

CLAS 0210

Sport in the Ancient Greek World



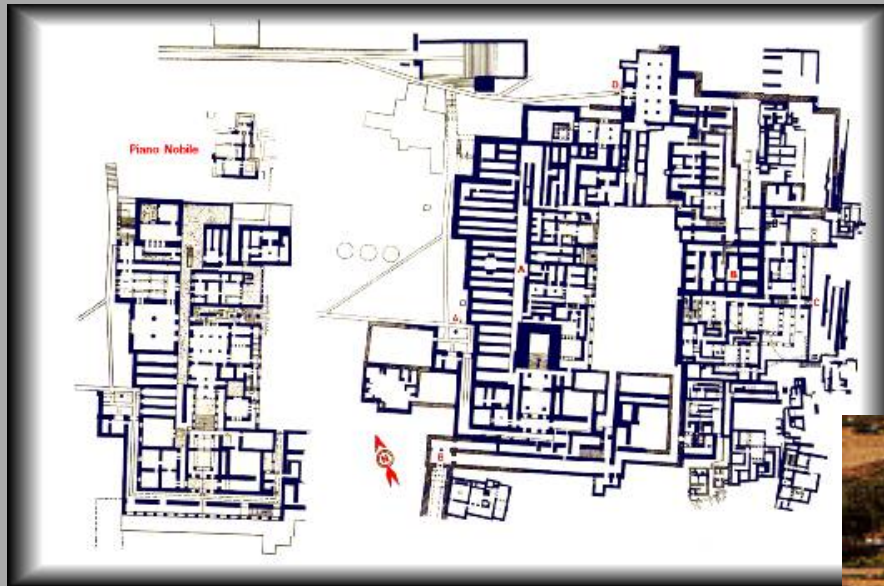
- Class 3
- Monday 1 February
- Sport in the Minoan & Mycenaean eras

