

PALERMO STONE (recto)

Heinrich Schäfer,
Ein Bruchstück Altägyptischer Annalen,
1902 (pl. 1)

LATE PREDYNASTIC KINGS

DJER

AHA

Following of Horus

Dates by calendar

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NETJERYKHET (Djoser)

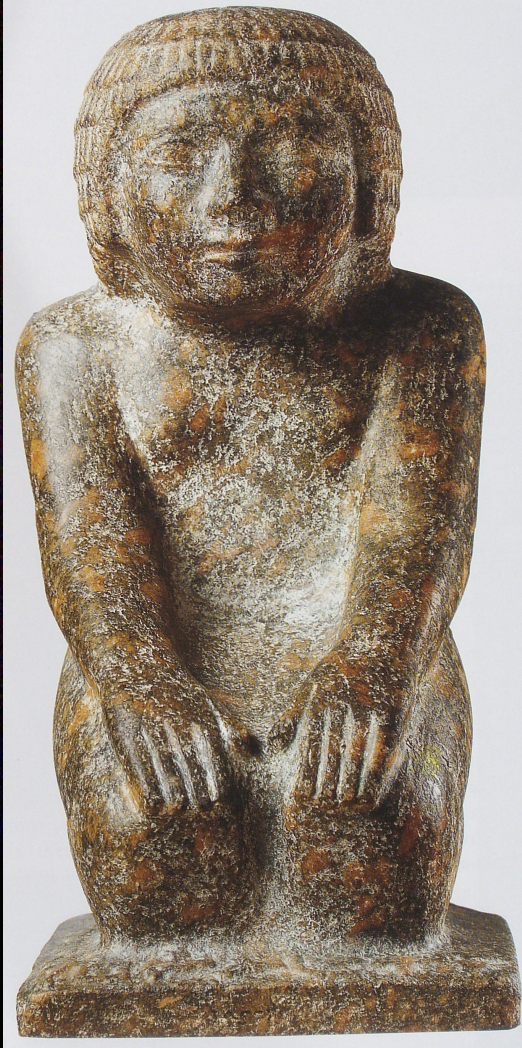
KHASEKHEMWWY

SNOFRU

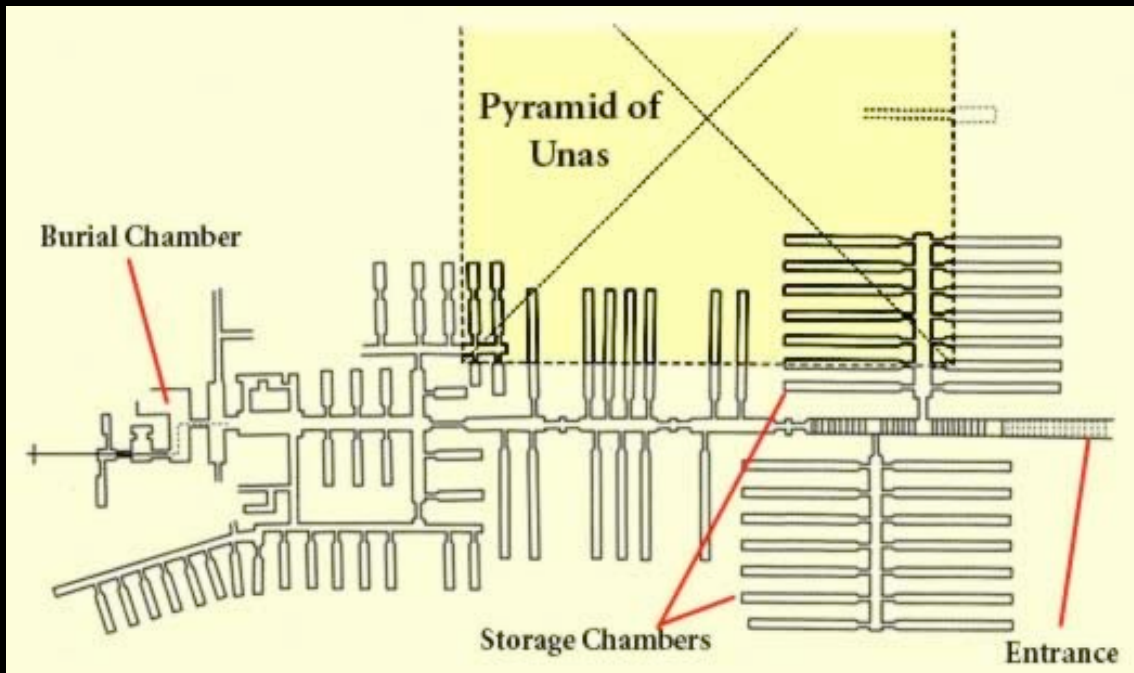
