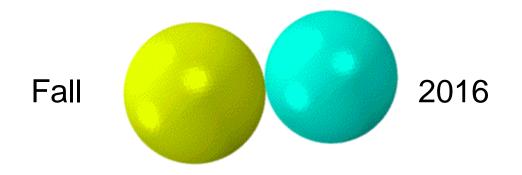


School of Engineering Brown University

ENGN2210 CONTINUUM MECHANICS

Allan Bower

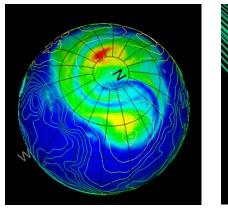


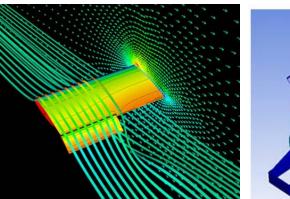
What is continuum mechanics?

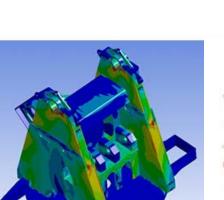


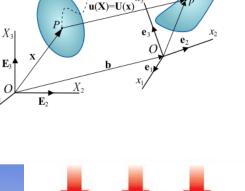
What is continuum mechanics?

- A continuum idealized form of matter
- Descriptions of motion and forces for continua
- Physical laws conservation of mass; momentum; energy
- Thermodynamics entropy
- Constitutive laws (empirical)
- Mathematical Techniques tensors, differential geometry;
- Numerical methods
- Applications







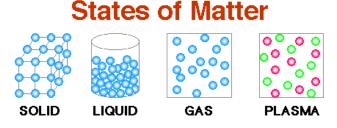


 $\mathbf{X} = \chi(\mathbf{X}, t)$

Path line

Deformed

Configuration, t = t $\kappa_t(\mathcal{B})$



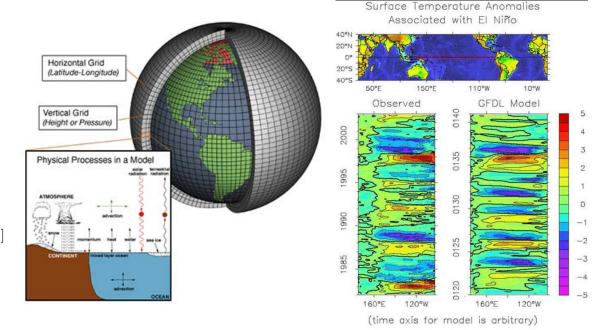
Undeformed Configuration, t = 0 $\kappa_0(\mathcal{B})$

Applications of Continuum Mechanics – climate modeling

Governing equations

- Momentum balance
- Thermal energy balance
- Mass conservation
- Constitutive eqs for air/water

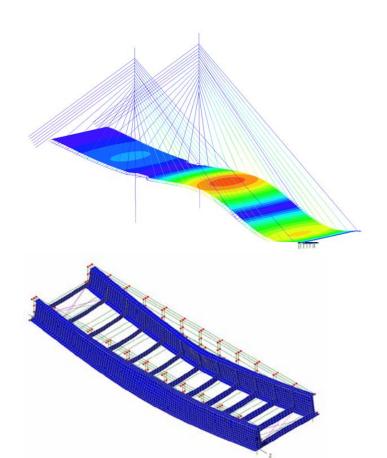
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dv}{dt} &= -(1/\rho)\nabla p - g(r/r) + (1/\rho)\left[\nabla \cdot (\mu\nabla v) + \nabla(\lambda\nabla \cdot v)\right] \\ c_v \frac{dT}{dt} &+ p\frac{d\alpha}{dt} = q + f \\ \frac{d\rho}{dt} &+ \rho\nabla \cdot v = 0 \\ p &= \rho RT. \end{aligned}$$



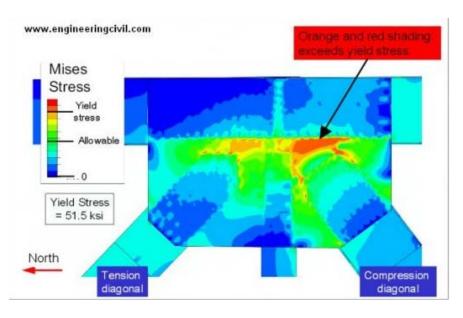
Sea loc Thickness (10-year average) 190's of 195's volume 100 % of 195's volume 195's volume 195's volume 195's volume

Applications of Continuum Mechanics: Structural Mechanics

- Equilibrium (momentum for vibrations)
- Kinematics (beams, shells, plates)
- Material Models (elasticity, plasticity)