- Minoan Crete (16th-15th centuries BC)
- King Minos, Knossos

Knossos
on Crete

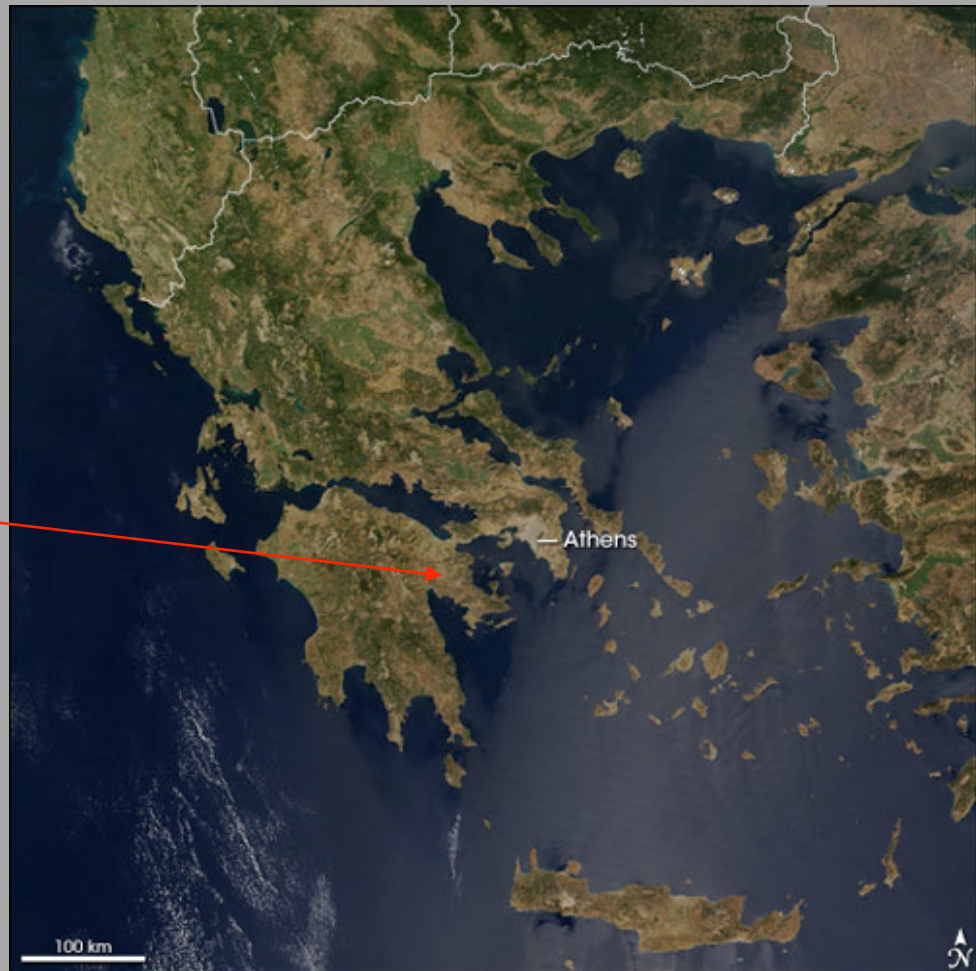


The Palace of Minos at Knossos on Crete