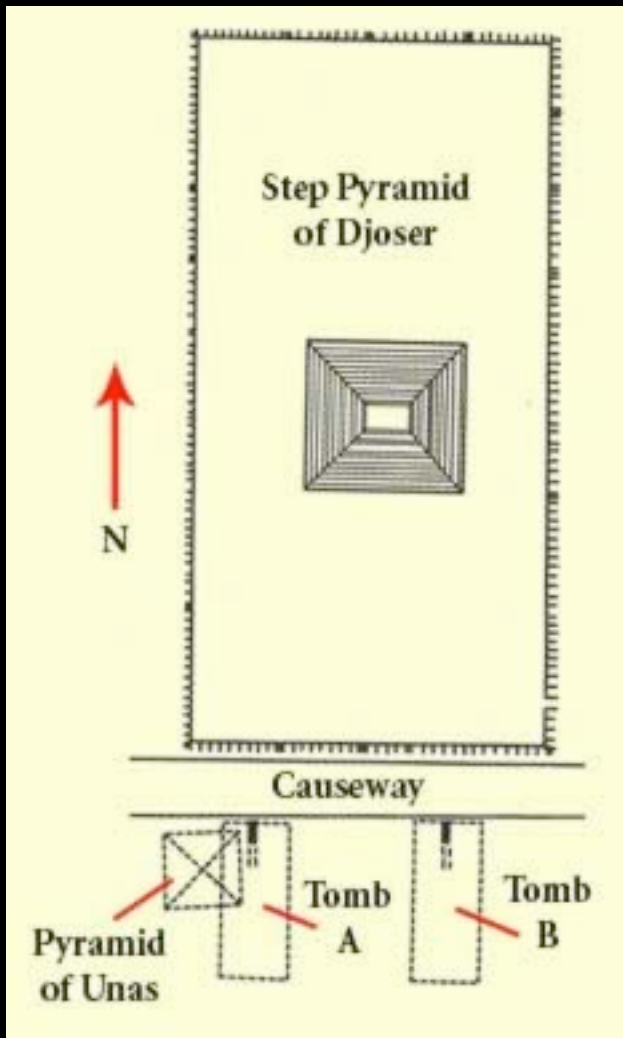
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General reconstruction of the original position of the 7 fragments of Annals



Stela of king Raneb (Nebra); statue of the mortuary priest Hetepdjef listing three 2nd Dynasty kings: Hetepsekehmewy, Raneb and Ninetjer