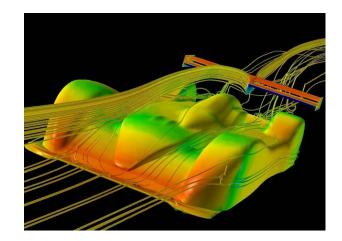


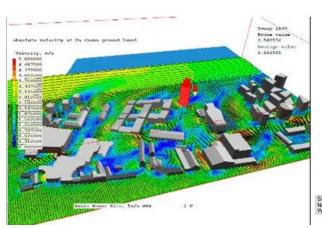


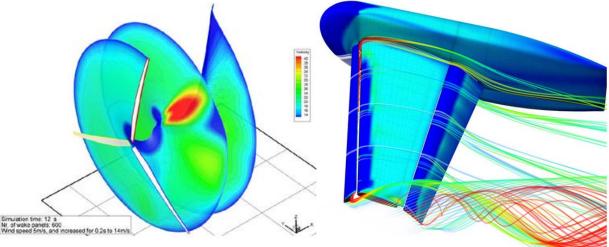


Applications of Continuum Mechanics: Aerodynamics

- Momentum balance (Navier Stokes)
- Turbulence closure conditions
- Mass conservation
- Constitutive relations (gas law?)

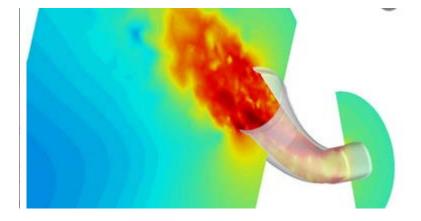


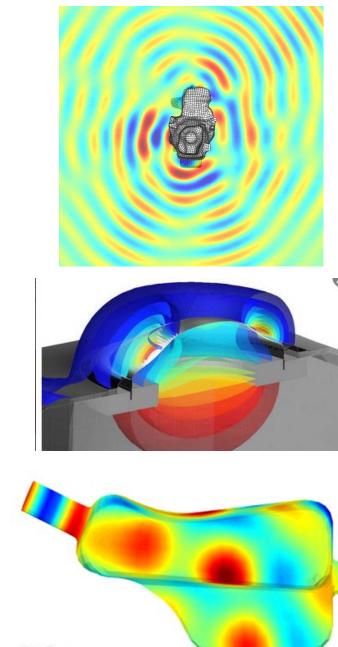




Applications of Continuum Mechanics: Acoustics

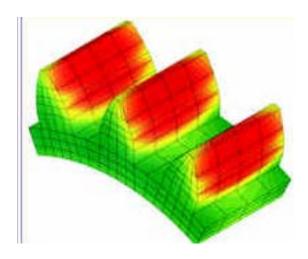
- Linearized Navier-Stokes equations
- Ideal gas law
- Mass conservation

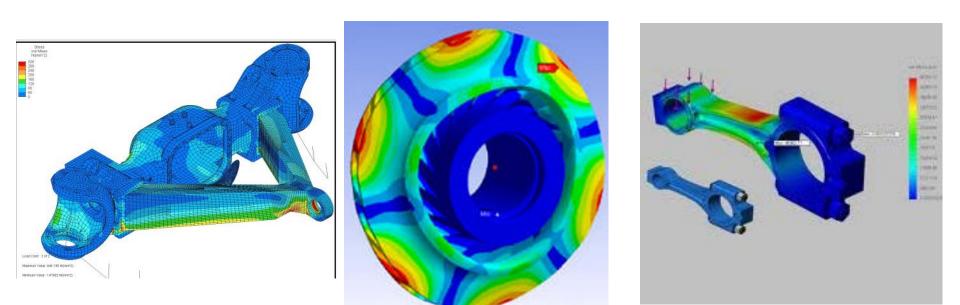




Applications of Continuum Mechanics: Machine Design

- Equilibrium (momentum for modal analysis)
- Constitutive equations elasticity/plasticity
- Failure criteria/Fracture Mechanics