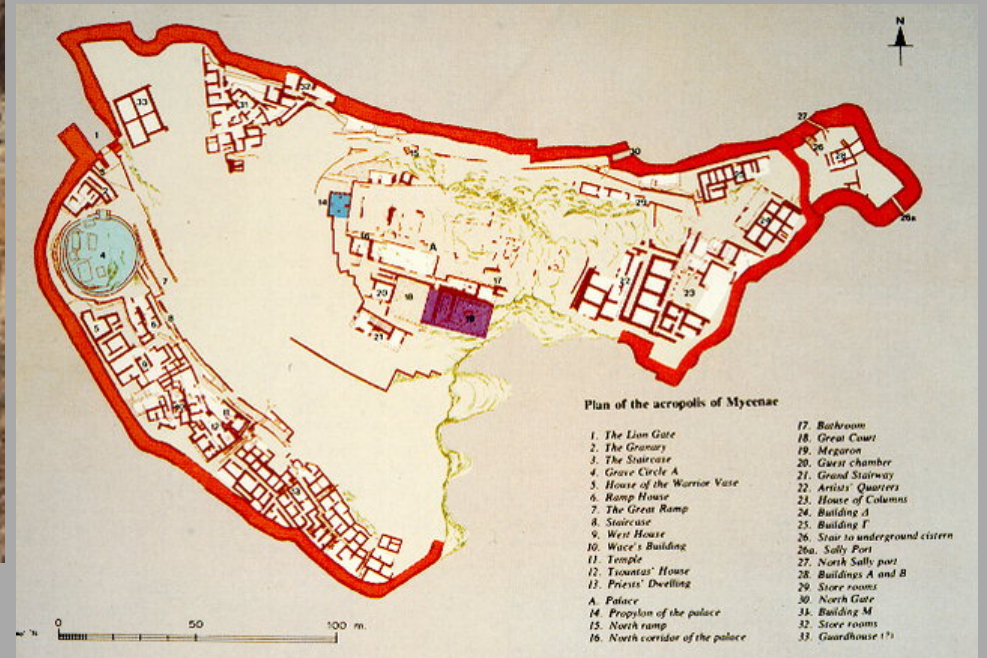


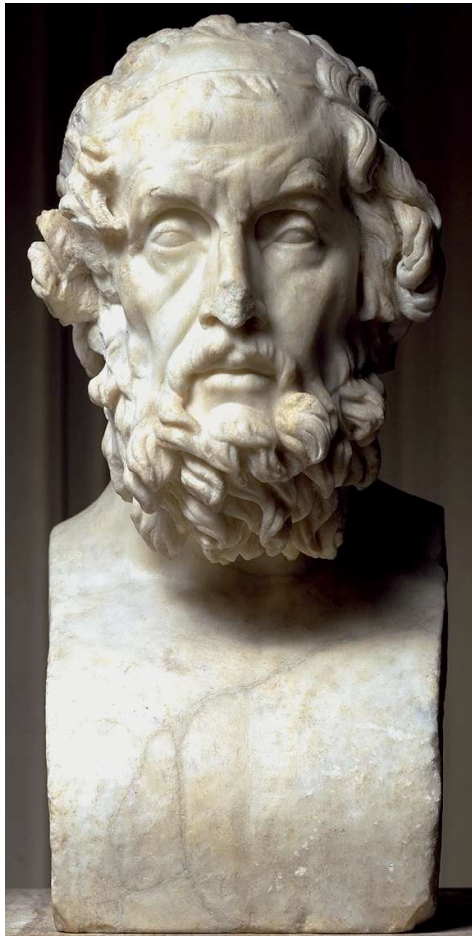
- Mycenaean Greece (ca. 1450-1100 BC)
- Mycenae