A: Hetepsekhemwy



B: Ninetjer





Private stelae of the 2nd Dynasty

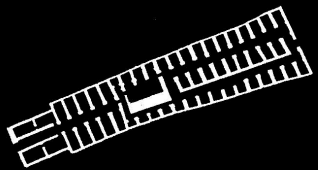


Kingship and conflict (?) in the late 2nd Dynasty

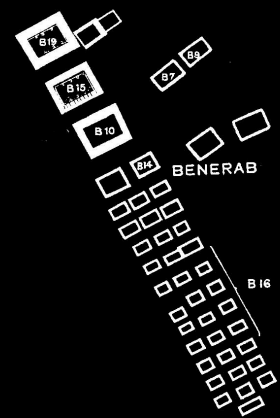
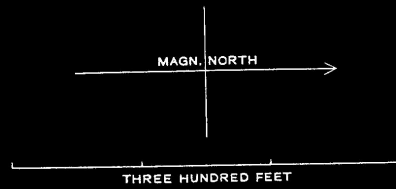
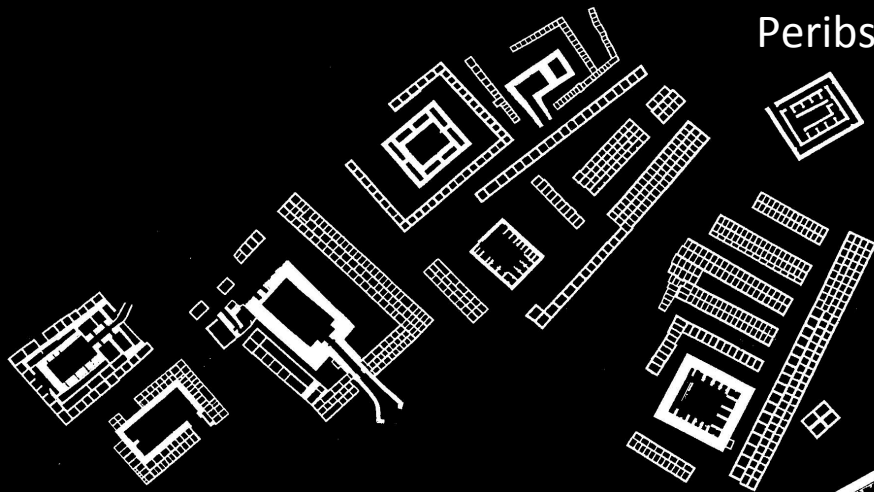


Seth Peribsen and Horus and Seth Khasekhemwy

Khasekhemwy



Peribsen





“Shunet ez-Zebib”
Funerary enclosure of
Khasekhemwy at Abydos

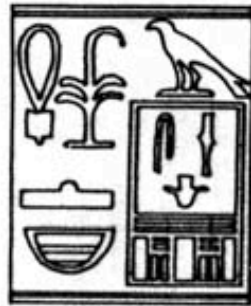


Seal Impressions of HORUS SEKHEMIB PERENMAAT

FRAP

All from Umm el Qa'ab P
(Peribsen's tomb) except
IAF 308 from
Peribsen's "Middle Fort",
IAF 804 unprovenanced.

A further seal impression
of Sekhemib has been
found at Elephantine.



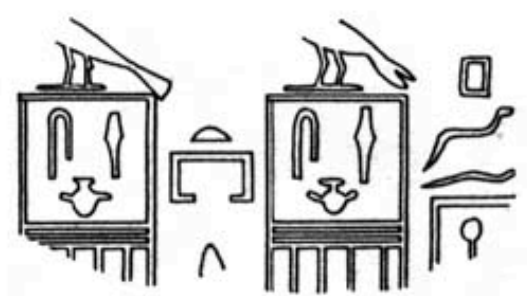
I.A.F.³ 266



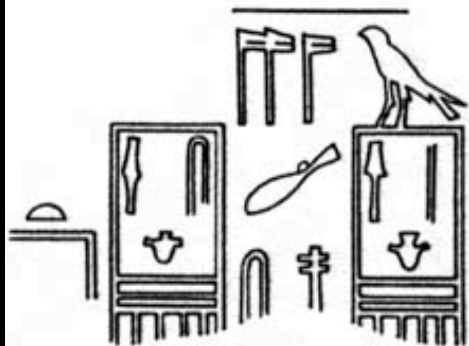
I.A.F.³ 267



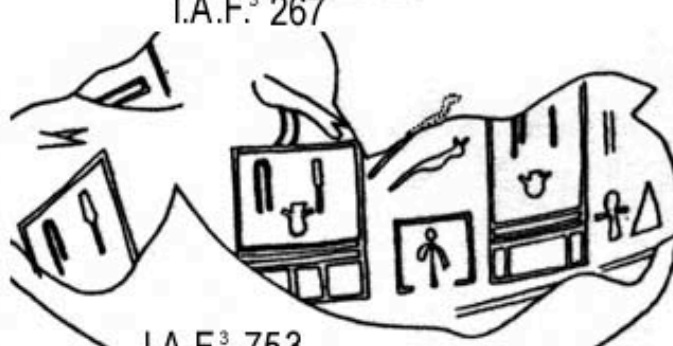
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I.A.F.³ 751



