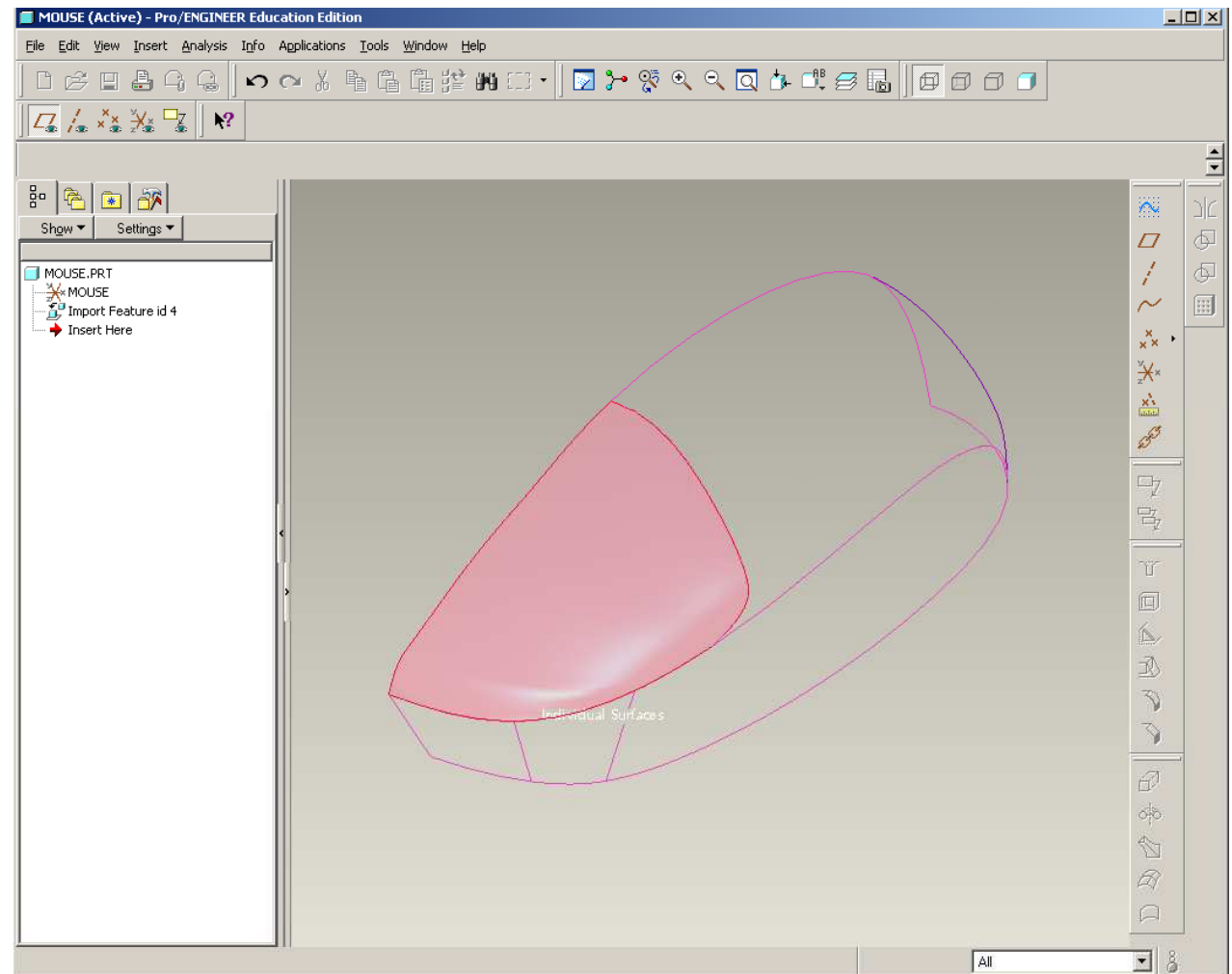
- You'll be directed back to button.prt
- Select Surface Sets





EXERCISE - Shared Data

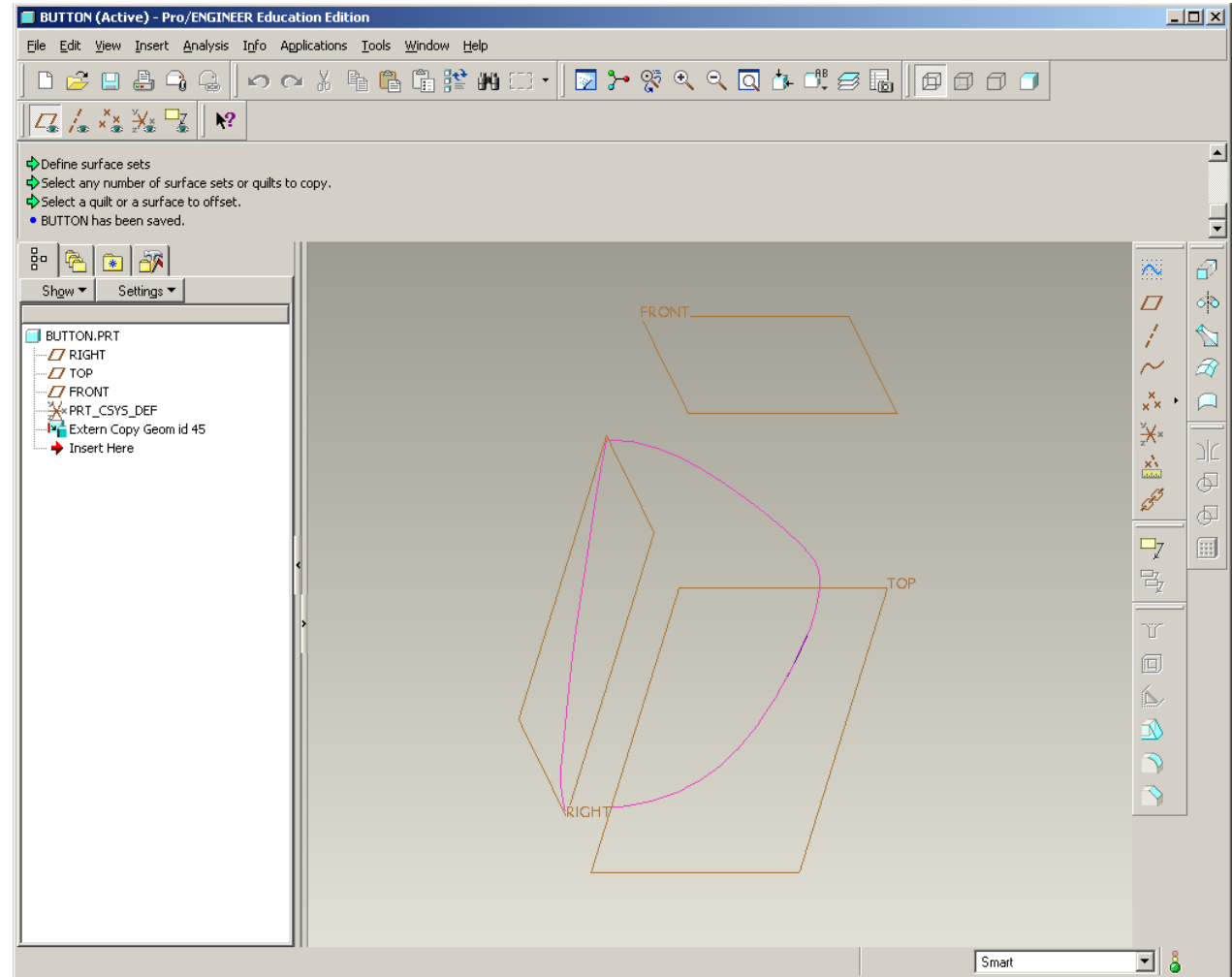
- In mouse.prt, select the surface defining the button
- MMB when done





EXERCISE - Shared Data

- This file now is linked to previous file
- Try creating part files for the top and bottom of the body as well





Family Tables

- In many cases mechanical components have very similar constructions
- Family Tables can create multiple “instances” of components sharing common features



http://www.curiousinventor.com/images/guides/metal_working/screws/machine_screws3.jpg