Mycenae



The site of Mycenae





- Homer (probably late 8th c. BC)
- *Iliad, Odyssey*
- **READ ARETE PASSAGES 1 & 2 BY WEDNESDAY**

Herakles
Pelops

“Boxer” rhyton from Agia Triada



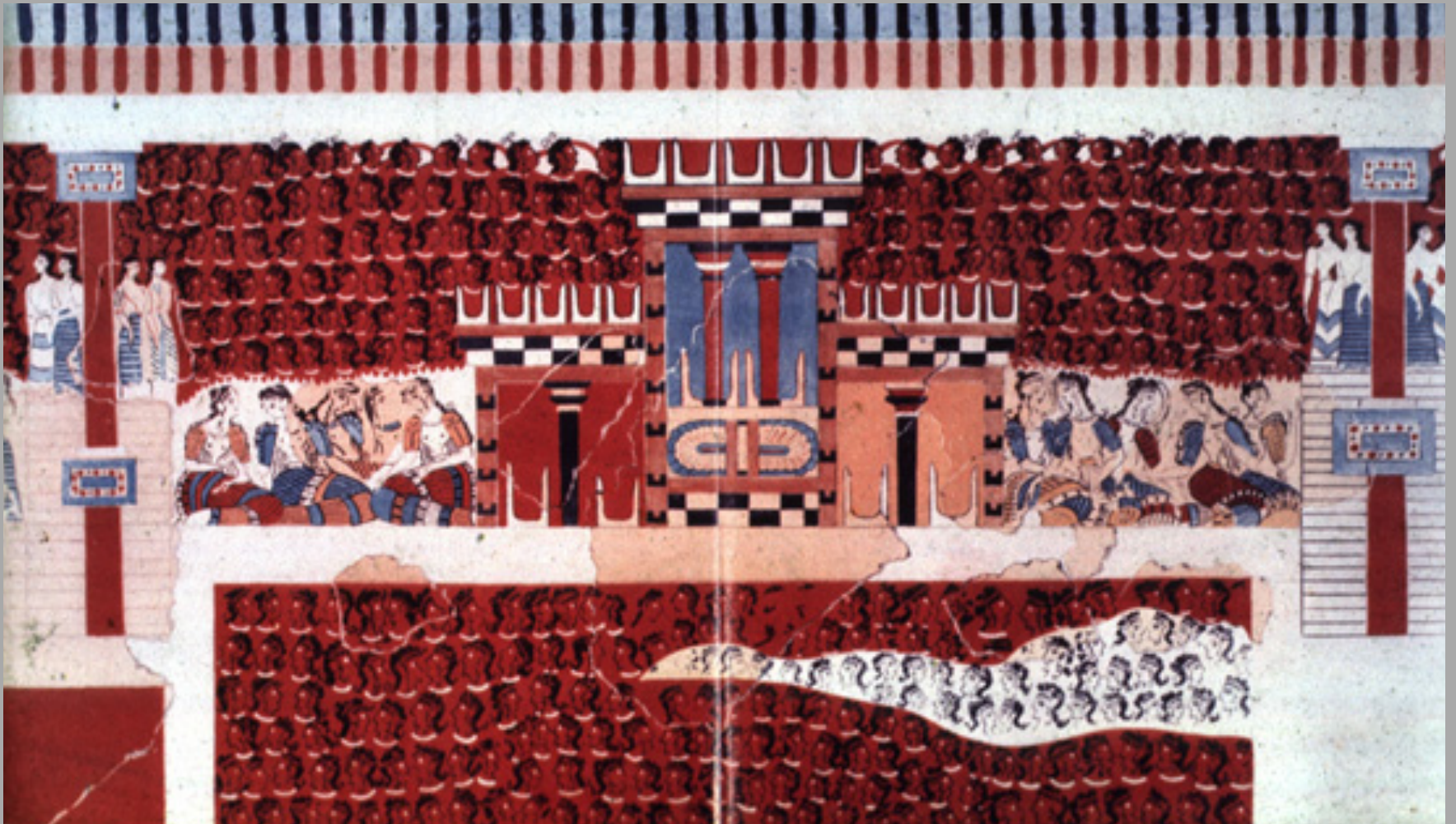
Details from boxer rhyton



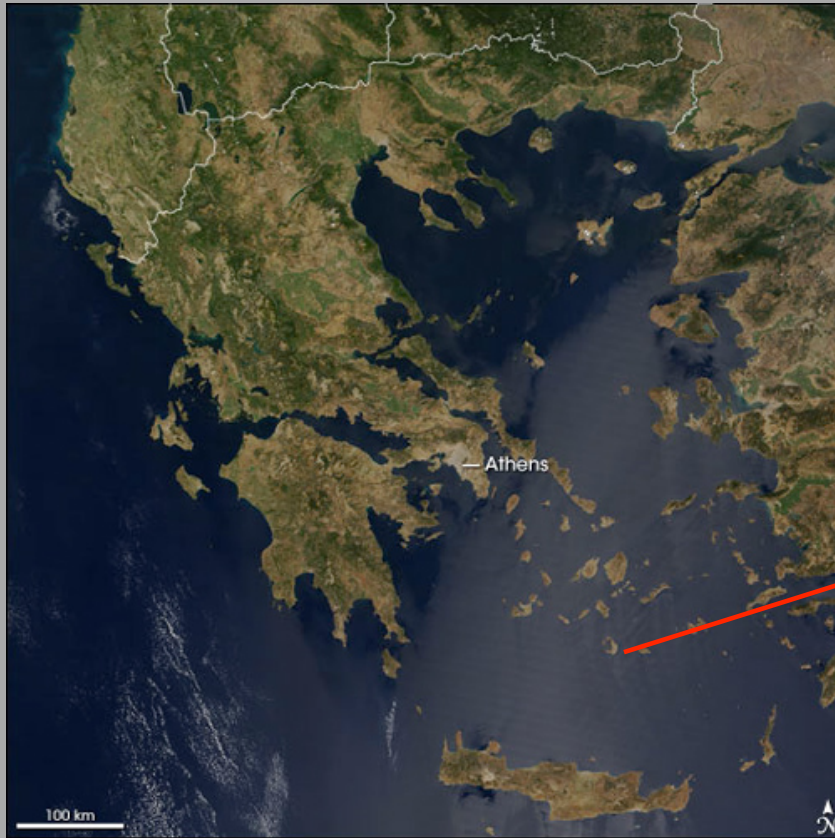


Opened-up view of
Agia Triada boxer
rhyton

“Grandstand” fresco from Knossos



Akrotiri on Thera (Santorini)