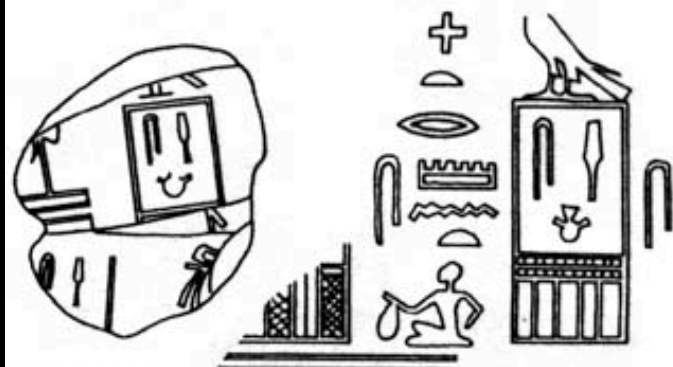
I.A.F.³ 752



I.A.F.³ 753

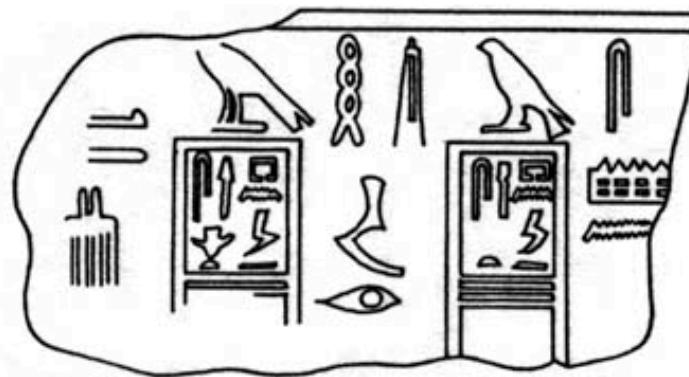


I.A.F.³ 754



I.A.F.³ 756

I.A.F.³ 755

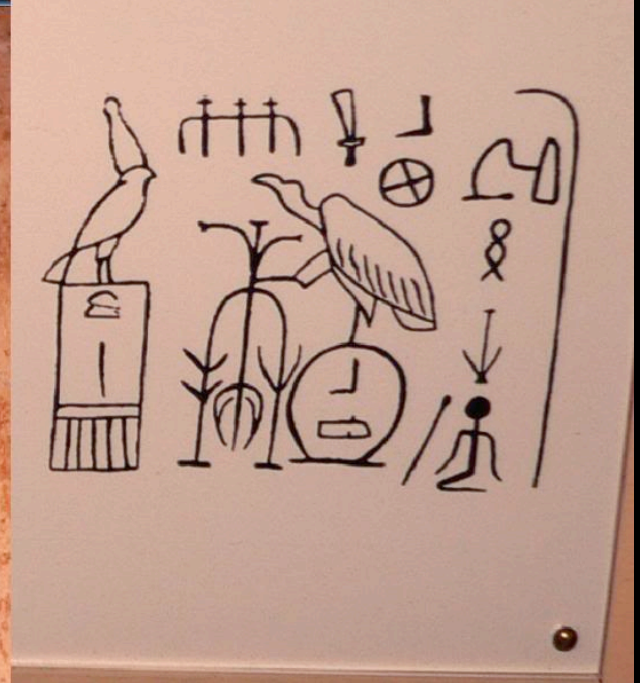


I.A.F.³ 308

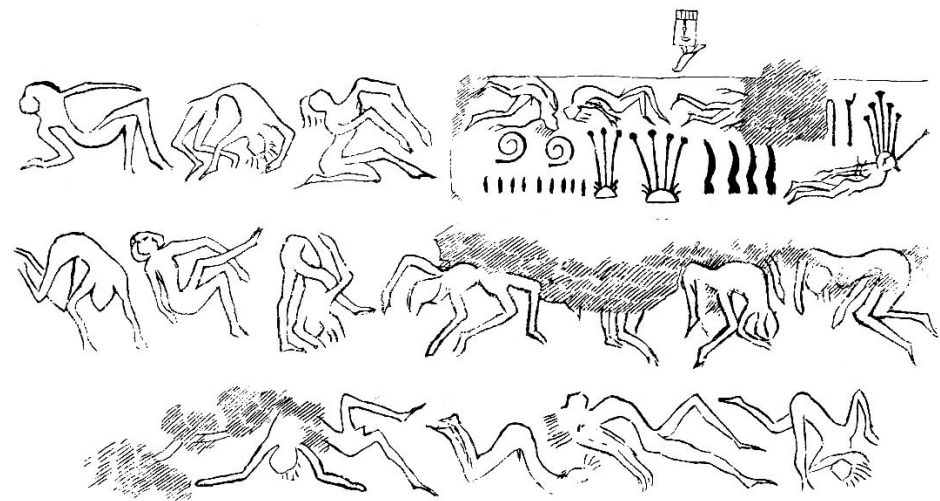


I.A.F.³ 804





Jar inscription of Horus Khasekhem reading “year of fighting and smiting the northerners” found in temple deposit at Hierakonpolis