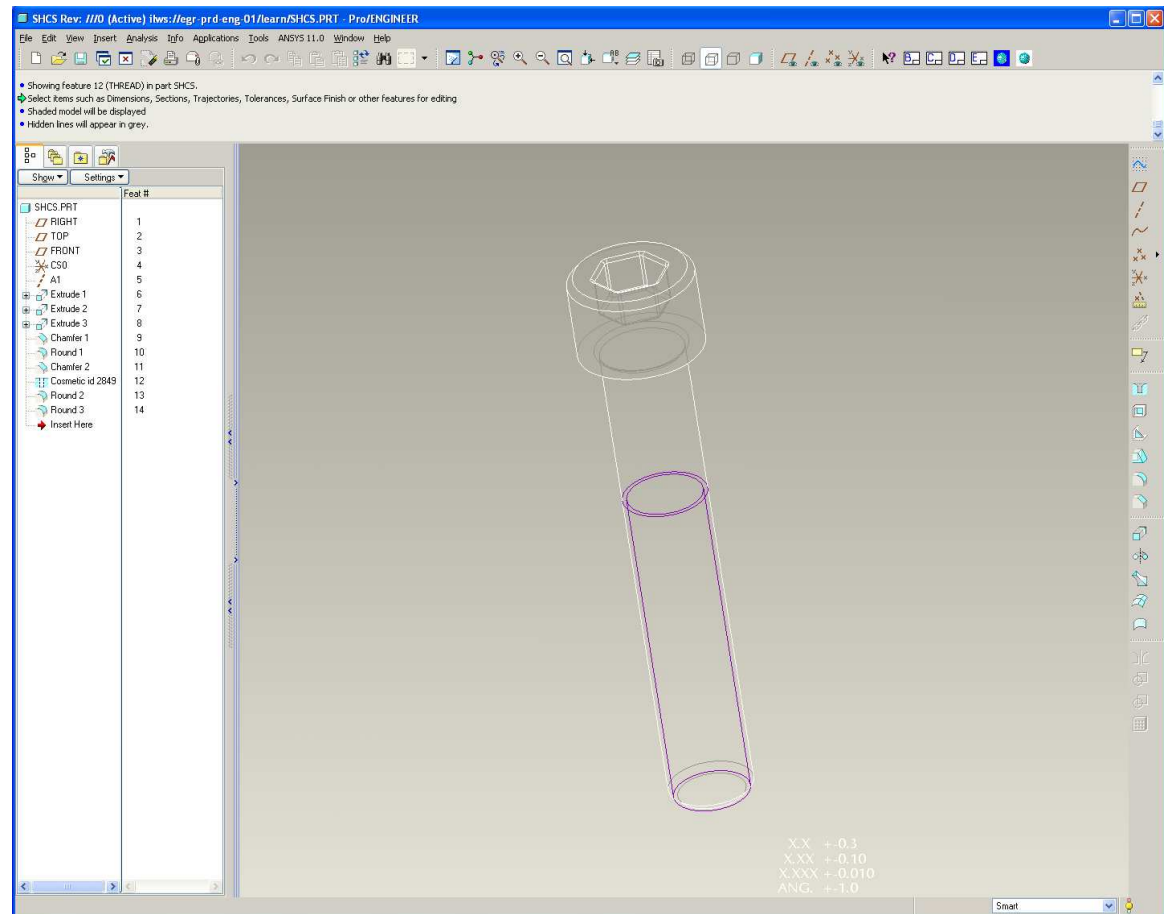


<http://www.projectholds.com/images/SS38ST.jpg>



EXERCISE - Family Tables

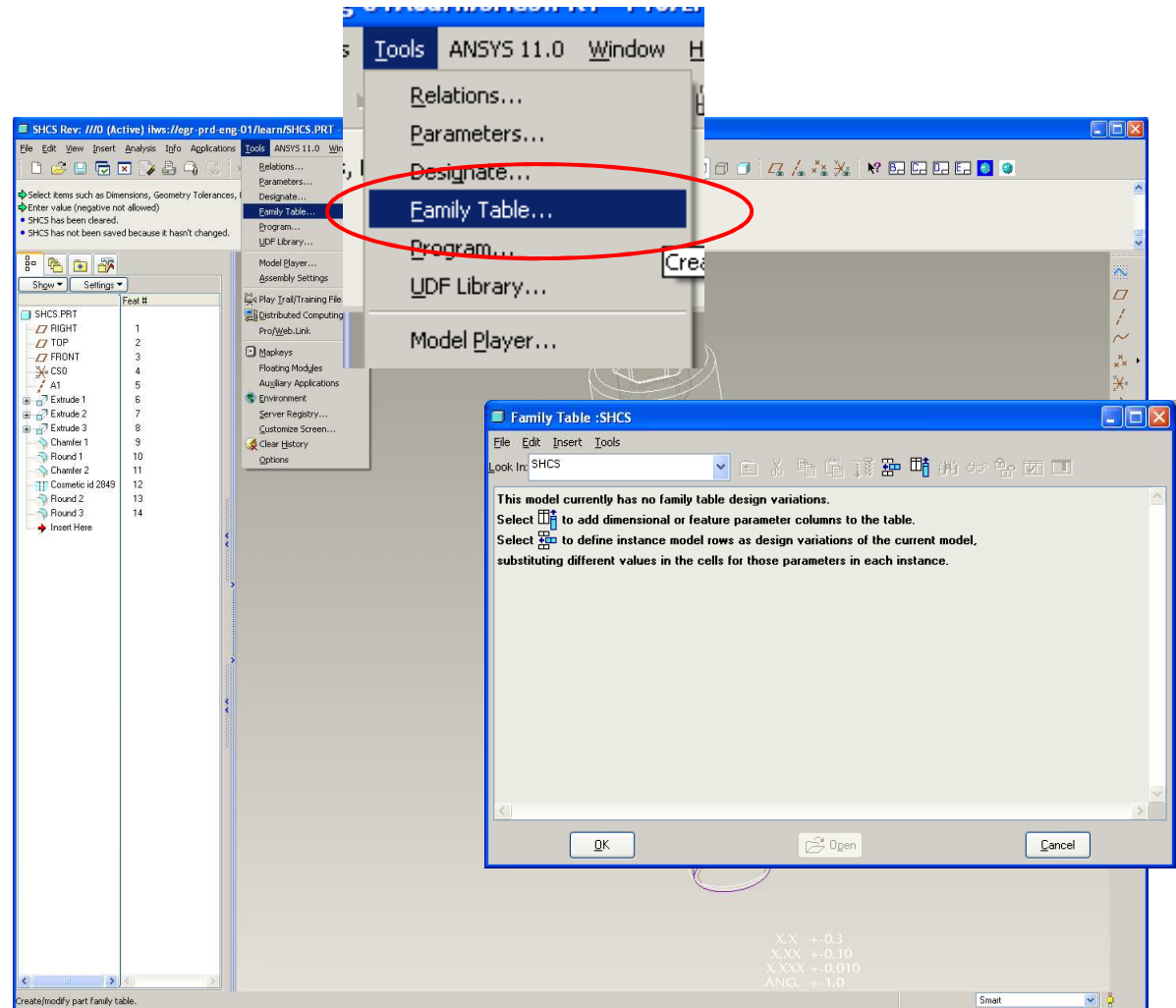
- From the Supporting Materials page download stuff for tonight
- File > Open > shcs.prt





EXERCISE - Family Tables

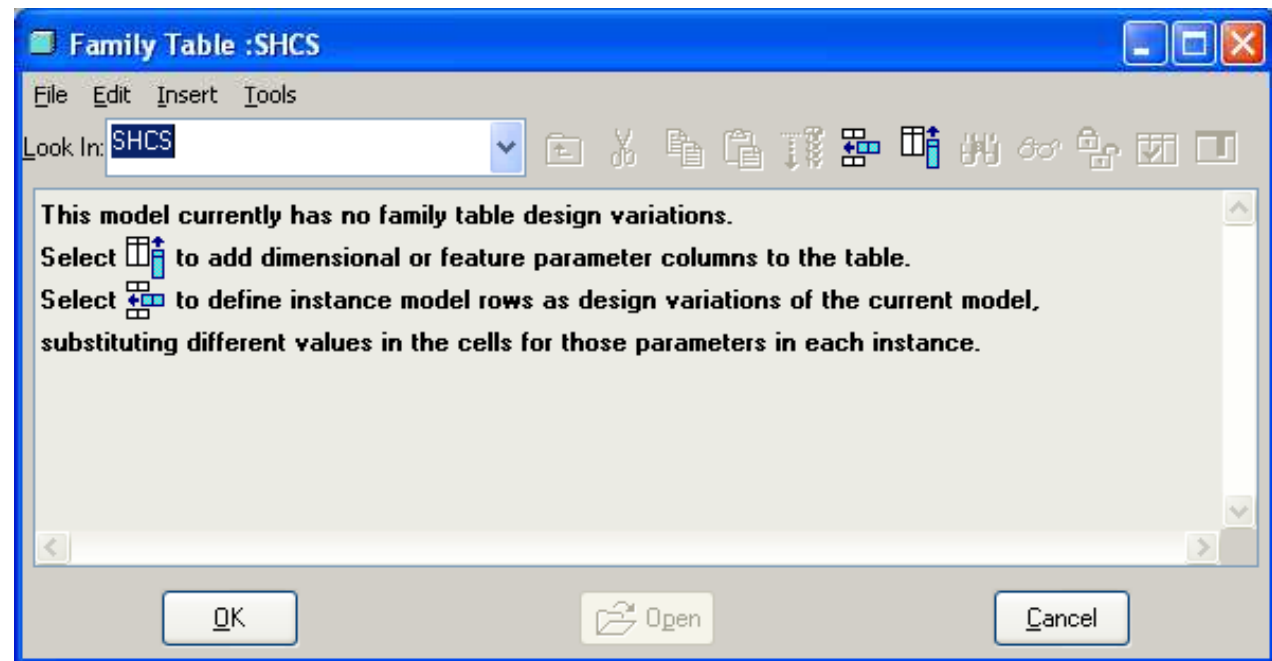
- Tools > Family Table...
- This will launch the Family Table definition dialog





EXERCISE - Family Tables

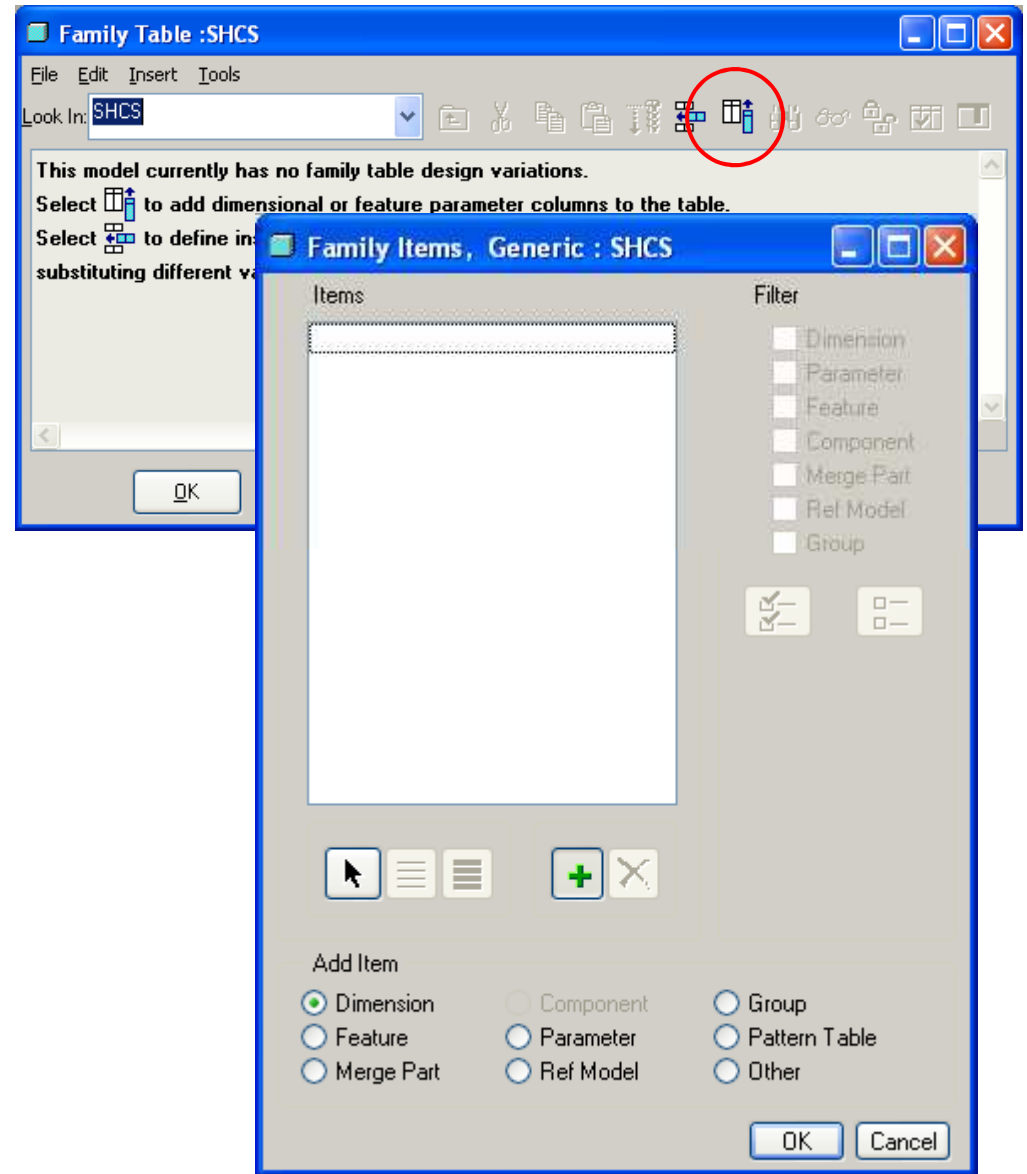
- We will build a table in this dialog that defines the family of components
 - The columns of the table are comprised of the parameters that define the components
 - Each row will be a separate instance of the family, defining a specific set of parameter values





EXERCISE - Family Tables

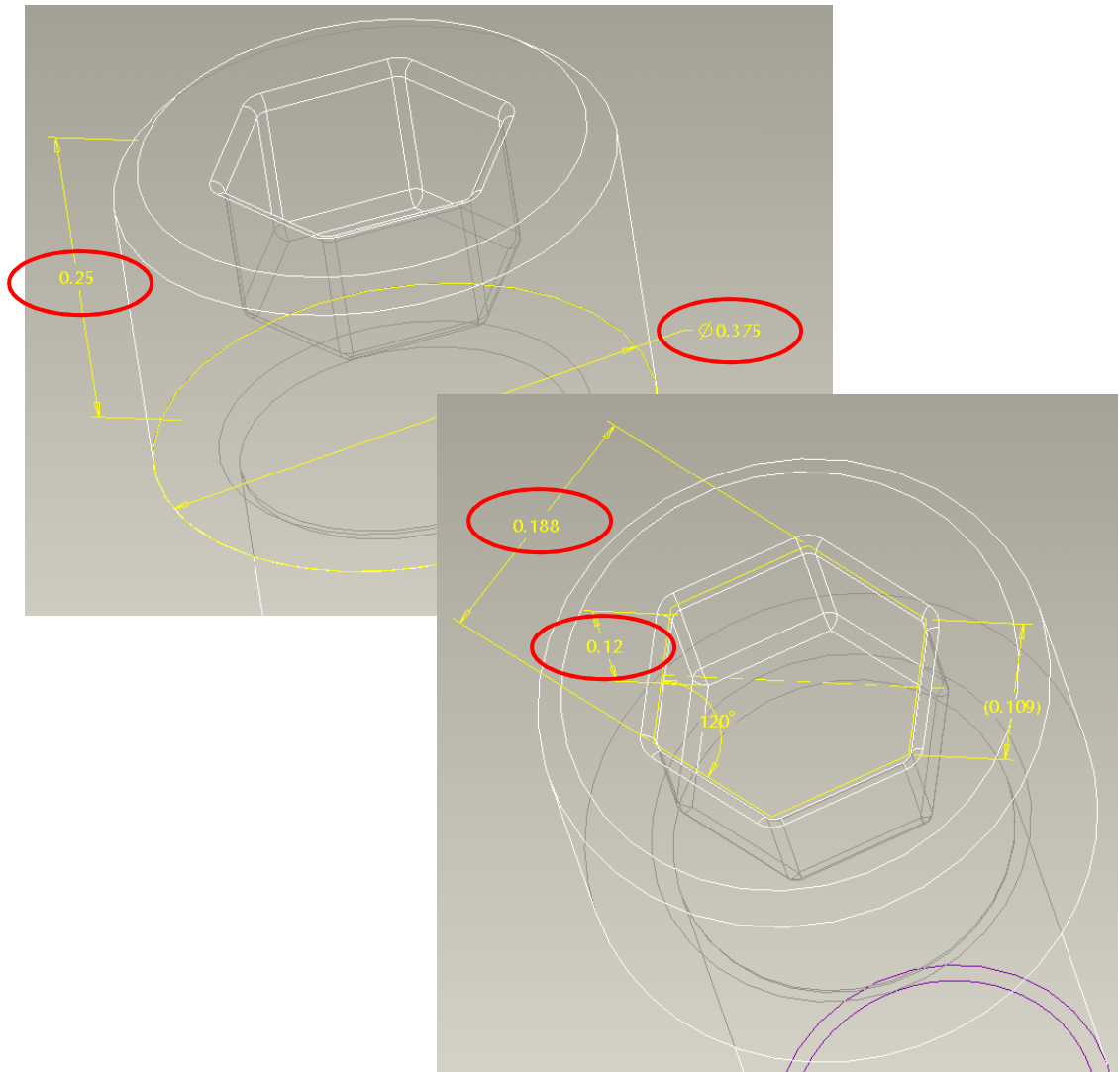
- Select the “Add/Delete the Table Columns” button on the Family Table dialog box
- Another dialog will launch to select the dimensions we are concerned with