Applications of Continuum Mechanics: Biomechanics

Governing equations

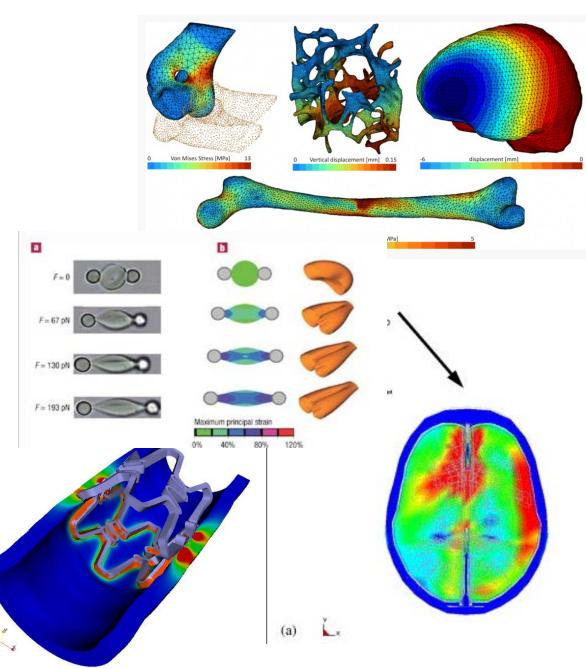
• Equilibrium/Navier Stokes

С

- Mass conservation
- Constitutive equations
- Growth laws?
- Failure criteria

B

A



Applications of Continuum Mechanics: Materials Science

Governing equations

- Equilibrium
- Constitutive relations
- Multiphysics
- Failure criteria

(A)

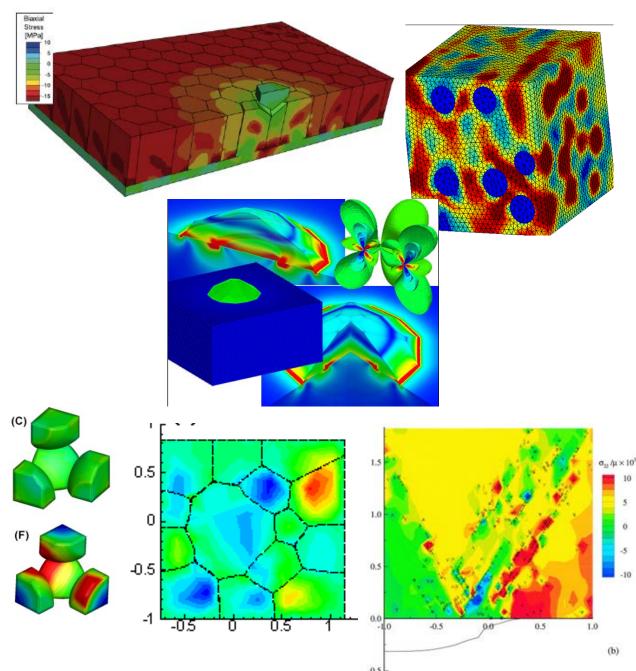
(D)

Stress σ_{xx} MPa

> 100 87 74 61 48 36 23 10 -3 -16 -29 -41 -54 -67 -80

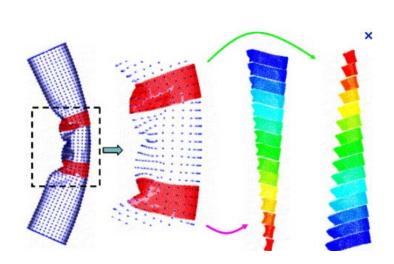
(B)

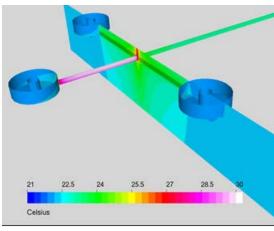
(E)



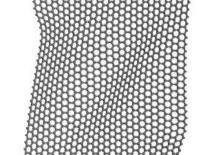
Applications of Continuum Mechanics: Nano/microfluidics

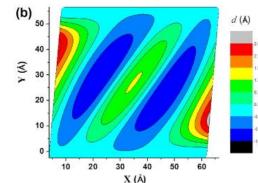
- Equilibrium
- Constitutive relations
- Multi-scale methods