Statue of Khasekhem, Hierakonpolis

Egyptian Chronology

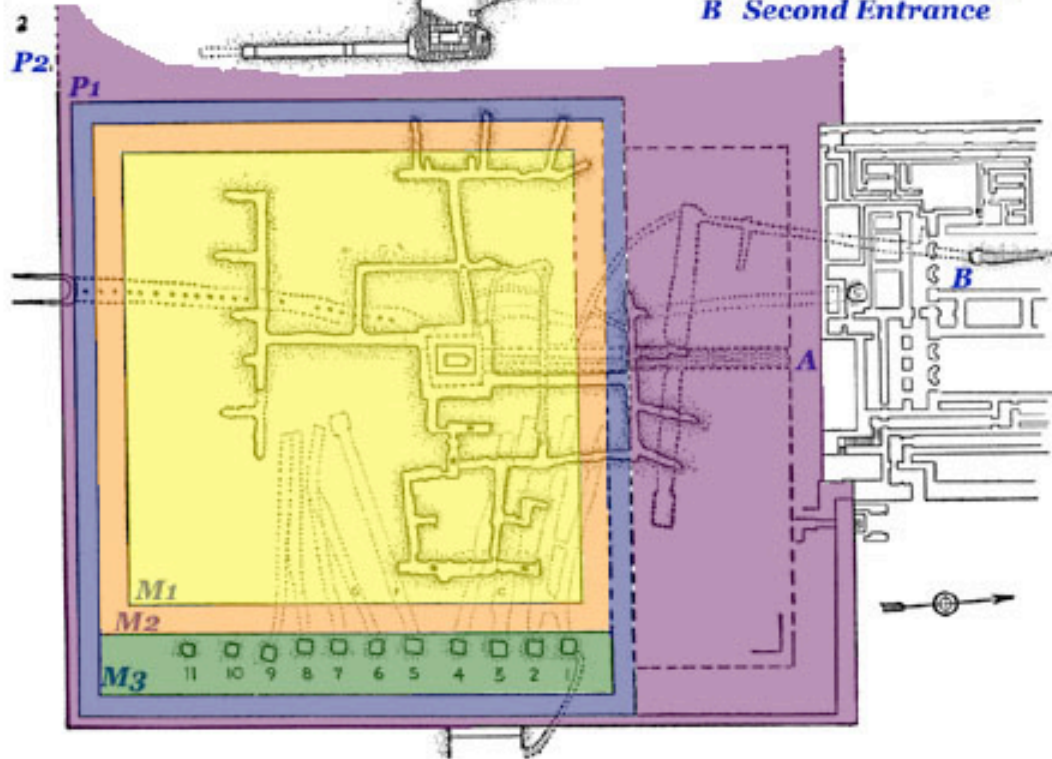
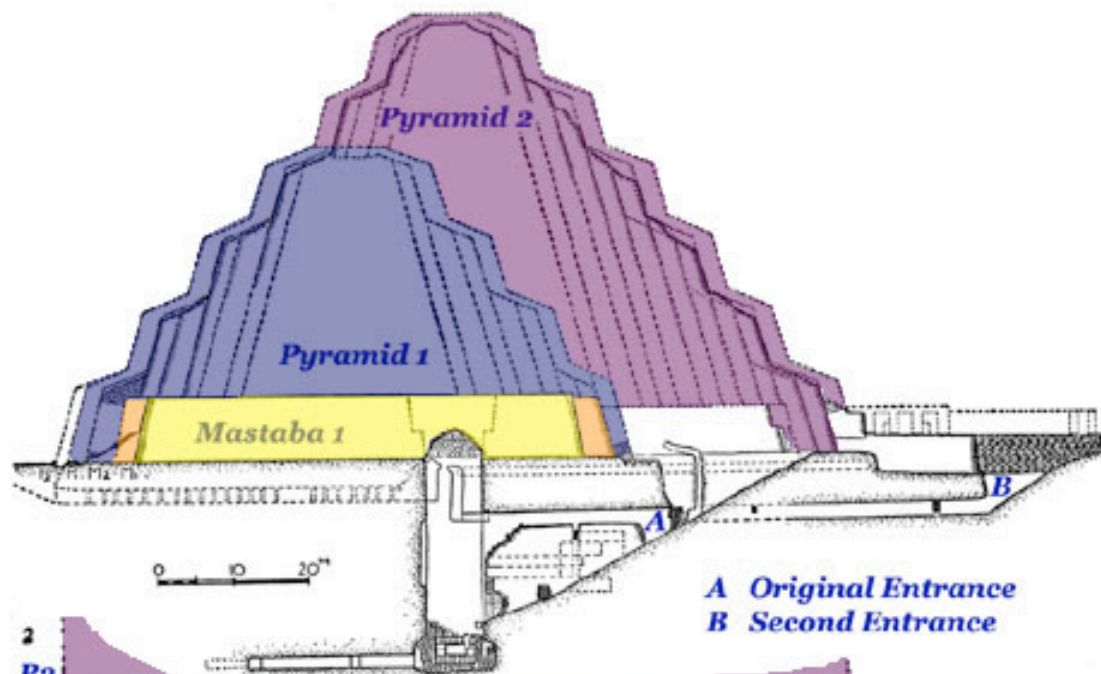
- Predynastic (c. 4400-3000 BC)
 - dynasty 0 c. 3100
- Early Dynastic (c. 3000-2650 BC)
 - Dynasty 1-2
- Old Kingdom (c. 2650-2150)
 - Dynasty 3-8 (or 6, depending on who you're reading)
- First Intermediate Period (c. 2150-2050 BC)
 - Dynasty 9-11.5
- Middle Kingdom (c. 2050-1650 BC)
 - Dynasty 11.5-13.5
- Second Intermediate Period (c. 1650-1550 BC)
 - Dynasty 13.5-17
- New Kingdom (c. 1550-1075 BC)
 - Dynasty 18-20
- Third Intermediate Period (c. 1075-664 BC)
 - Dynasty 21-25
- Late Period (664-332 BC)
 - Dynasty 26-30
- Ptolemaic Period (332-30 BC)
- Roman Period (30 BC-AD 395)