Site of Akrotiri

The town of Akrotiri



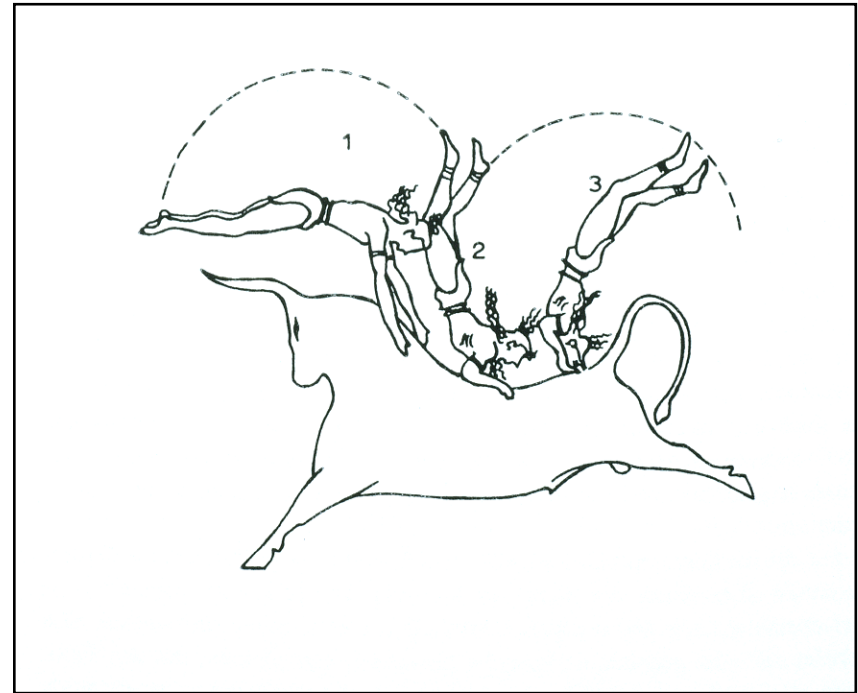
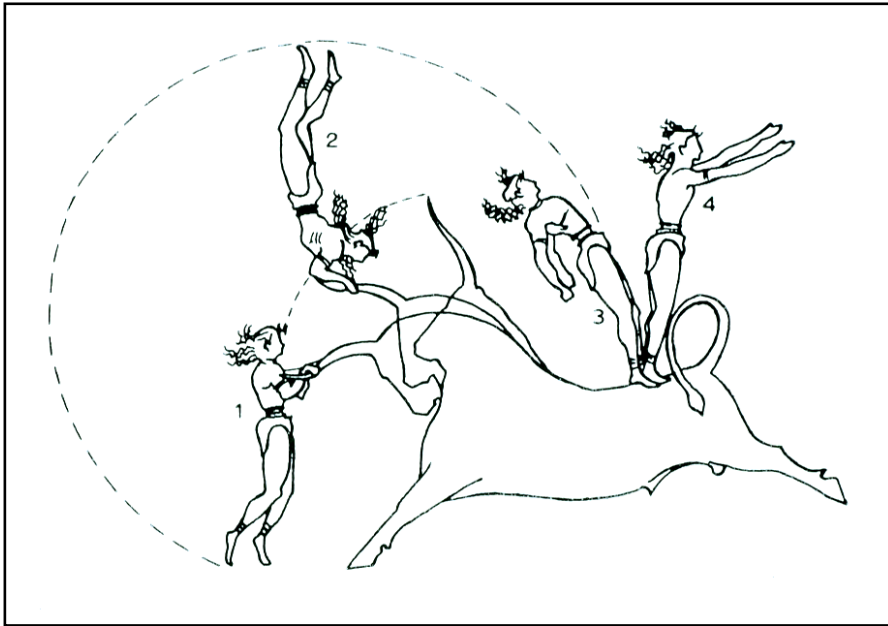
The boxing boys from Santorini