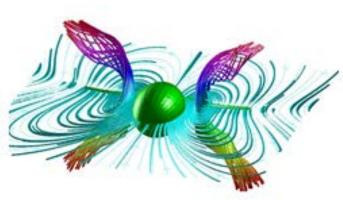


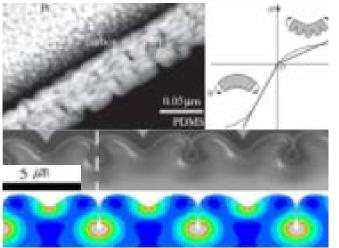






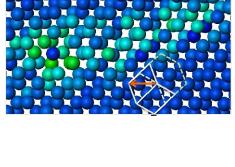


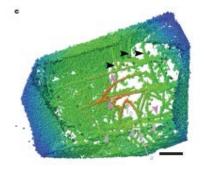


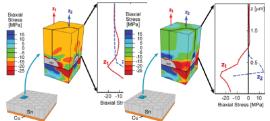


Current research topics in continuum mechanics

- Coupled problems multiphysics: eg
 - Li ion batteries (chemistry/diffusion/mechanical stress)
 - Biophysics/mechanics/chemistry eg mechanotransduction
 - New materials eg hydrogels
 - Coupled fluids/solids blood flow; tissue mechanics
- Deriving/understanding constitutive relations from fundamental physics
 - Ab initio atomistics
 - Molecular dynamics
 - Multiscale methods concurrent or hierarchical
- Major unresolved fundamental issues
 - How to treat kinetics of slow processes at atomic scales or mesoscale?
 - Complexity eg plasticity (dislocations) or turbulent flow
 - Uncertainty existing models nearly always deterministic; applications need eg statistics of failures
- Numerical Methods
- Applications....







Goals of Continuum Mechanics

- Predict the deformation and motion of solid or fluid
- Use predictions to design engineering systems
- Use predictions to understand natural phenomena

Foundations

- Mathematical preliminaries vectors, tensors, calculus
- Mathematical description of motion and deformation
- Mathematical description of internal forces
- Conservation laws (mass, momentum, energy)
- Thermodynamics first and second laws
- Constitutive relations and failure criteria experimental mechanics
- Mathematical methods for solving PDEs
- Numerical methods for solving PDEs

Course Goals

An introduction to the mathematical foundations of continuum mechanics. Vectors and tensors, properties and basic operations. Kinematics of deformation. Conservation laws, thermodynamics. Stress. Constitutive equations. Elastic, viscous, and viscoelastic response. Linearization. Simple problems in finite and linear elasticity, and in Navier-Stokes flows. Creep and relaxation in linear viscoelasticity.

After completing EN2210, you should

- Be able to manipulate tensors effortlessly
- Be able to describe motion, deformation and forces in a continuum
- Be able to derive equations of motion and conservation laws for a continuum
- Understand constitutive models for fluids and viscoelastic solids
- Be able to solve simple boundary value problems for fluids and solids

Course Outline

- 1. Vectors and index notation
- 2. Tensors
- 3. Kinematics
- 4. Kinetics
- 5. Conservation Laws
- 6. Thermodynamics
- 7. Constitutive models general restrictions
- 8. Mechanics of Fluids
- 9. Mechanics of elastic and (maybe) viscoelastic solids
- 10. Special topic: Mass transport in solids (time permitting).

Course format

- Lectures meant to confuse you
- Homework assignments where you actually figure out what's going on
- Design projects more open ended applications
- Exams not sure what these are for

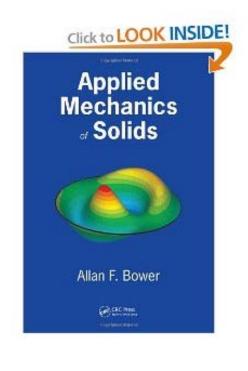
Resources

- Course web site –
- <u>http://www.brown.edu/Departments/Engineering/Cour</u> <u>ses/En221/</u>
- Reference notes and tutorials (see web site)
- Faculty Office Hours see web
- Ms Gesualdi (<u>stephanie_gesualdi@brown.edu</u>) coordinates administrative matters.

Textbooks

- No required text, but you might find a few supplementary texts helpful. Many good recent books on continuum mechanics!
- See web for suggestions (first two below recommended)

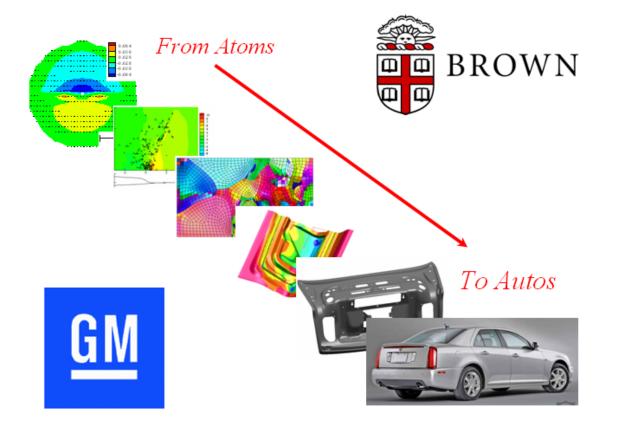




Faculty – Professor Bower

- Professor of Engineering
- PhD Cambridge
- Director, GM/Brown Collaborative Research Lab
- Mechanics of materials fracture, fatigue, deformation





Grading

- Homework: 35%
- Midterm Exam: 15%
- Final Examination: 30%
- Design Projects: 10% each