EXERCISE - Family Tables

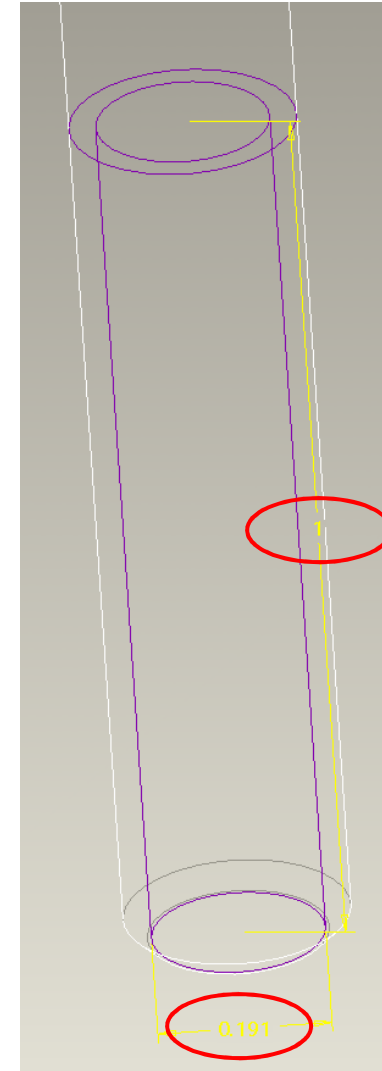
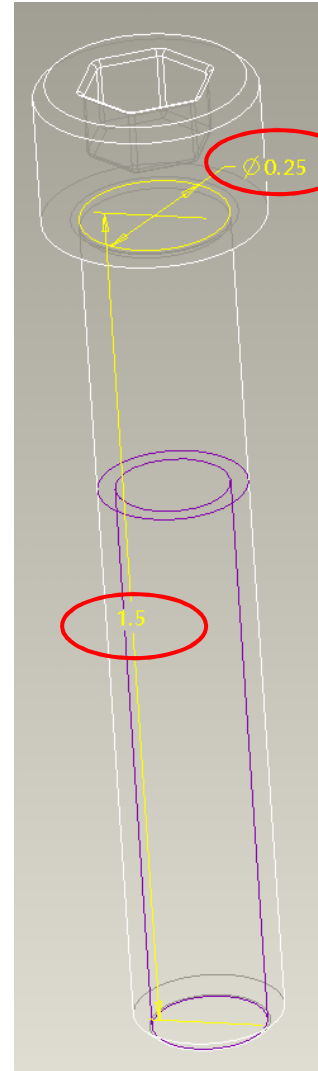
- Select the following dimensions:
 - Head height (.250)
 - Head diameter (.375)
 - Hex width (.188)
 - Hex depth (.120)





EXERCISE - Family Tables

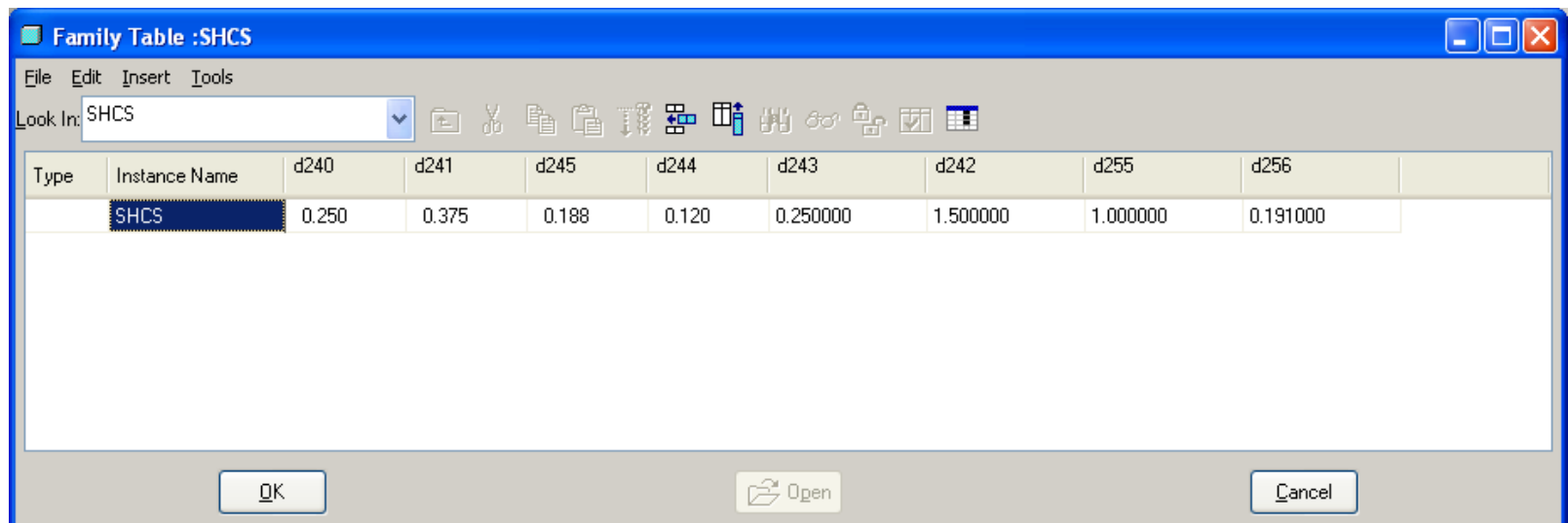
- Select the following dimensions:
 - Thread major dia. (.250)
 - Shaft length (1.500)
 - Thread length (1.000)
 - Thread minor dia. (.191)





EXERCISE - Family Tables

- Click on OK on the selection dialog
- Take a look at the Family Table dialog to see the dimensions that available

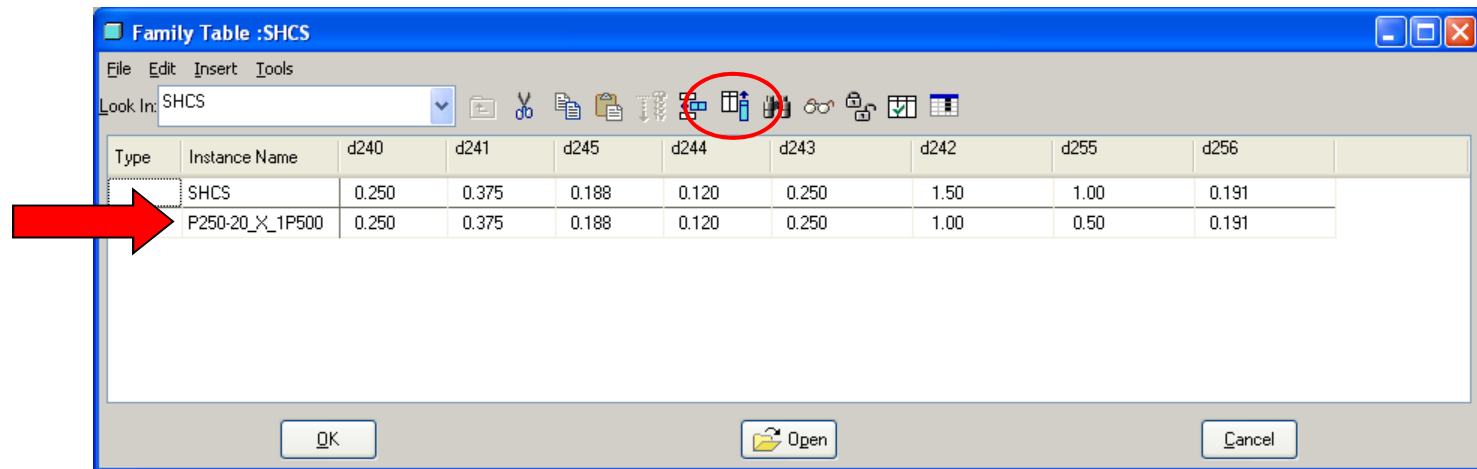


Type	Instance Name	d240	d241	d245	d244	d243	d242	d255	d256
	SHCS	0.250	0.375	0.188	0.120	0.250000	1.500000	1.000000	0.191000



EXERCISE - Family Tables

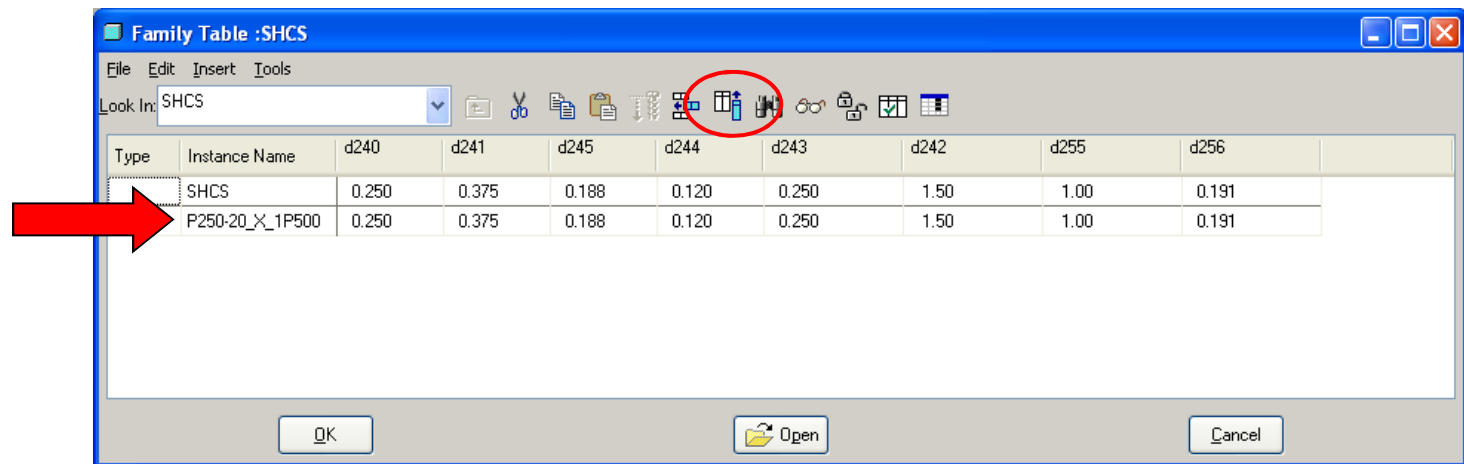
- Click on the “Insert a new instant at the selected row” button
- Note that a new row is created with blank values
- Name the new instance “P250-20_X_1P500”
 - Be careful that the name is accepted
 - The instance naming standard is very restrictive