Toreador fresco, Knossos



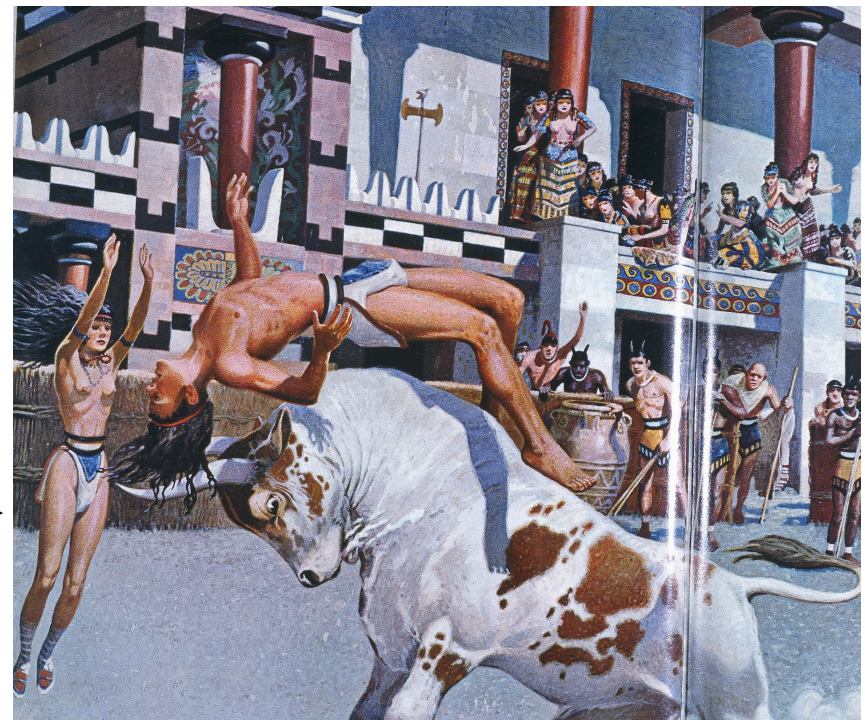
Possible bull-leaping methods



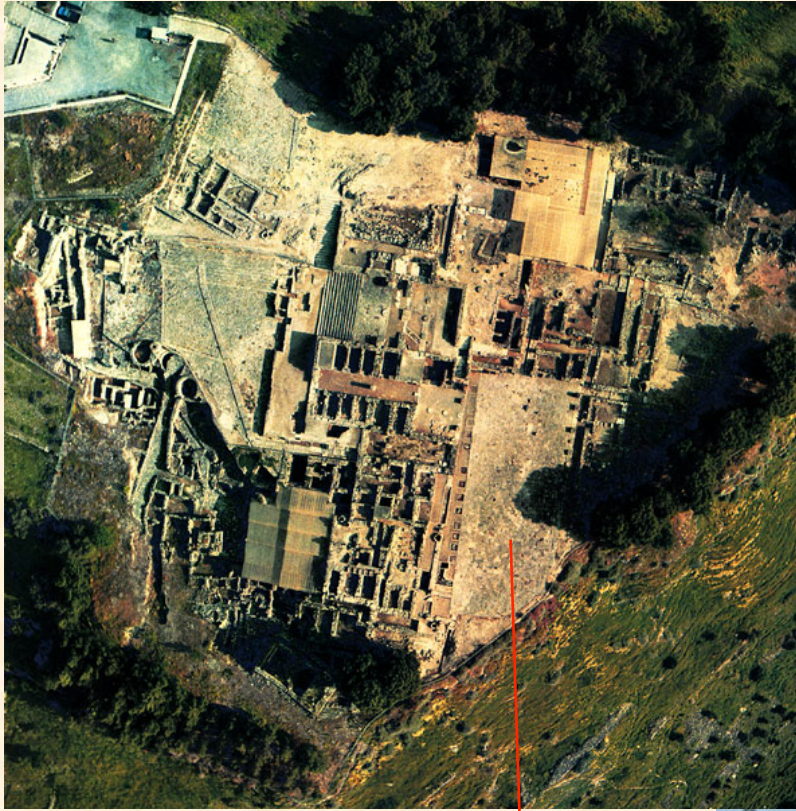


← Minoan ivory figurine of a bull-leaper

National Geographic - style reconstruction of bull-jumping

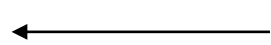


Palace of Phaistos



Central court





Minoan bull's-head rhyton