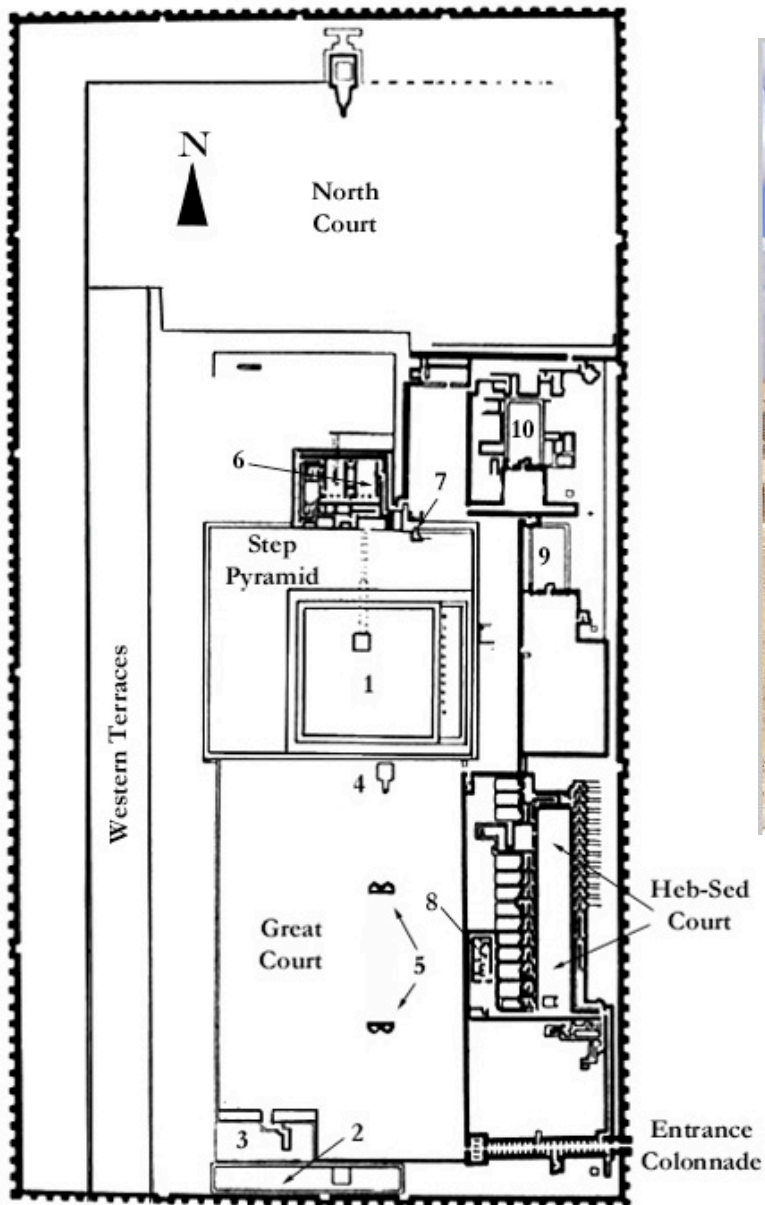
Old Kingdom plan of attack:

- Overview: chronology, kings and officials, sources of evidence, holes
- Kingship and the divine in the Old Kingdom
- 3/4th Dynasty, royal and official
- 5/6th Dynasty, royal and official
- Discussion: shifts between early and late Old Kingdom administration (Friday, Feb 21st)