EXERCISE - Family Tables

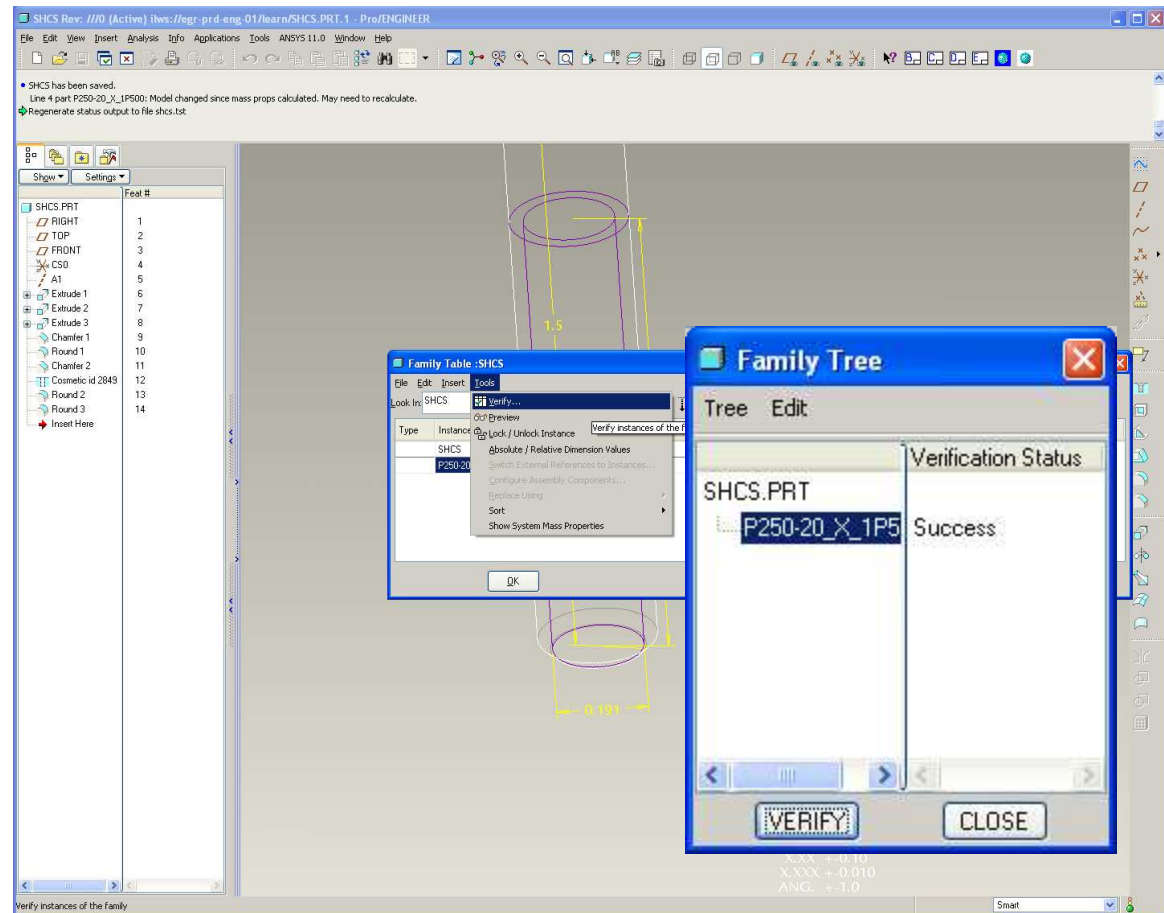
- Click on the “Insert a new instant at the selected row” button
- Note that a new row is created with blank values
- Name the new instance “P250-20_X_1P500”
 - Be careful that the name is accepted
 - The instance naming standard is very restrictive
- Copy all the values from the previous row into the new row





EXERCISE - Family Tables

- In Family Table dialog, Tools > Verify
- In Family Tree dialog, Click VERIFY button
 - This step verifies that the model we've just created will regenerate correctly
- Verification Status should appear as “Success”





EXERCISE - Family Tables

Why did we just create the same thing again?

Generic or Base Instance – Everything else is created from here, name indicates what the family is and indicates where it can be modified.

Type	Instance Name	d240	d241	d245	d244	d243	d242	d255	d256
	SHCS	0.250	0.375	0.188	0.120	0.250	1.50	1.00	0.191
	P250-20_X_1P500	0.250	0.375	0.188	0.120	0.250	1.50	1.00	0.191

Instance – The name given to this instance indicates exactly what the instance is.

NOTE: This isn't necessary, but is a good practice the adds to the clarity of the family



EXERCISE - Family Tables

These column headings are not particularly helpful...

- Already there are too many columns to keep track of
- Let's add some clarity to make this more efficient going forward.....

Family Table :SHCS

File Edit Insert Tools

Look In: SHCS

Type	Instance Name	d240	d241	d245	d244	d243	d242	d255	d256
	SHCS	0.250	0.375	0.188	0.120	0.250	1.50	1.00	0.191
	P250-20_X_1P500	0.250	0.375	0.188	0.120	0.250	1.50	1.00	0.191