Minoan gold signet-ring





The Mycenaean world



Mycenaean chariots



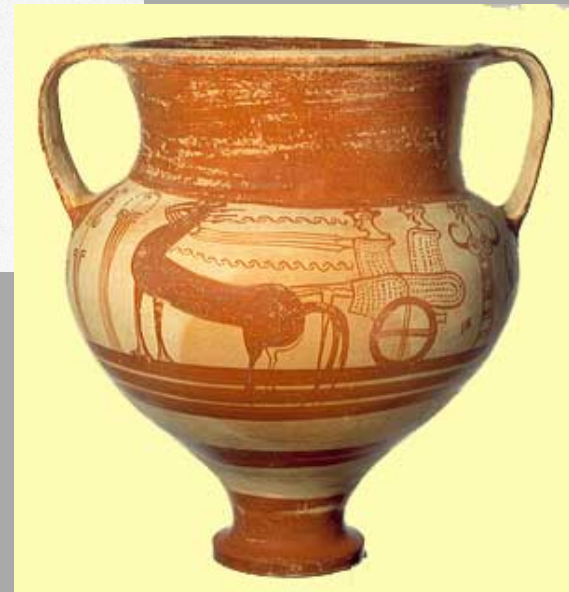
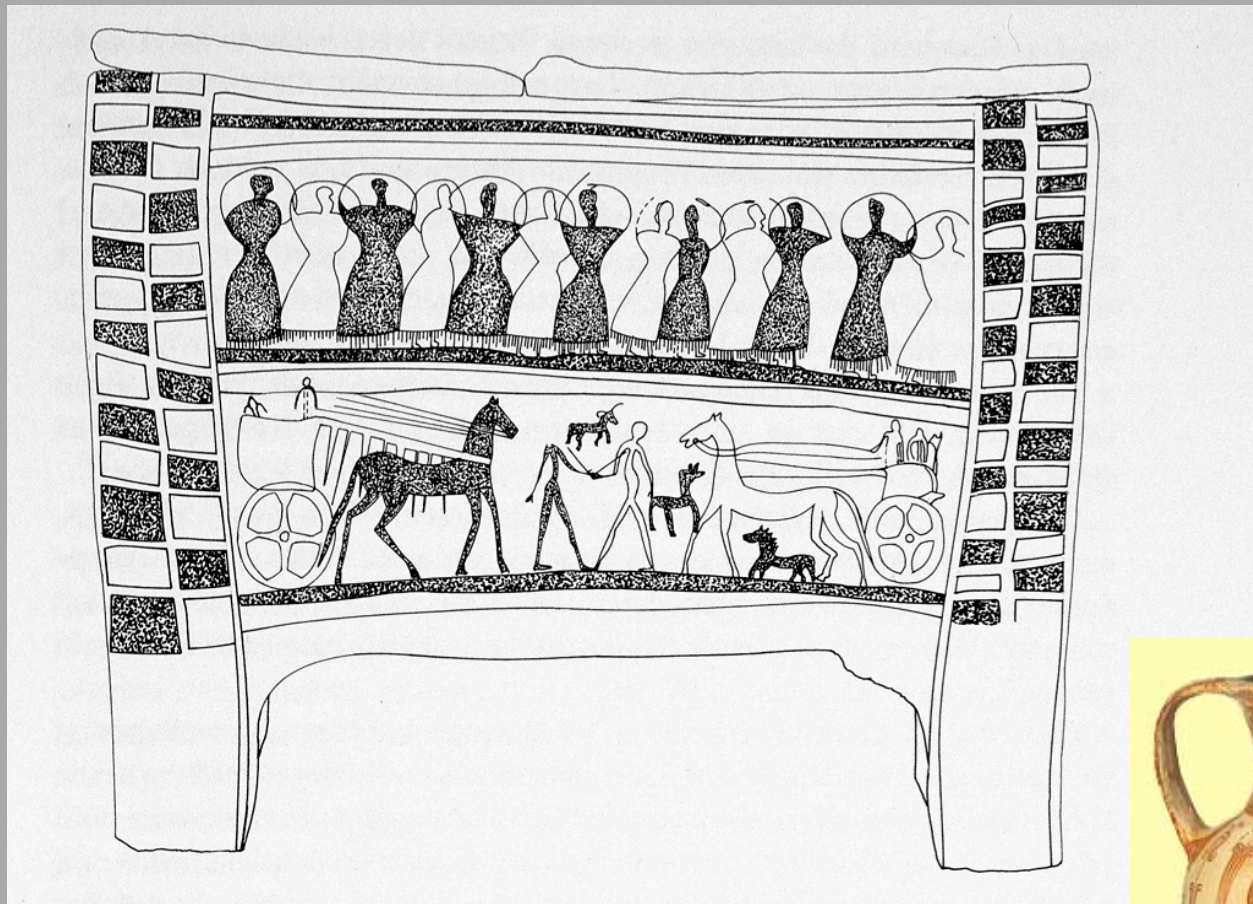
THE AIDONIA TREASURE



13th-century BC
Mycenaean gold
sealing ring

5th-century BC
vase, with Olympic
charioteer





Bronze Age writing



Linear A writing
(not Greek)

Linear B tablet
(in Greek)