The Step Pyramid of Djoser (Netjerikhet) at Saqqara



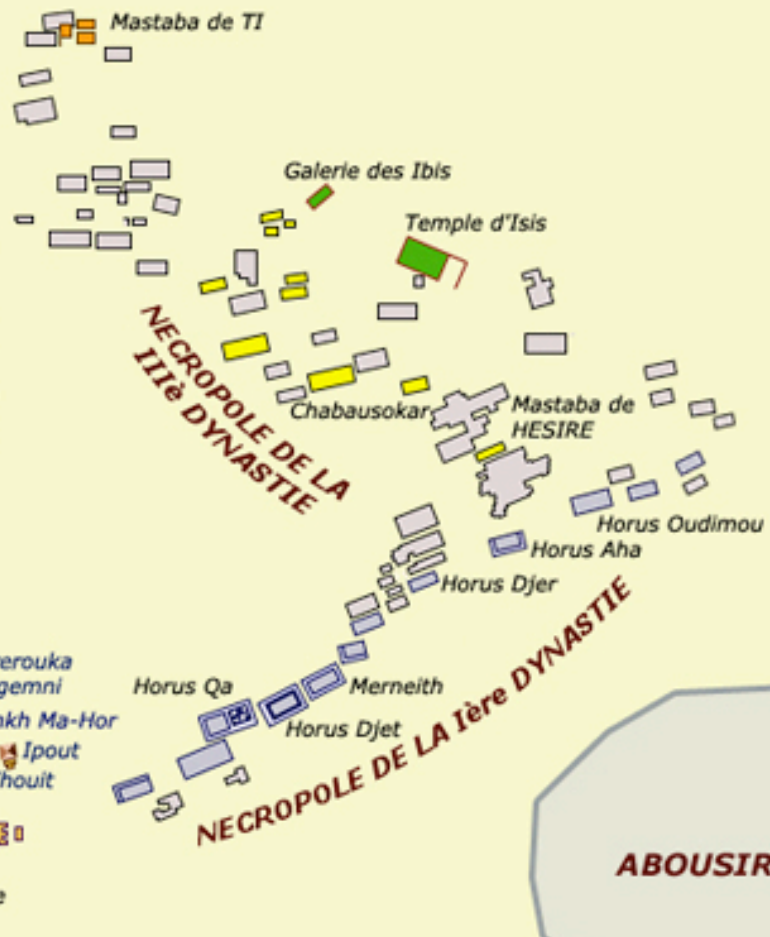
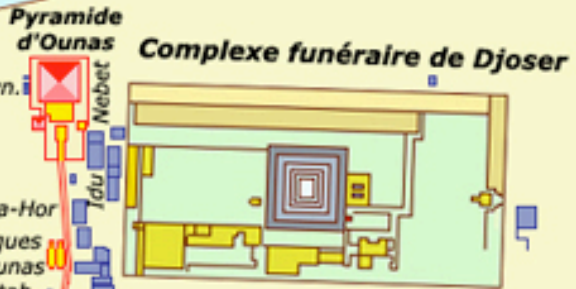


- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Mastabas | 6. Mortuary Temple |
| 2. Southern Tomb | 7. <i>Serdab</i> |
| 3. Token Palace | 8. Robing Hall |
| 4. Throne Dais | 9. Palace of the South |
| 5. Boundary Cairns | 10. Palace of the North |

SAQQARA

Groupe Nord

Pyramides, tombes et mastabas



Kings of the 3rd Dynasty:

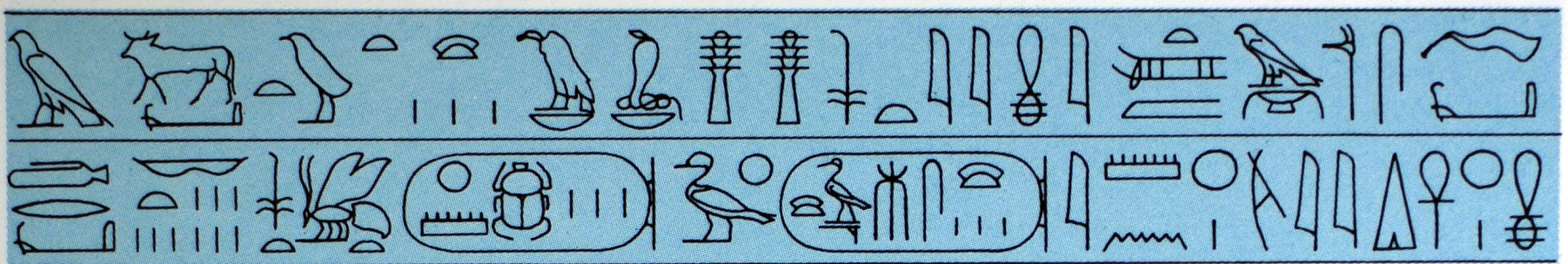
Netjerikhet (Djoser)

Sekhemkhet

Khaba

(Nebka?)

Sanakht/Huni (same person?)



Above A typical full titulary.
"Horus: Mighty bull, perfect of glorious appearances; Two Ladies: Enduring of kingship like Atum (the aging form of the sun god); Golden Horus: Strong of arm, oppressor of the Nine Bows (traditional enemies); *Nisut* and *bity* (terms for king); Menkheprure (the Enduring One of the manifestations of Re); Son of Re: Thutmose (IV), greatly appearing one; beloved of Amon-Re, given life like Re."