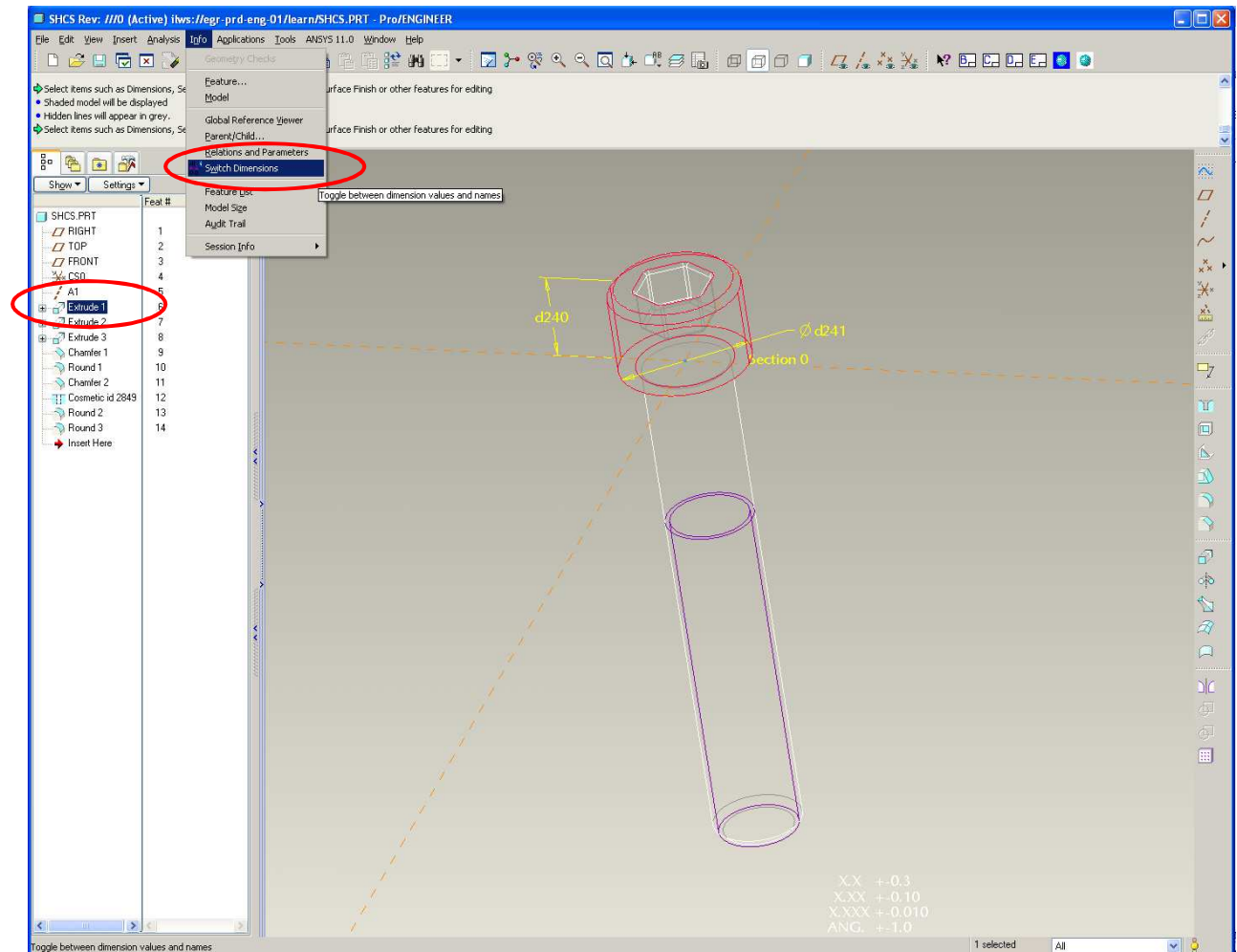
OK Open Cancel



EXERCISE - Family Tables

Change the name of the key feature dimensions

- Edit the first solid feature (Extrude1)
- Info > Switch Dimensions

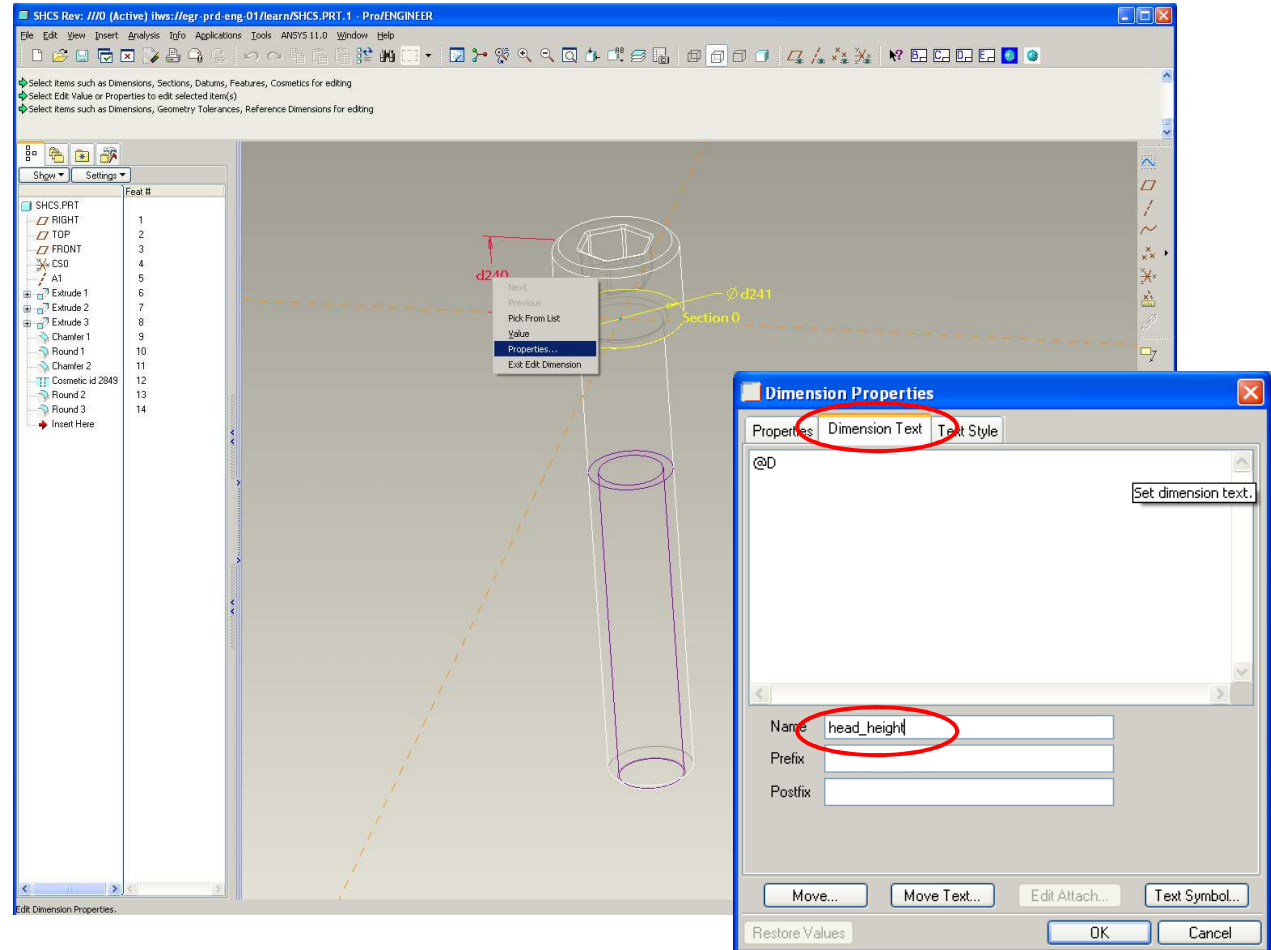




EXERCISE - Family Tables

Change the name of the key feature dimensions

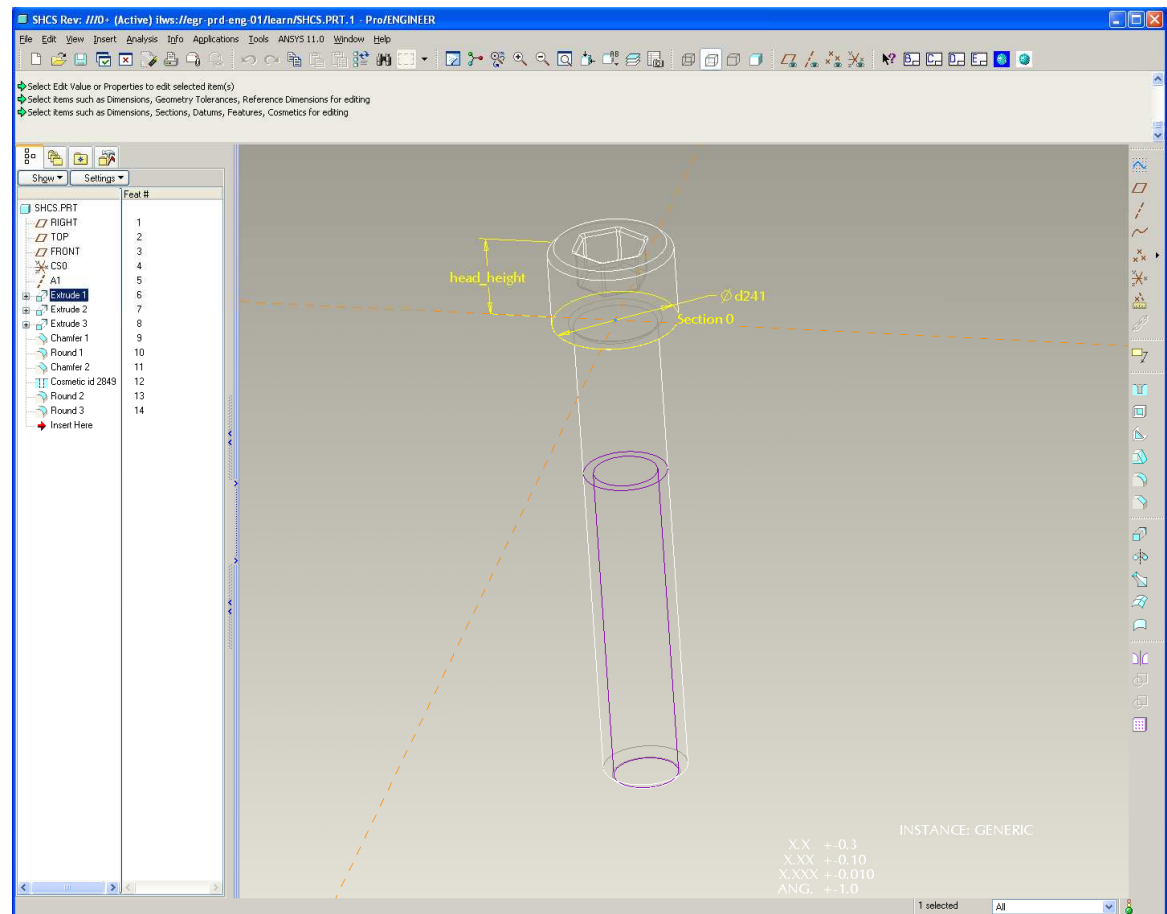
- RMB on head height
- Properties...
- Click Dimension Text tab
- Enter “head_height” in the Name box
- Click OK





EXERCISE - Family Tables

- Notice the name of the dimension
- Repeat this process for
 - head_diameter
 - hex_width
 - hex_depth
 - thread_major_dia
 - shaft_length
 - thread_length
 - thread_minor_dia





EXERCISE - Family Tables

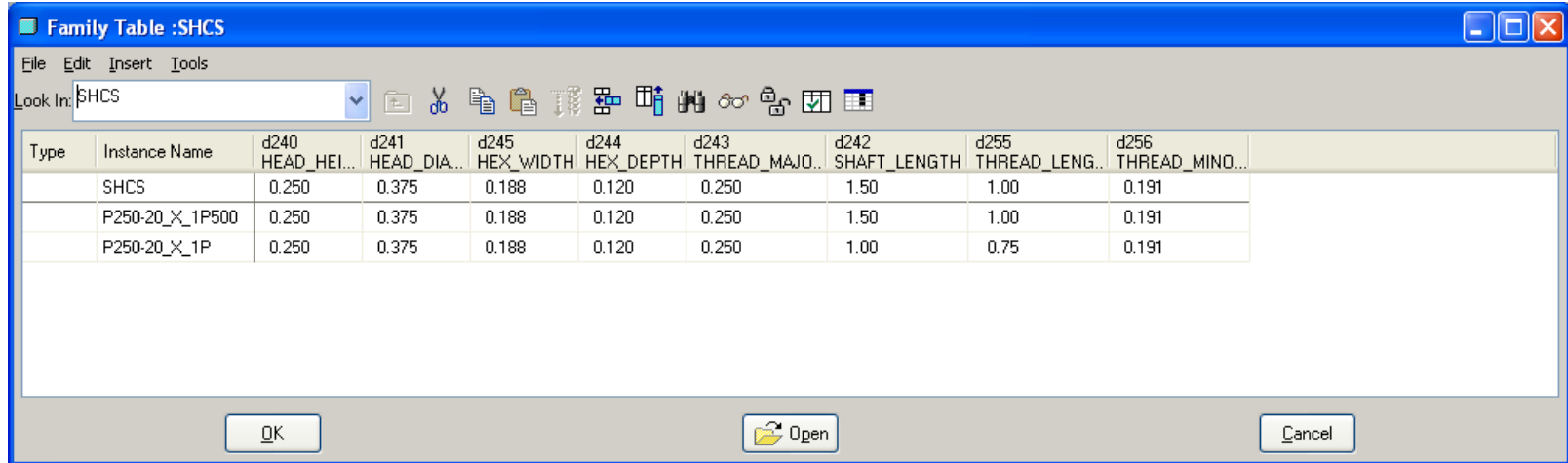
- Go back and examine the Family Table column headers (much better)

Type	Instance Name	d240 HEAD_HEIGHT	d241 HEAD_DIAMETER	d245 HEX_WIDTH	d244 HEX_DEPTH	d243 THREAD_MAJOR_DIA	d242 SHAFT_LENGTH	d255 THREAD_LENGTH	d256 THREAD_MINOR_DIA
	SHCS	0.250	0.375	0.188	0.120	0.250	1.50	1.00	0.191
	P250-20_X_1P500	0.250	0.375	0.188	0.120	0.250	1.50	1.00	0.191



EXERCISE - Family Tables

- Create a new instance that has a 1.000 shaft_length and .750 thread_length
- Verify the instance
- Save the model
- Open the new instance



Family Table :SHCS

Look In: SHCS

Type	Instance Name	d240 HEAD_HEI...	d241 HEAD_DIA...	d245 HEX_WIDTH	d244 HEX_DEPTH	d243 THREAD_MAJO...	d242 SHAFT_LENGTH	d255 THREAD LENG..	d256 THREAD_MINO...
	SHCS	0.250	0.375	0.188	0.120	0.250	1.50	1.00	0.191
	P250-20_X_1P500	0.250	0.375	0.188	0.120	0.250	1.50	1.00	0.191
	P250-20_X_1P	0.250	0.375	0.188	0.120	0.250	1.00	0.75	0.191

OK Open Cancel

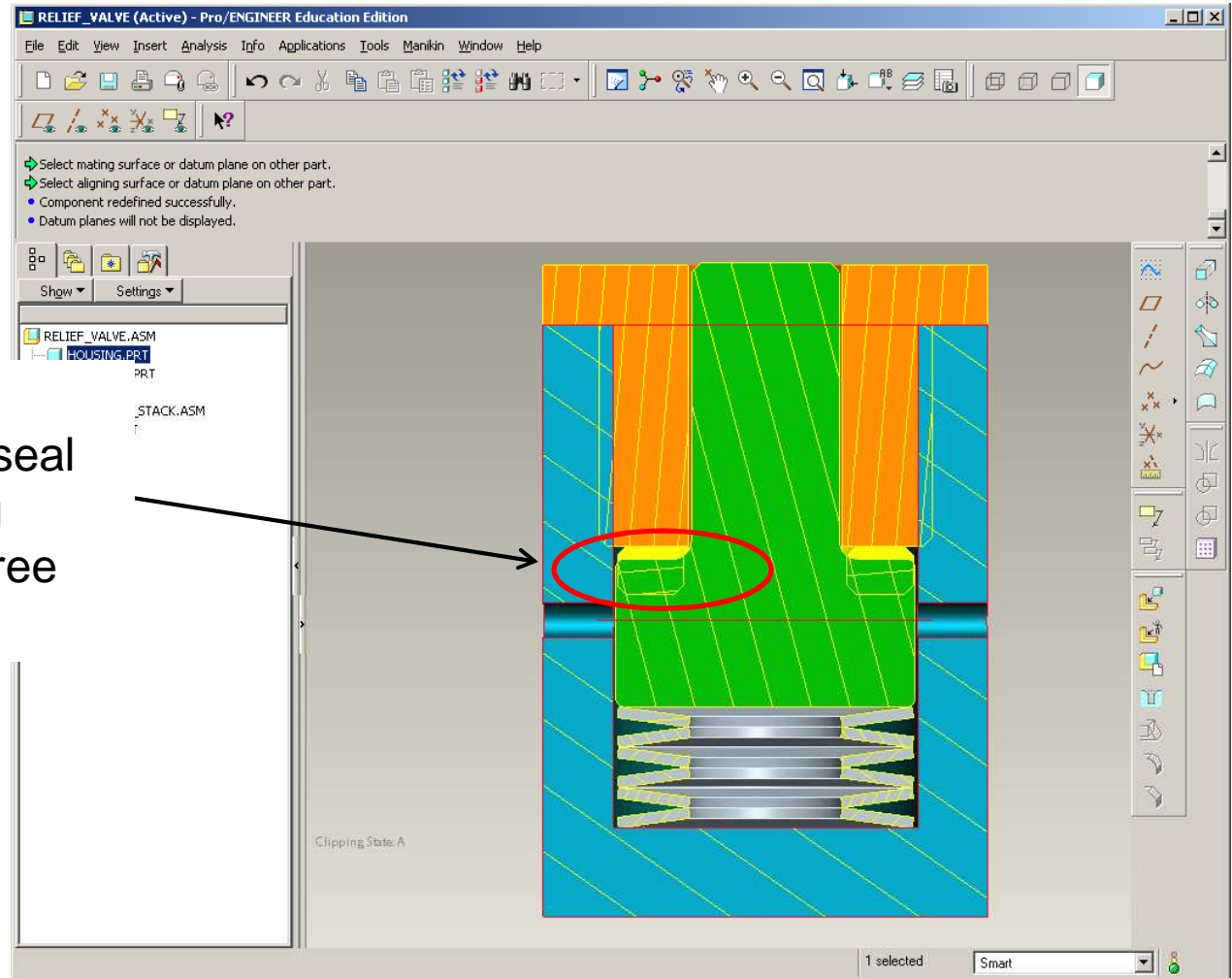


EXERCISE - Family Tables

Create a Family Table to show a spring in free, installed and compressed lengths

- Open relief_valve.asm

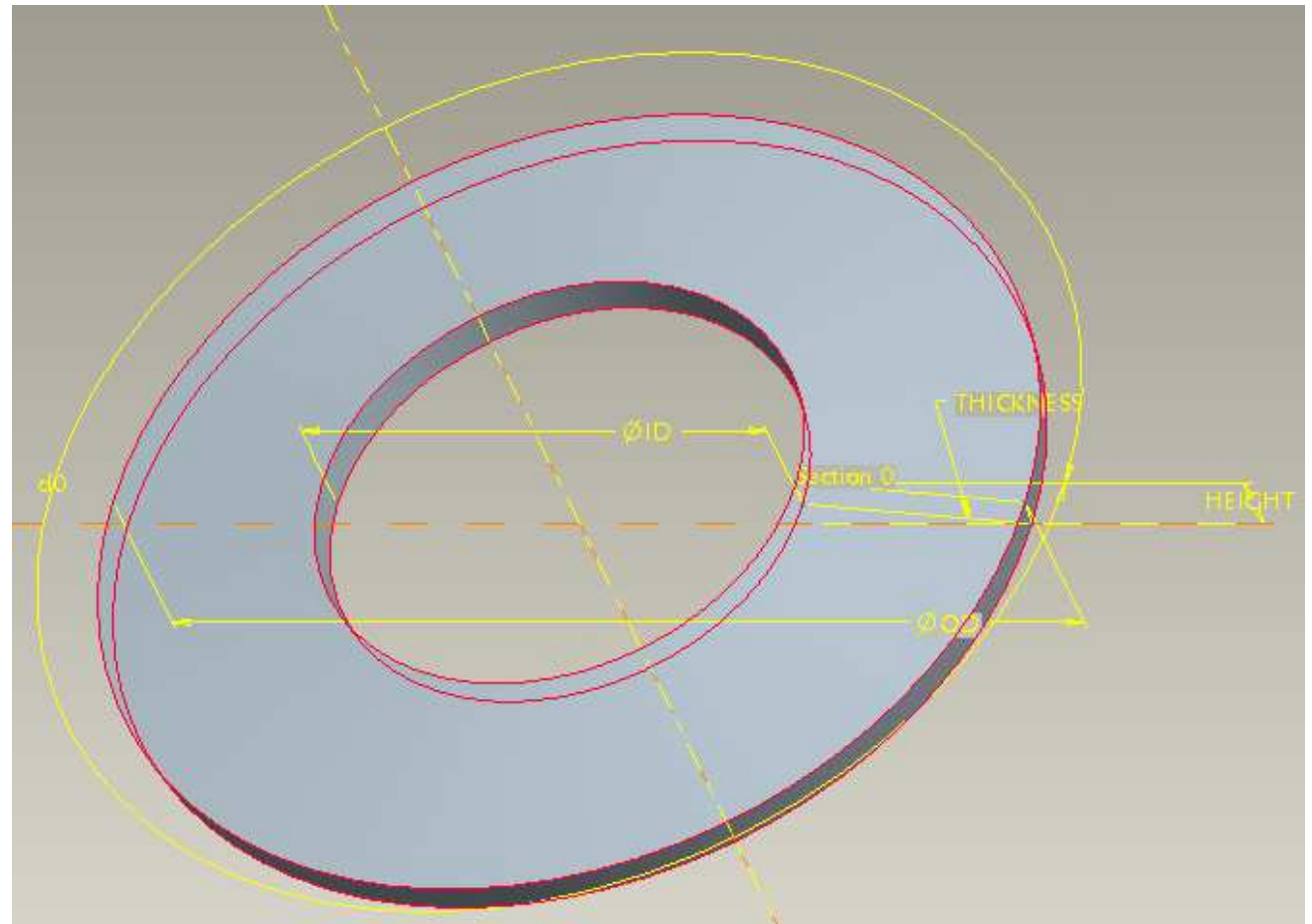
Notice: the piston interferes with the seal because the spring stack is shown at free length





EXERCISE - Family Tables

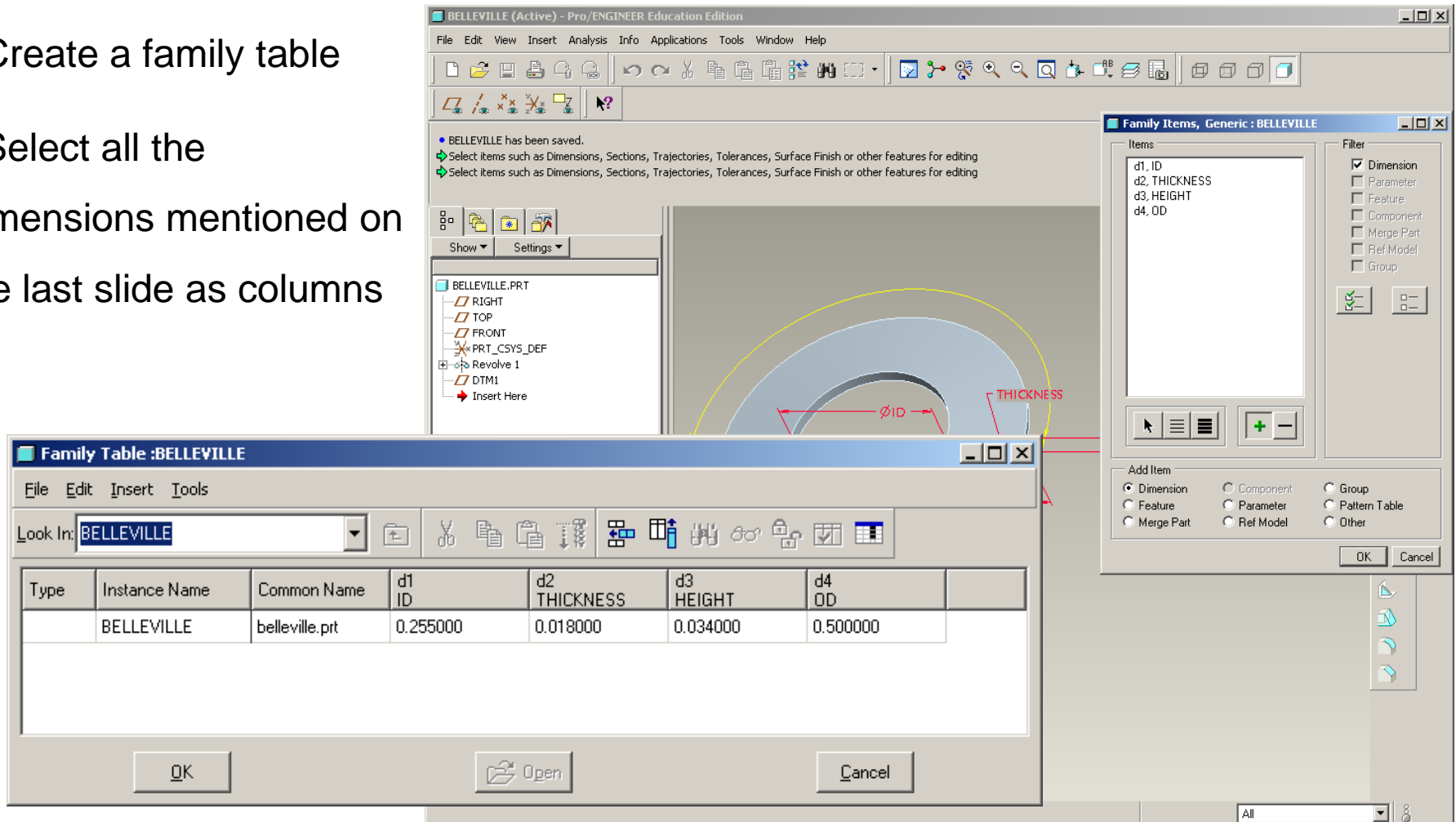
- Open belleville.prt
- Rename the following dimensions as we did previously
 - ID
 - OD
 - THICKNESS
 - HEIGHT





EXERCISE - Family Tables

- Create a family table
- Select all the dimensions mentioned on the last slide as columns





EXERCISE - Family Tables

- Go back to the relief_valve.asm assembly

assembly

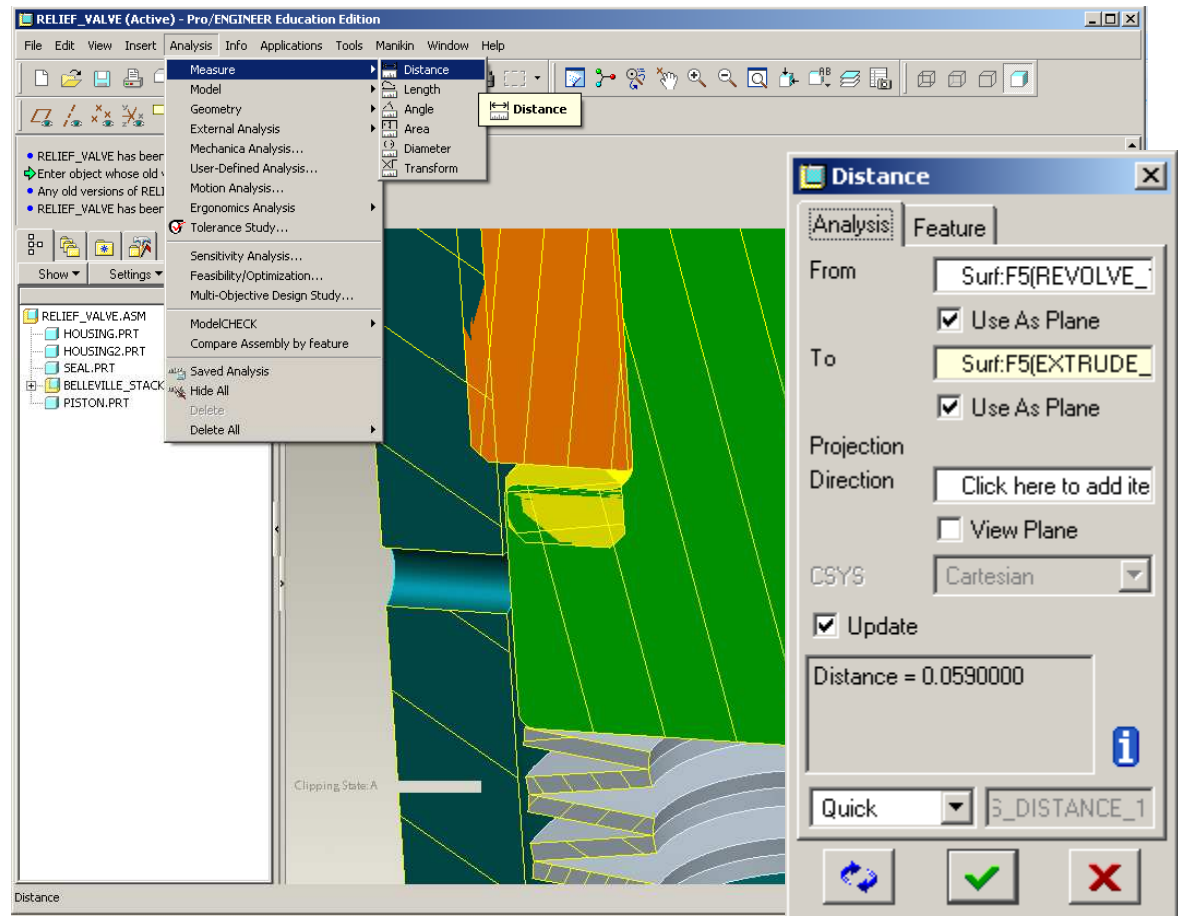
- Measure the interference between the piston and the seal

- Analysis > Measure > Distance

- Select plane on piston

- Select plane on seal

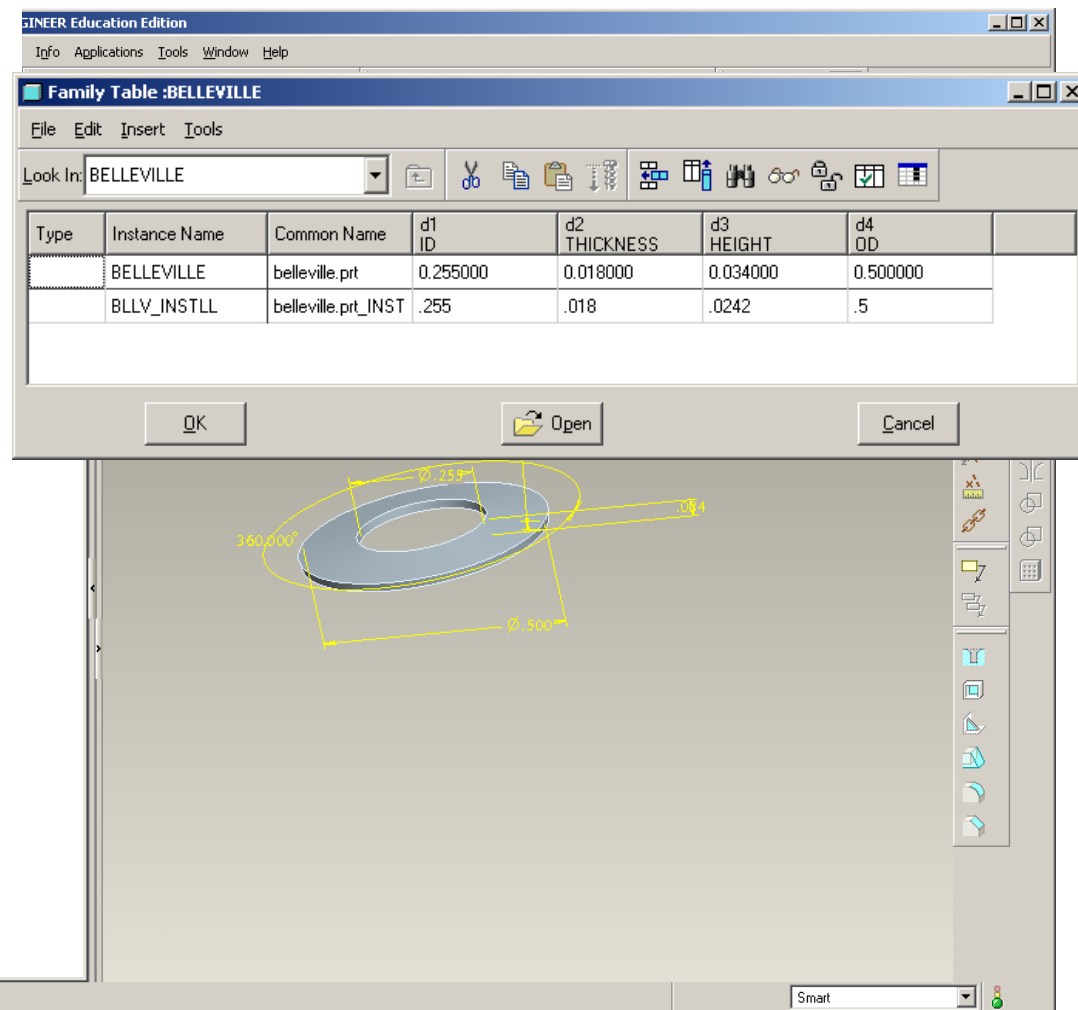
- Note the total interference is .059in





EXERCISE - Family Tables

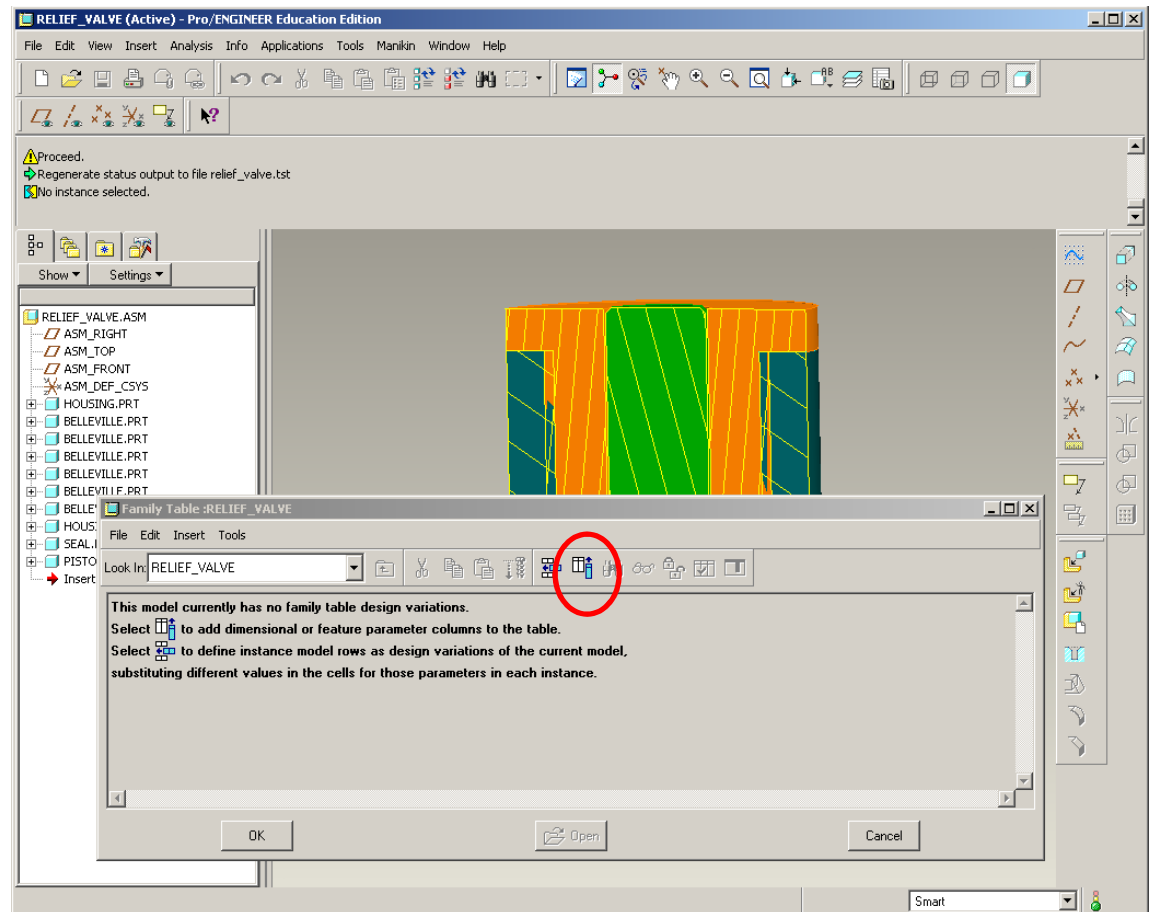
- From the measurement, we need to lower the height of the Bellevilles from .034 to .0242
- Create a new instance “BLLV_INSTLL”
- Copy all dimensions, except for the height
- Change height to .0242
- Verify instance and save part





EXERCISE - Family Tables

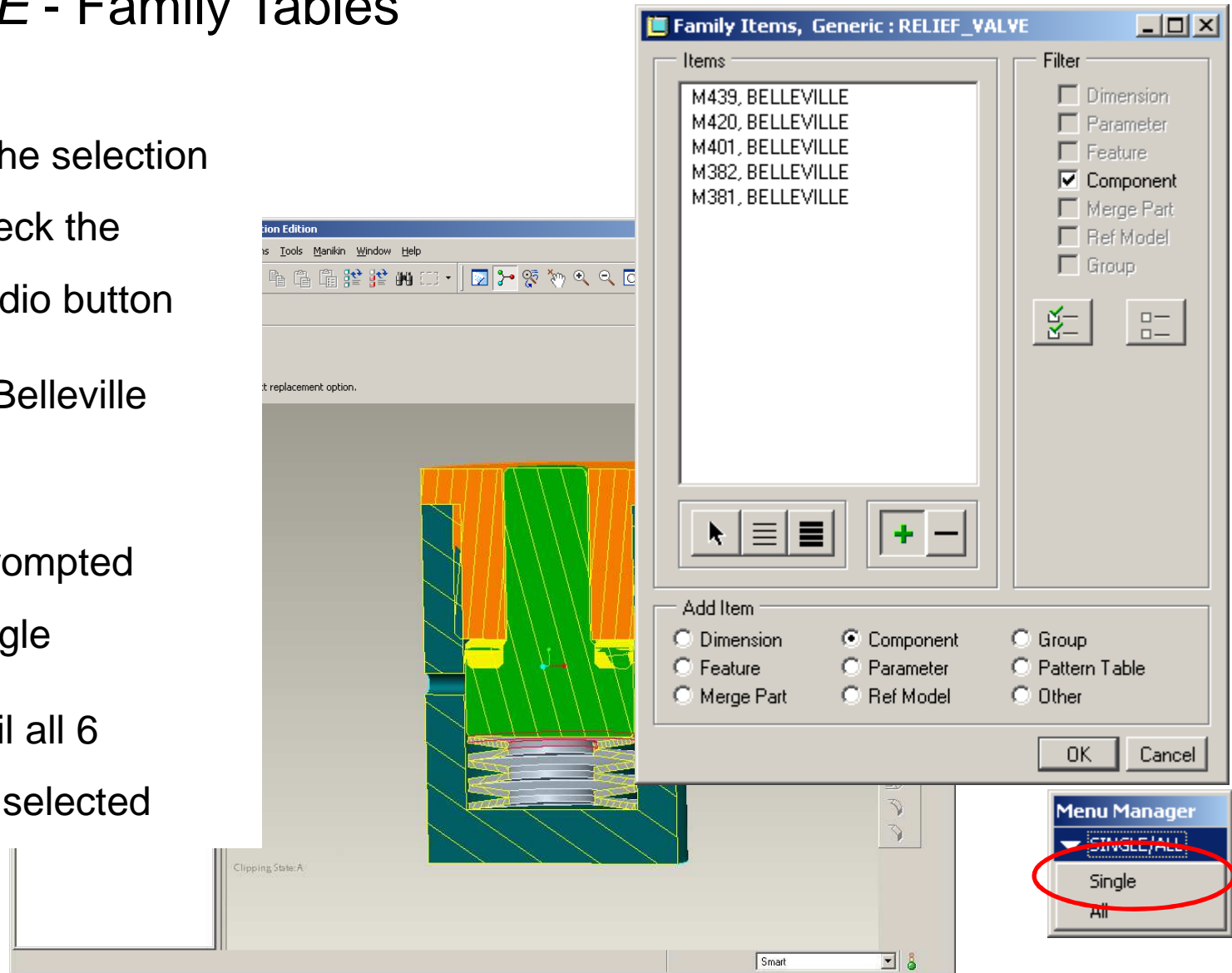
- Return to the assembly
- Create a Family Table (Tools > Family Table...)
- Begin by adding columns





EXERCISE - Family Tables

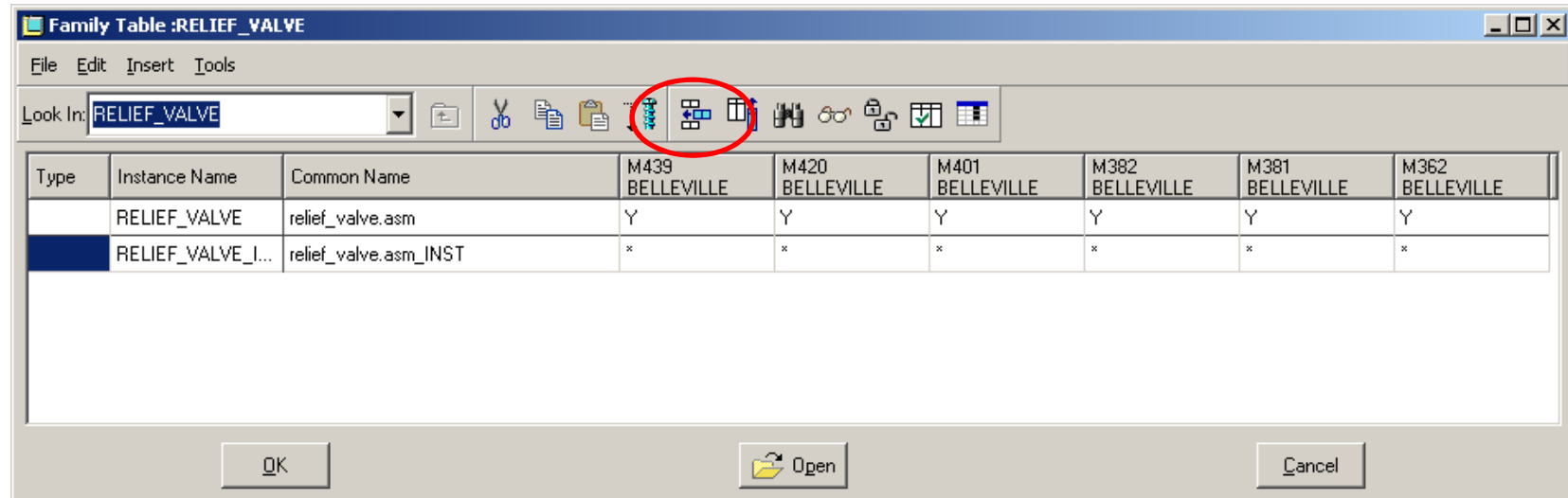
- This time in the selection dialog box, check the Component radio button
- Select each Belleville washer
 - When prompted select Single
- Continue until all 6 Bellevilles are selected





EXERCISE - Family Tables

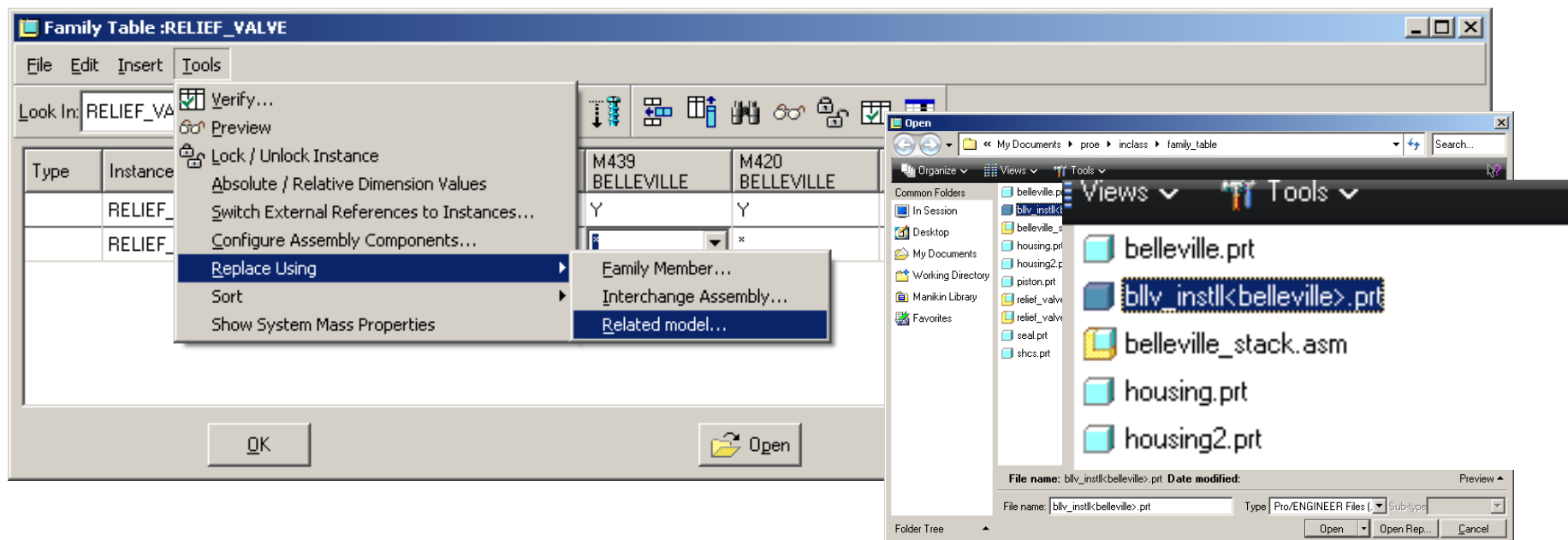
- Create a new instance with the add row button





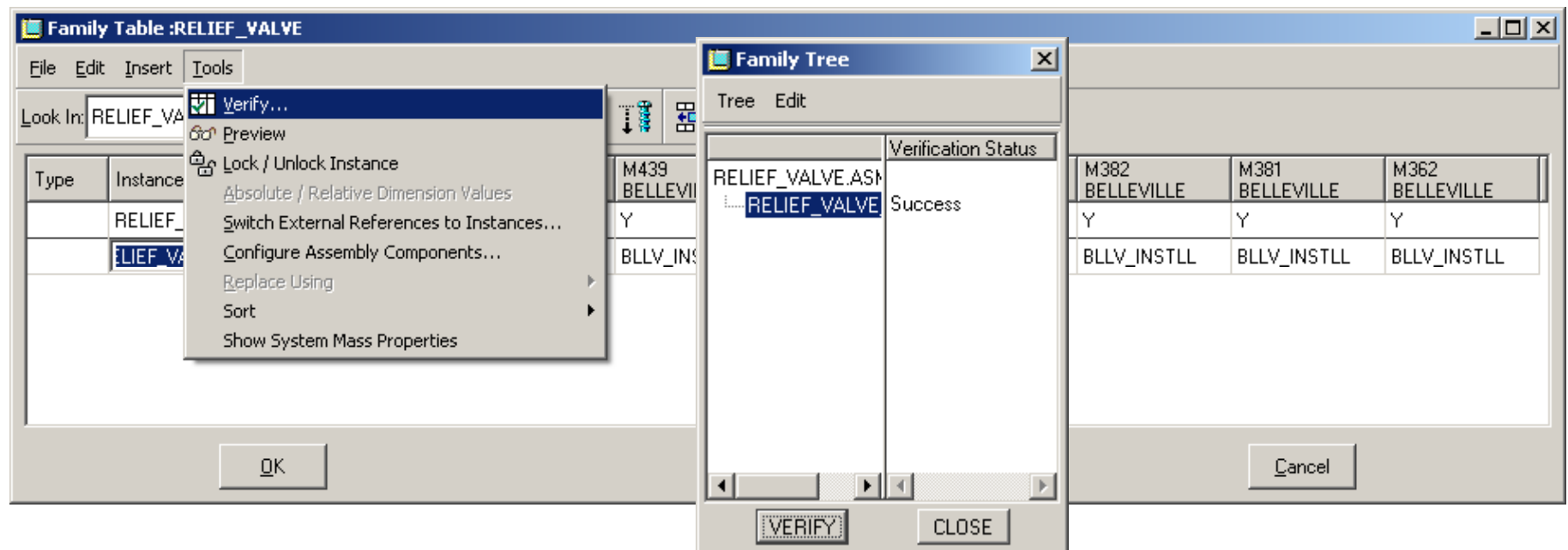
EXERCISE - Family Tables

- Select cell for the first Belleville instance
- Tools > Replace Using > Related model...
- Select the Belleville instance with the reduced height
- Repeat these steps for all 6 Bellevilles



EXERCISE - Family Tables

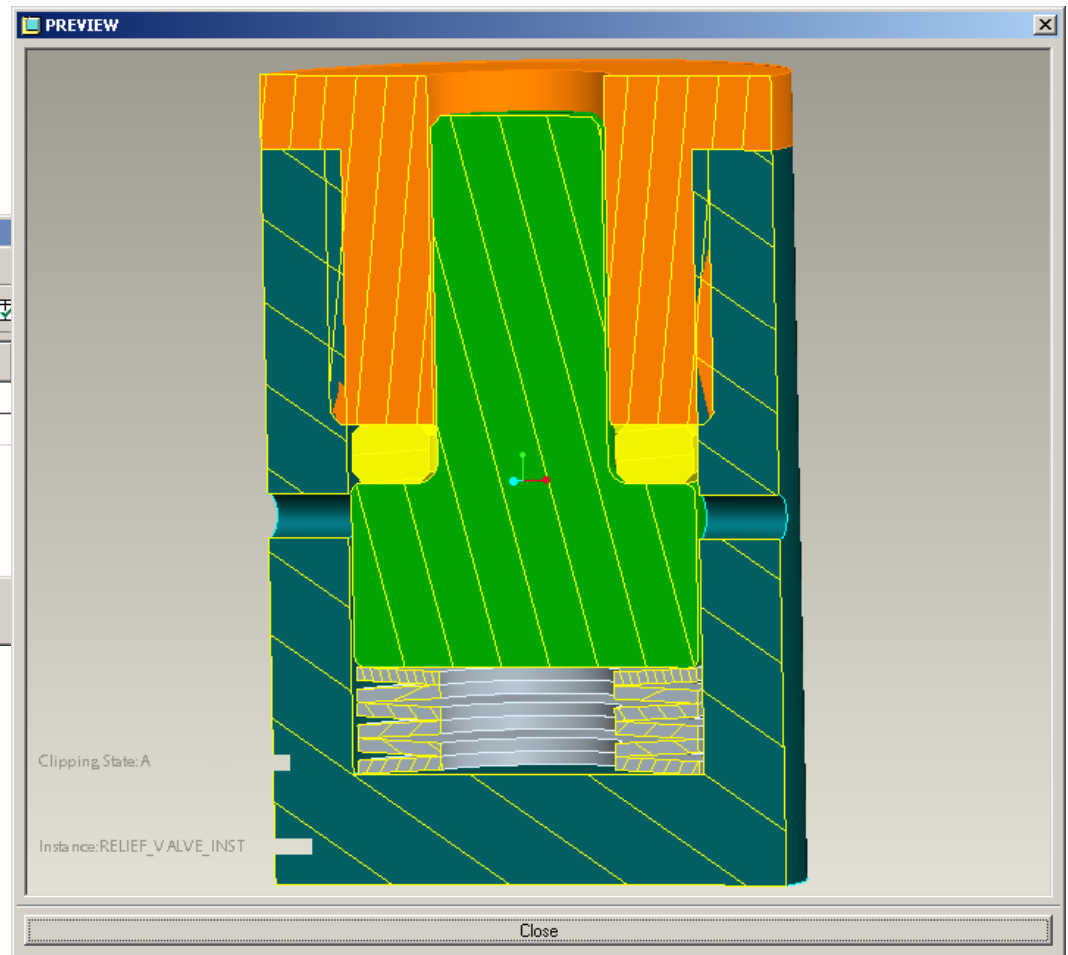
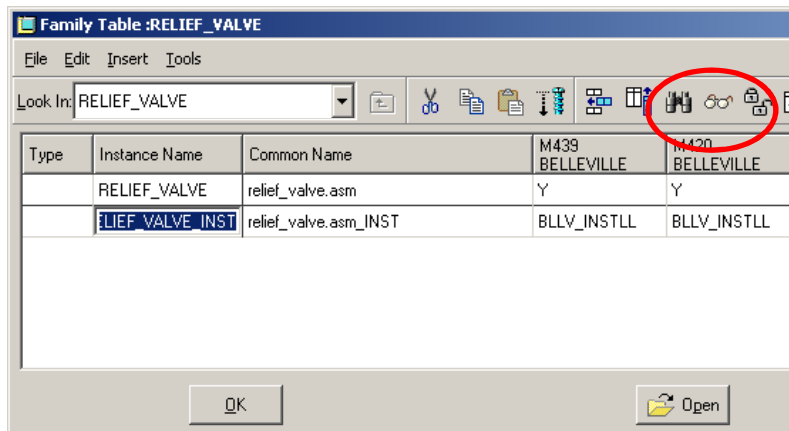
- Once all the Bellevilles are swapped out, Verify the model





EXERCISE - Family Tables

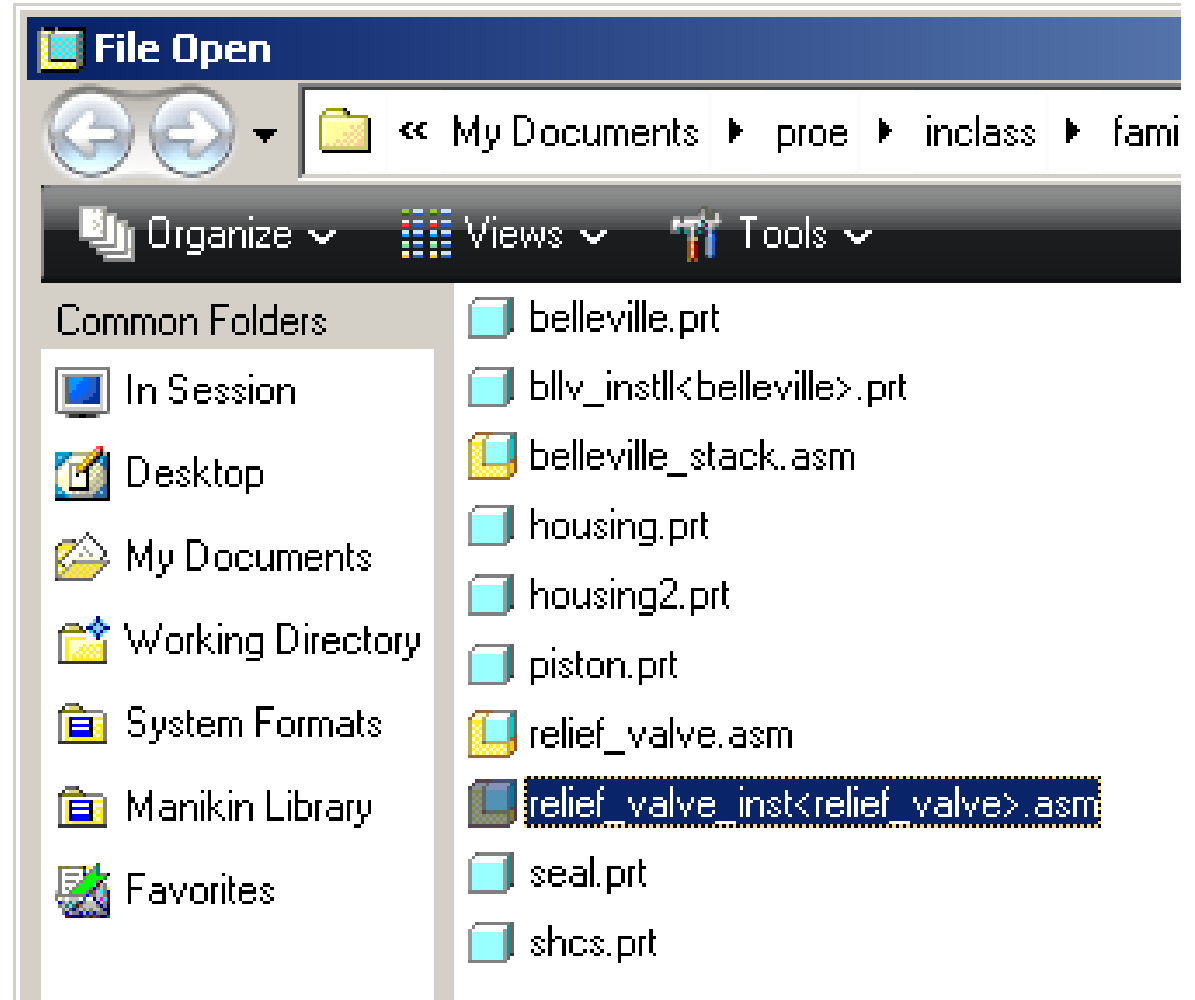
- After verifying the model, select Preview and make sure the interference is gone





EXERCISE - Family Tables

- Save the generic and then open the instance





EXERCISE - Family Tables

- Done

